

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS FOR SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 5th January 1963.

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	969	18	448	793	34
1962	1,026	30	449	908	25
1961	1,011	15	444	795	37

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 5th January 1963, the births of 969 living children, and of 18 stillborn children, 448 marriages and 793 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 19.5 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 9.0 and the death-rate 15.9. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 18 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1.5 more than in the previous week, but 1.3 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0.6 less than in the previous week, and 1.9 below the average. The death-rate is 2.8 more than in the previous week, and 0.4 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 24.5 in Ayr to 9.3 in Clydebank. In Glasgow the rate was 15.4 and in Edinburgh 17.3.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 142 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 132 to malignant neoplasms, 46 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 109, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 2.2 per thousand. This death-rate is 0.7 more than in the previous week, and 0.4 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 34, being 6 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 13 were aged 0-6 days and 5 were aged 7-27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 518, and are 106 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 36, and are 9 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the period ended 1st January 1963, was 32,021. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 33.0° being 0.7° above that for the previous week, but 6.2° below the average for the corresponding week in the period of 1901-1930.

The mean rainfall was 0.73 inch, and the mean sunshine 1.5 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department.

No. 1

Week ended Saturday, 5th January 1963.

COUNTIES AND LARGE BURGHS	Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	Chickenpox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leprosy	Malaria	Measles	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Plague	Pneumonia, Acute Influenzal	Pneumonia, Acute Primary	Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable	* Polio- myelitis Acute		Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Tuberculosis— Respiratory	Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	Typhoid Fever	Typhoid A	Typhoid B	Typhus Fever	Whooping Cough	
																				Paralytic	Non-Paralytic												
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	
NORTHERN REGION—																																	
Caithness C.	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Inverness C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Inverness B.
Nairn C.
Ross and Cromarty C.
Sutherland C.
TOTAL	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																	
Aberdeen C.	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aberdeen B.
Banff C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kinncardine C.
Moray C.
Orkney C.
Zetland C.
TOTAL	17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	4
EASTERN REGION—																																	
Angus C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arbroath B.	10	..	..	..	21	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dundee B.	17	..	..	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Perth and Kinross C.
Perth B.
TOTAL	17	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	22	1	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2

[illegible]

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDED 5th JANUARY 1963.

RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR PERIOD ENDED 1st JANUARY 1963.

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1961	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from												Temperature Fahr.				Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in period ended 1st January 1963	
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (601-619)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (av- erage of all observations)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,053,100	409	198	335	41	17	311	15.4	7	5	1	13	..	1	1	3	..	55	26	53	21	33	15	186	38	24	32.0	0.56	1.6	8286	
2. Edinburgh	475,300	151	78	167	15	6	158	17.3	2	5	1	7	4	2	..	..	..	23	7	16	7	12	6	116	36	27	32.6	0.78	3.5	2470	
3. Aberdeen	185,600	73	28	59	14	1	46	12.9	1	1	2	3	..	1	..	..	..	8	2	10	..	..	1	36	37	21	32.6	0.99	1.5	1111	
4. Dundee	183,300	65	36	62	6	5	61	17.3	1	..	1	3	..	..	1	..	..	10	3	3	2	..	7	45	28	34.1	1.67	1.2	1079		
5. Paisley	96,600	34	7	39	10	6	35	18.9	3	2	..	3	..	..	..	1	..	6	2	4	1	2	2	24	37	24	33.6	0.38	0.9	912	
6. Greenock	75,000	26	8	28	4	..	24	16.7	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	8	1	3	1	13	37	28	33.6	0.17	0.3	1009	
7. Motherwell	} 73,400	26	11	19	7	9	21	14.9	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	5	2	2	1	7	..	..	..	..	..	1275	
8. Kirkcaldy		20	8	16	3	1	14	13.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	1	..	1	11	..	..	..	..	..	471	
9. Coatbridge		29	11	17	6	4	15	14.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	3	2	..	2	8	..	..	..	..	..	693	
10. Dunfermline		20	8	14	2	3	15	16.2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	2	2	2	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	549
11. Clydebank		16	8	7	3	5	9	9.3	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	2	2	1	..	2	13	..	..	..	..	..	753
12. Ayr		13	9	22	5	4	21	24.5	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	6	2	3	..	2	..	7	37	26	33.0	0.05	3.0	509
13. Kilmarnock		17	4	14	4	3	13	14.2	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	4	1	2	1	1	..	11	36	17	32.6	1.21	0.3	246
14. Perth		18	8	12	4	4	12	15.3	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	1	2	1	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	1175
15. Hamilton		22	14	6	..	6	12	14.8	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	5	1	1	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	566
16. Falkirk		37,900	13	8	19	8	4	15	20.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	5	1	1	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	398
17. Airdrie		34,000	17	4	6	3	8	11	16.9	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	2	2	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 5th Jan. 1963		2,596,400	969	448	842	135	86	793	15.9	18	13	5	34	4	7	2	5	..	132	46	142	42	67	36	518	38†	17†	33.0†	0.73†	1.5†	..
29th Dec. 1962		2,596,400	897	477	716	132	68	652	13.1	17	29	4	40	5	6	1	2	1	109	24	131	35	42	27	412	41†	19†	32.3†	0.76†	6.4†	..
6th Jan. 1962		2,611,300||	1026	449	949	134	93	908	18.1	30	12	2	25	3	4	2	17	..	122	26	175	45	88	50	565	49†	7†	32.3†	0.84†	10.5†	..

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

|| Estimated population at 31st December 1960.

§ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050.051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS FOR SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 12th January 1963.

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	2,079	40	619	1,535	67
1962	2,173	50	620	1,756	64
1961	2,105	38	664	1,555	86

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 12th January 1963, the births of 1,110 living children, and of 22 stillborn children, 171 marriages and 742 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 22.3 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 3.4 and the death-rate 14.9. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 19 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 2.8 more than in the previous week, but 0.3 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 5.6 less than in the previous week, and 1.6 below the average. The death-rate is 1.0 less than in the previous week, and 0.8 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 19.2 in Falkirk to 7.6 in Perth. In Glasgow the rate was 15.4 and in Edinburgh 16.9.

There were 2 deaths from the principal epidemic diseases—1 was due to measles, and 1 to influenza.

There were 115 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 113 to malignant neoplasms, 33 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 101, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 2.0 per thousand. This death-rate is 0.2 less than in the previous week, and 0.2 below the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 33, being 1 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 13 were aged 0-6 days and 5 were aged 7-27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 490, and are 28 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 33, and are 3 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 8th January 1963, was 25,409. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 29.1° being 3.9° below that for the previous week, and 9.9° below the average for the corresponding week in the period of 1901-1930.

The mean rainfall was 0.22 inch, and the mean sunshine 11.6 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department.

Week ended Saturday, 12th January 1963.

No. 2

COUNTIES AND LARGE BURGHES	Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	Chickenspox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leprosy	Malaria	Measles	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Plague	Pneumonia, Acute Influenzal	Pneumonia, Acute Primary	* Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable	Polio- myelitis Acute		Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Tuberculosis— Respiratory	Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	Typhoid Fever	Para-typhoid A	Para-typhoid B	Typhus Fever	Whooping Cough
																				Paralytic	Non-Paralytic											
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
NORTHERN REGION—																																
Caithness C.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Inverness C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Inverness B.	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nairn C.
Ross and Cromarty C.
Sutherland C.
TOTAL	4	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																
Aberdeen C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..
Aberdeen B.	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Banff C.
Kincairdine C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Moray C.
Orkney C.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Zetland C.	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	8	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	3	1	1	..	..	..	1
EASTERN REGION—																																
Angus C.	1	3	20	1	..	3	1
Arbroath B.	1	4	..	1
Dundee B.
Perth and Kinross C.
Perth B.
TOTAL	..	1	1	..	1	..	4	..	1	3	20	1	..	3	1

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RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDED 12th JANUARY 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 8th JANUARY 1963.

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1961	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 8th January 1963			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculous (601-619)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (100-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over				Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,053,100	504	68	315	33	29	311	15.4	12	5	3	17	1	4	3	3	2	52	17	52	6	25	15	177	34	14	27.5	0.01	9.5	6972
2. Edinburgh	475,300	158	29	160	16	11	154	16.9	..	4	..	5	1	..	..	..	..	29	8	18	6	10	7	113	36	23	30.6	0.56	11.6	1978
3. Aberdeen	185,600	67	15	53	11	4	46	12.9	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	9	2	2	1	33	38	20	28.6	1.0	18.7	1073
4. Dundee	183,300	92	11	58	9	4	53	15.1	3	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	6	1	3	41	38	19	31.0	0.14	n.a.	1039	
5. Paisley	96,600	51	9	31	7	2	26	14.0	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	2	1	18	36	15	28.9	0.00	8.0	735	
6. Greenock	75,000	34	3	26	8	..	18	12.5	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	1	15	36	22	30.3	0.00	6.2	905	
7. Motherwell	}	20	10	12	3	14	23	16.3	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	2	3	3	16	..	..	..	..	..	1018	
8. Wishaw		12	4	25	8	1	18	17.8	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	5	1	2	13	..	..	..	..	..	357	
9. Kirkcaldy		20	4	25	8	3	12	11.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	9	..	..	..	..	..	502	
10. Coatbridge		37	2	17	8	3	12	11.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	7	..	..	..	..	..	359
11. Dunfermline		13	2	13	6	1	8	8.6	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	1	1	1	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	481
12. Clydebank		18	3	4	1	6	9	9.3	..	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	1	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	435
13. Avon		44,800	15	2	14	4	6	16	18.6	..	2	..	2	1	1	..	..	..	1	1	2	1	1	10	..	..	..	..	..	375
14. Kilmarnock		47,900	23	2	11	2	2	11	12.0	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	1	1	6	..	37	18	30.5	21.2	224
15. Perth		40,900	16	2	8	6	4	6	7.6	1	1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	3	2	1	8	..	36	8	25.4	6.1	877
16. Hamilton		42,400	17	5	5	1	7	11	13.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	380
17. Falkirk	37,900	13	..	19	7	2	14	19.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	2	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	316	
17. Airdrie	34,000	12	2	1	..	5	6	9.2	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	3	1	..	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	316
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 12th Jan 1963	2,596,400	1110	171	772	130	100	742	14.9	22	13	5	33	3	7	3	4	2	113	33	115	49	52	33	490	38†	8†	29.1†	0.22†	11.6†	
5th Jan. 1963	2,596,400	969	448	842	135	86	793	15.9	18	13	5	34	4	7	2	5	..	132	46	142	42	67	36	518	38†	17†	33.0†	0.73†	1.5†	
13th Jan. 1962	2,611,300||	1147	171	931	158	75	848	16.9	20	20	5	39	7	12	..	9	5	106	31	155	48	72	37	550	49†	31†	39.4†	1.89†	9.0†	

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

|| Estimated population at 31st December 1960.

§ Typhoid Fever (104), Scarlet Fever (050-051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (466-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL
SCOTLANDBIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS FOR SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 19th January 1963.

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	3,120	60	794	2,447	99
1962	3,261	70	773	2,541	99
1961	3,189	58	827	2,285	122

IN the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 19th January 1963, the births of 1,041 living children, and of 20 stillborn children, 175 marriages and 912 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 20.9 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 3.5 and the death-rate 18.3. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 19 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1.4 less than in the previous week, and 0.1 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0.1 more than in the previous week, but 0.3 below the average. The death-rate is 3.4 more than in the previous week, and 2.8 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 31.6 in Falkirk to 13.8 in Airdrie. In Glasgow the rate was 18.9 and in Edinburgh 16.9.

There were 2 deaths from the principal epidemic diseases—due to influenza.

There were 175 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 147 to malignant neoplasms, 47 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 127, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 2.6 per thousand. This death-rate is 0.6 more than in the previous week, and 0.6 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 32, being one fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 15 were aged 0–6 days and 6 were aged 7–27 days.

Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 572, and are 82 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 35, and are 2 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 15th January 1963, was 28,297. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 29.5° being 0.4° above that for the previous week, but 8.3° below the average for the corresponding week in the period of 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0.24 inch, and the mean sunshine 10.9 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

[illegible]

* Diseases so marked are not generally notifiable in Scotland.

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDED 19th JANUARY 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 15th JANUARY 1963.

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1961	Live Births*	Deaths				Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 15th January 1963*						
			Marriages	Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	Malignant Neoplasms			Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)				Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)	
																		All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-195)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)											
(1) Glasgow	(2) 1,053,100	(3) 446	(4) 76	(5) 384	(6) 33	(7) 30	(8) 381	(9) 18.9	(10) 11	(11) 7	(12) 4	(13) 15	(14) 1	(15) 4	(16) ..	(17) 4	(18) 1	(19) 67	(20) 26	(21) 77	(22) 17	(23) 40	(24) 16	(25) 222	(26) 39	(27) 11	(28) 28.3	(29) 0.08	(30) 13.1	(31) 7830	
2. Edinburgh	475,300	169	32	172	28	10	154	16.9	4	4	..	5	2	..	..	..	..	26	8	29	13	6	4	104	37	20	30.2	0.87	10.8	2409	
3. Aberdeen	185,600	69	13	68	16	6	58	16.3	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	9	1	17	5	1	4	39	39	17	30.4	0.42	11.3	1079	
4. Dundee	183,300	78	12	64	8	3	59	16.8	2	1	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	14	4	11	4	3	1	46	39	18	30.6	0.22	n.a.	1071	
5. Paisley	96,600	33	4	39	13	2	28	15.1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	5	2	7	1	2	2	18	41	12	28.9	0.07	8.0	790	
6. Greenock	75,000	29	5	41	4	3	40	27.8	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	4	3	5	2	30	41	20	31.1	0.05	7.3	1044	
7. Motherwell	} 73,400	27	6	18	10	13	21	14.9	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	5	..	1	2	2	11	..	..	..	..	..	948
8. Kirkcaldy		16	3	21	5	1	17	16.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	2	1	13	..	..	..	..	..	341	
9. Coatbridge		27	1	12	3	7	16	15.3	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	3	2	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	525
10. Dunfermline		48,300	10	3	16	3	4	17	18.3	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	3	3	1	1	12	..	..	..	..	..	421
11. Clydebank	50,400	28	1	14	5	9	18	18.6	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	2	3	1	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	570
12. Ayr	44,800	17	..	19	5	5	19	22.1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	5	1	3	1	1	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	542
13. Kilmarnock	47,900	24	8	16	4	8	20	21.8	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	2	1	..	1	1	11	39	16	28.6	0.12	21.6	437	
14. Perth	40,900	13	1	13	4	7	16	20.4	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	4	1	1	..	12	40	6	27.7	0.11	3.4	309	
15. Hamilton	42,400	27	3	10	..	6	16	19.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	1	3	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	880
16. Falkirk	37,900	10	4	23	4	4	23	31.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	8	..	3	..	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	434
17. Airdrie	34,000	18	3	4	..	5	9	13.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	1	1	3	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	340
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 19th Jan. 1963	2,596,400	1041	175	934	145	123	912	18.3	20	15	6	32	4	7	..	6	2	147	47	175	55	72	35	572	41†	6†	29.5†	0.24†	10.9†	10.9†	10.9†
12th Jan. 1963	2,596,400	1110	171	772	130	100	742	14.9	22	13	5	33	3	7	3	4	2	113	33	115	49	52	33	490	38†	8†	29.1†	0.12†	11.6†	11.6†	11.6†
20th Jan. 1962	2,611,300	1088	153	802	114	97	785	15.7	20	26	1	35	4	8	..	8	2	143	42	141	31	69	38	497	50†	31†	39.6†	1.93†	9.0†	9.0†	9.0†

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

† Estimated population at 31st December 1960.

‡ Typhoid Fever (049), Scarlet Fever (050.051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (063) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS FOR SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 26th January 1963.

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	4,241	87	1,010	3,265	137
1962	4,282	84	1,002	3,248	118
1961	4,149	75	1,085	3,044	151

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 26th January 1963, the births of 1,121 living children, and of 27 stillborn children, 216 marriages and 818 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the number are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 22.5 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 4.3 and the death-rate 16.4. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 24 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1.6 more than in the previous week, and 1.8 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0.8 more than in the previous week, but 0.3 below the average. The death-rate is 1.9 less than in the previous week, but 1.2 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 29.2 in Greenock to 5.9 in Kirkcaldy. In Glasgow the rate was 17.0 and in Edinburgh 17.3.

There were 4 deaths from the principal epidemic diseases—1 was due to measles, 1 to whooping cough and 2 to influenza.

There were 153 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 104 to malignant neoplasms, 34 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 107, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 2.1 per thousand. This death-rate is 0.5 less than in the previous week, but the same as the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 38, being 6 more than in the previous week. Of these, 10 were aged 0–6 days and 4 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 531, and are 41 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 38, and are 3 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 22nd January 1963, was 26,220. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 32.3° being 2.8° above that for the previous week, but 7.0° below the average for the corresponding week in the period of 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0.01 inch, and the mean sunshine 17.7 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department.

No. 4

Week ended Saturday, 26th January 1963.

COUNTIES AND LARGE BURGHES	Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	Chickenpox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leprosy	Malaria	Measles	* Ophthalmia Neonatorum	(17) Plague	Pneumonia, Acute Influenzal	Pneumonia, Acute Primary	* Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable	Polio- myelitis Acute		Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Tuberculosis— Respiratory	Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	Typhoid Fever	Para-typhoid A	Para-typhoid B	Typhus Fever	Whooping Cough		
																				Paralytic	Non-Paralytic													
(1)																																		
NORTHERN REGION—																																		
Caithness C.							13																											
Inverness C.																																		
Inverness B.																																		
Nairn C.																																		
Ross and Cromarty C.																																		
Sutherland C.																																		
TOTAL							13																											
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																		
Aberdeen C.							4				2							1	1								1	2		1				
Aberdeen B.							20																											
Banff C.																																		
Kincardine C.																			1							1								
Moray C.																				1														
Orkney C.																																		
Zetland C.																																		
TOTAL							24				2						1	3	1							1	3			1				
EASTERN REGION—																																		
Angus C.																																		
Arbroath B.																																		
Dundee B.			2				10		2	1								20										2						
Perth and Kinross C.																																		
Perth B.																																		
TOTAL			2				10		2	1								20								1	3	2						

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDED 26th JANUARY 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 22nd JANUARY 1963.

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1961	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.				Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 22nd January 1963					
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred In	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (601-619)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (100-165)	Malignant Neoplasms (420)	Coronary Thrombosis (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest				Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)			
(1) Glasgow	1,053,100	486	95	372	55	27	344	17.0	15	4	3	22	..	3	..	7	3	42	16	60	26	32	18	218	46	17	30.7	0.01	16.4	7738	(31)		
2. Edinburgh	475,300	160	41	175	22	5	198	17.3	2	2	1	5	2	1	..	..	..	27	11	25	7	9	9	104	43	20	31.9	0.00	21.2	2120	(30)	
3. Aberdeen	185,600	68	11	63	16	2	49	13.8	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	6	15	15	2	3	3	38	41	15	32.1	0.04	15.2	963	n.a.	
4. Dundee	183,300	83	15	51	5	2	48	13.7	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	13	13	..	2	2	35	44	23	32.5	n.a.	15.0	769	150.3	
5. Paisley	96,600	67	7	40	9	4	35	18.9	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	4	2	7	1	21	49	17	32.4	..	15.0	1109	150.3	
6. Greenock	75,000	42	7	48	8	2	42	29.2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	..	3	1	9	4	9	2	27	46	22	33.9	0.00	20.3	892	20.3	
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,400	33	7	10	6	11	15	10.7	..	1	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	4	1	1	..	1	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	311	..
8. Kirkcaldy	52,800	27	6	11	5	..	6	5.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	511	..
9. Coatbridge	54,700	25	1	12	3	3	12	11.5	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	5	..	..	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	344	..
10. Dunfermline	48,300	15	5	21	5	1	17	18.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	2	1	1	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	549	..
11. Clydebank	50,400	20	4	10	2	6	14	14.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	1	1	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	520	..
12. Ayr	44,800	6	2	12	3	2	11	12.8	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	6	..	..	..	14	46	21	32.9	..	19.9	433	19.9	
13. Kilmarnock	47,900	19	6	16	2	4	18	19.6	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	1	11	45	13	31.9	..	16.1	257	16.1	
14. Perth	40,900	16	2	17	5	4	16	20.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	1	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	759	..
15. Hamilton	42,400	23	4	7	1	6	12	14.8	1	1	..	3	1	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	1	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	395	..
16. Falkirk	37,900	17	2	22	12	..	10	13.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	1	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	314	..
17. Airdrie	34,000	14	1	5	..	6	11	16.9	3	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 26th Jan. '1963	2,596,400	1121	216	892	159	85	818	16.4	27	10	4	38	3	7	..	14	4	104	84	153	43	64	38	531	49†	13†	32.3†	0.01†	17.7†
19th Jan. 1963	2,596,400	1041	175	934	145	123	912	18.3	20	15	6	32	4	7	..	6	2	147	47	175	55	72	35	572	41†	6†	29.5†	0.24†	10.9†
27th Jan. 1962	2,611,300||	1021	229	775	150	82	707	14.1	14	8	2	19	4	4	..	9	3	121	27	112	34	63	33	445	50†	32†	40.6†	1.06†	15.9†

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

† Estimated population at 31st December 1960.
‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS FOR SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 2nd February 1963.

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	5,227	103	1,261	4,065	165
1962	5,316	102	1,284	3,927	160
1961	5,182	96	1,390	3,850	180

IN the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 2nd February 1963, the births of 986 living children, and of 16 stillborn children, 251 marriages and 800 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 19.8 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 5.0 and the death-rate 16.1. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 16 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 2.7 less than in the previous week, and 1.3 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0.7 more than in the previous week, but 0.6 below the average. The death-rate is 0.3 less than in the previous week, but 0.7 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 20.5 in Paisley to 6.4 in Perth. In Glasgow the rate was 16.4 and in Edinburgh 15.2.

There were 2 deaths from the principal epidemic diseases—due to influenza.

There were 157 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 113 to malignant neoplasms, 31 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 110, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 2.2 per thousand. This death-rate is 0.1 more than in the previous week.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 28, being 10 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 16 were aged 0-6 days and 4 were aged 7-27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 519.

Deaths due to violence numbered 33, 5 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 29th January 1963, was 25,937. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 34.5° being 2.2° above that for the previous week, but 4.4° below the average for the corresponding week in the period of 1901-1930.

The mean rainfall was 0.36 inch, and the mean sunshine 12.7 hours.

Provisional figures for the year 1962 show that there were registered in Scotland 104,330 live births, 63,160 deaths and 40,245 marriages. The rates were 20.1, 12.2 and 7.7 respectively.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES
notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department.

No. 5

Week ended Saturday, 2nd February 1963.

COUNTIES AND LARGE BURGHS	Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	* Chickenpox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	* Infective Jaundice	Leprosy	Malaria	* Measles	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Plague	Pneumonia, Acute Influenzal	Pneumonia, Acute Primary	* Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable	Polio- myelitis Acute		Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Tuberculosis— Respiratory	Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	Typhoid Fever	Para-typhoid A	Para-typhoid B	Typhus Fever	Whooping Cough
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
(1)																																
NORTHERN REGION—																																
Caithness C.							6											1	1						1							
Inverness C.							1			1								1							1							
Inverness B.							4																									
Nairn C.																																
Ross and Cromarty C.																																
Sutherland C.																																
TOTAL							11			1							3	1							4							1
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																
Aberdeen C.							2																	2								
Aberdeen B.							17																									
Banff C.																																
Kincairdine C.																																
Moray C.																																
Orkney C.																																
Zetland C.																																
TOTAL							19							1					2				2	2			1					6
EASTERN REGION—																																
Angus C.																																
Arbroath B.																																
Dundee B.		2	22			1	10							4				15					1									2
Perth and Kinross C.																																
Perth B.																																
TOTAL		2	22			1	10							4				17					3			2						2

[illegible]

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDED 2nd FEBRUARY 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 29th JANUARY 1963.

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1961	Live Births*	Deaths				Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature Fahr.			Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 29th January 1963 **							
			Marriages	Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Deblity and Prematurity (773, 776)	Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (601-619)	Principal Epidemic Diseases †	All Forms (140-205)	Malignant Neoplasms (100-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)			Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (av- erage of all observations)	Rainfall in Inches	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,053,100	443	119	354	42	19	331	16.4	11	10	2	15	..	4	..	6	..	54	18	57	21	31	17	209	39	22	33.5	0.33	17.0	7426	
2. Edinburgh	475,300	157	37	154	22	7	139	15.2	3	2	..	3	1	1	..	..	..	18	6	33	11	7	3	94	41	24	34.3	0.82	2.0	1962
3. Aberdeen	185,600	61	16	63	19	7	51	14.3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	1	17	..	3	3	33	40	25	34.4	0.34	7.5	1045
4. Dundee	183,300	69	15	70	11	4	63	17.9	..	2	..	2	..	1	1	..	..	8	2	12	4	4	1	49	41	25	34.4	0.40	n.a.	973
5. Paisley	96,600	32	4	45	7	..	38	20.5	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	8	2	9	..	5	..	27	42	25	34.8	0.28	12.3	810
6. Greenock	75,000	28	7	29	4	4	29	20.2	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	1	3	1	3	2	3	..	22	41	26	35.9	0.11	15.4	1305
7. Motherwell	} 73,100 52,800 54,700 48,300 50,400 44,800 47,900 40,900 42,400 37,900 34,000	41	6	14	6	14	22	15.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	8	1	2	1	11	..	..	..	..	..	881
8. Kirkcaldy		21	3	15	3	3	15	14.8	1	3	..	3	1	4	2	1	6	326
9. Coatbridge		17	2	19	3	2	18	17.2	2	1	1	..	1	4	..	1	10	453
10. Dunfermline		24	5	14	4	5	15	16.2	1	..	1	1	2	..	2	..	1	2	8	328
11. Clydebank		15	8	4	..	4	8	8.3	1	1	3	1	8	538
12. Ayr		15	6	17	4	..	13	15.2	1	4	1	3	1	1	8	493
13. Kilmarnock		16	2	18	4	4	18	19.6	1	2	3	1	2	1	..	2	2	3	12	44	25	34.6	0.28	18.2	368
14. Perth		7	6	2	1	5	6.4	1	1	2	8	232
15. Hamilton		14	8	7	1	9	15	18.5	1	..	1	1	..	1	2	8	713
16. Falkirk		16	1	13	5	..	8	11.0	1	1	..	6	420
17. Airdrie	10	5	3	..	9	12	18.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	2	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	303
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 2nd Feb. 1963	2,596,400	986	251	845	137	92	800	16.1	16	16	4	28	3	9	2	9	2	113	31	157	45	65	33	519	44†	22†	34.5†	0.36†	12.7†	..	
26th Jan. 1963	2,596,400	1121	216	892	159	85	818	16.4	27	10	4	38	3	7	..	14	4	104	34	153	43	64	38	531	49†	13†	32.3†	0.01†	17.7†	..	
3rd Feb. 1962	2,611,300†	1034	282	731	143	91	679	13.6	18	16	6	42	4	12	2	9	4	103	28	122	25	46	32	410	54†	24†	40.4†	0.95†	12.0†	..	

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

† Estimated population at 31st December 1960.

‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050-051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly extremes.

‡ Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS FOR SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 9th February 1963.

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	6,203	134	1,554	4,919	207
1962	6,359	125	1,561	4,567	189
1961	6,216	116	1,708	4,728	216

IN the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 9th February 1963, the births of 976 living children, and of 31 stillborn children, 293 marriages and 854 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 19.6 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 5.9 and the death-rate 17.2. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 31 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0.2 less than in the previous week, and 0.3 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0.9 more than in the previous week, but 0.4 below the average. The death-rate is 1.1 more than in the previous week, and 1.7 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 19.2 in Motherwell & Wishaw to 3.1 in Airdrie. In Glasgow the rate was 18.8 and in Edinburgh 15.8.

There were 4 deaths from the principal epidemic diseases—3 were due to influenza and 1 to meningococcal septicaemia.

There were 150 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 128 to malignant neoplasms, 32 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 137, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 2.8 per thousand. This death-rate is 0.6 more than in the previous week, and 0.2 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 42, being 14 more than in the previous week. Of these, 14 were aged 0-6 days and 6 were aged 7-27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 546, and are 27 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 40, and are 7 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 5th February 1963, was 25,890. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 31.2° being 3.3° below that for the previous week, and 7.5° below the average for the corresponding week in the period of 1901-1930.

The mean rainfall was 0.59 inch, and the mean sunshine 7.4 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES
notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department.

No. 6

Week ended Saturday, 9th February 1963.

COUNTIES AND LARGE BURGHS	Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	* Chickenpox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leprosy	Malaria	* Measles	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Plague	Pneumonia, Acute Influenzal	Pneumonia, Acute Primary	* Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable	Polio- myelitis Acute		Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Tuberculosis— Respiratory	Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	Typhoid Fever	Para-typhoid A	Para-typhoid B	Typhus Fever	Whooping Cough
																				Paralytic	Non-Paralytic											
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
NORTHERN REGION—																																
Caithness C.	8	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Inverness C.	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Inverness B.	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nairn C.
Ross and Cromarty C.
Sutherland C.
TOTAL	21	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	3
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																
Aberdeen C.	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aberdeen B.	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Banff C.
Kincairdine C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Moray C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Orkney C.	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Zetland C.
TOTAL	15	..	..	..	23	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	2
EASTERN REGION—																																
Angus C.	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arbroath B.	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dundee B.	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Perth and Kinross C.	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Perth B.	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	21	..	..	..	2	4	..	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..

[illegible]

* Diseases so marked are not generally notifiable in Scotland.

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDED 9th FEBRUARY 1963.

RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 5th FEBRUARY 1963.

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1961	Live Births*	Deaths				Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 5th February 1963						
			Marrriages	Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (601-619)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)			Violence (E800-B999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)	Rainfall in Inches
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,053,100	412	130	388	36	28	380	18.8	12	7	3	23	2	5	1	4	3	61	18	65	37	47	16	228	37	16	29.4	0.36	9.1	7583
2. Edinburgh	475,300	148	55	148	11	7	144	15.8	9	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	26	4	27	8	8	96	39	20	30.2	0.23	7.7	1987	
3. Aberdeen	185,600	67	21	70	9	5	66	18.5	2	2	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	11	5	11	3	4	43	37	23	31.6	0.95	3.7	948	
4. Dundee	183,300	79	19	58	8	2	52	14.8	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	7	1	12	2	3	40	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	892	
5. Paisley	96,600	55	13	43	20	3	26	14.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	4	2	1	18	42	19	31.4	0.34	4.3	781	
6. Greenock	75,000	22	6	28	3	2	27	18.8	..	1	..	1	..	2	..	1	1	5	..	1	3	..	1	17	40	22	31.8	1.18	7.5	1106
7. Motherwell	} 73,400	22	4	16	2	13	27	19.2	..	..	1	3	..	2	..	..	..	4	..	2	2	4	..	17	..	..	..	..	..	854
& Wishaw		18	5	16	3	4	17	16.8	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	3	1	1	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	335
8. Kirkcaldy		52,800	17	2	14	2	3	15	14.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	6	1	1	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	598
9. Coatbridge		54,700	21	5	12	2	3	13	14.0	2	..	1	3	6	1	..	1	6
10. Dunfermline	48,300	23	7	10	1	7	16	16.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	5	1	1	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	522
11. Clydebank	50,400	14	3	12	3	3	12	14.0	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	8	16	42	20	31.9	0.04	15.5	430
12. Ayr	44,800	23	8	15	4	5	16	17.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	3	..	..	9	37	17	32.1	1.04	3.8	340	
13. Kilmarnock	47,900	14	1	17	7	3	13	16.6	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	2	1	..	8	9	37	32.1	..	..	..	224
14. Perth	40,900	16	3	13	1	3	15	18.5	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	2	4	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	774
15. Hamilton	42,400	14	5	21	9	1	13	17.9	3	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	3	..	7	7	..	..	..	..	..	442
16. Falkirk	37,900	11	6	..	..	2	2	3.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	273
17. Airdrie	34,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 9th Feb. 1963	2,596,400	976,293	881	121	94	854	17.2	31	14	6	42	5	11	1	5	4	128	32	150	61	76	40	546	42†	10†	31.2†	0.59†	7.4†	..	..
2nd Feb. 1963	2,596,400	986,251	845	137	92	800	16.1	16	16	4	28	3	9	2	9	2	113	31	157	45	65	33	519	44†	22†	34.5†	0.36†	12.7†	..	..
10th Feb. 1962	2,611,300†	1,043,277	700	140	80	640	12.8	23	14	2	29	4	8	1	6	3	117	32	107	28	44	30	415	57†	32†	42.3†	0.87†	15.4†	..	..

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

† Estimated population at 31st December 1960.

‡ Diphtheria (045), Whooping Cough (036), Meningococcal

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly means

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS FOR SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 16th February 1963.

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	7,243	164	1,841	5,763	233
1962	7,344	151	1,875	5,207	213
1961	7,303	141	2,201	5,686	264

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 16th February 1963, the births of 1,040 living children, and of 30 stillborn children, 287 marriages and 844 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 20.9 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 5.8 and the death-rate 16.9. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 28 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1.3 more than in the previous week, but the same as the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0.1 less than in the previous week, and 1.9 below the average. The death-rate is 0.3 less than in the previous week, but the same as the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 21.1 in Paisley to 8.6 in Dunfermline. In Glasgow the rate was 19.5 and in Edinburgh 16.8.

There were 4 deaths from the principal epidemic diseases—3 were due to influenza and 1 to measles.

There were 149 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 117 to malignant neoplasms, 32 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 160, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 3.2 per thousand. This death-rate is 0.4 more than in the previous week, and 0.4 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 26, being 16 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 17 were aged 0–6 days and 1 was aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 578, and are 32 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 28, and are 12 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 12th February 1963, was 29,061. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 32.4° being 1.2° above that for the previous week, but 6.0° below the average for the corresponding week in the period of 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0.45 inch, and the mean sunshine 14.3 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department.

Week ended Saturday, 16th February 1963.

No. 7

COUNTIES AND LARGE BURGHS																																			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)		
		Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	Chickenpox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leprosy	Malaria	Measles	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Plague	Pneumonia, Acute Influenzal	Pneumonia, Acute Primary	* Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable	Polio- myelitis Acute	Non-Paralytic	Paralytic	Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Tuberculosis— Respiratory	Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	Typhoid Fever	Para-typhoid A	Para-typhoid B	Typhus Fever	Whooping Cough	
NORTHERN REGION—																																			
Caithness C.								3											1							1		2							
Inverness C.								1																											
Inverness B.								8																											
Nairn C.								1																											
Ross and Cromarty C.																																			
Sutherland C.																																			
TOTAL								13											2							1		2							3
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																			
Aberdeen C.								14											2							1		1							2
Aberdeen B.								18											1							3		1							1
Banff C.										1																									
Kincardine C.																																			
Moray C.																											2								
Orkney C.																																			
Zetland C.				6																															
TOTAL				6				32		1					1				3							6		3							3
EASTERN REGION—																																			
Angus C.																																			
Arbroath B.																																			
Dundee B.				1				2							1				27							1		1							
Perth and Kinross C.																																			
Perth B.																																			
TOTAL				1				2							1				27	2						4		3							

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDED 16th FEBRUARY 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 12th FEBRUARY 1963.

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1961	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age		Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.				Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 12th February 1963						
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred In	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (601-619)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Malignant Neoplasms (100-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over			Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (av- erage of all observations)	Rainfall in Inches		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)		
1. Glasgow	1,053,100	425	113	413	45	26	394	19.5	12	6	11	11	..	1	..	5	2	57	15	69	37	47	9	264	39	18	30.7	0.27	18.9	8478		
2. Edinburgh	475,300	165	53	176	28	5	153	16.8	7	5	1	6	..	..	..	..	1	26	6	28	7	12	8	108	39	24	32.1	0.08	11.3	2117	
3. Aberdeen	183,600	55	17	59	20	5	44	12.4	2	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	6	4	13	2	4	4	37	38	21	32.1	0.59	16.3	988	
4. Dundee	183,300	73	19	48	6	2	44	12.5	4	2	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	6	..	5	3	4	1	28	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	953	
5. Paisley	96,600	25	7	50	13	2	39	21.1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	2	3	7	4	12	..	28	41	21	33.0	0.15	12.1	980	
6. Greenock	75,000	39	5	27	5	4	26	18.1	3	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	6	2	3	1	15	41	24	33.2	1.17	9.4	1057	
7. Motherwell	}	26	15	20	5	8	23	16.3	1	..	2	..	..	1	1	..	1	3	2	4	..	2	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	1038	
8. Wishaw		20	16	13	3	3	13	12.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	2	2	..	1	10	..	..	..	..	..	389	
9. Kirkcaldy		52,800	32	17	7	7	17	16.2	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	2	1	2	3	1	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	737
10. Coatbridge		54,700	25	8	12	4	..	8	8.6	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	2	1	3	1	3	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	404
11. Dunfermline		48,300	28	7	11	2	9	18	18.6	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	1	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	619
12. Clydebank		50,400	22	2	11	4	2	9	10.5	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	9	..	42	23	33.2	0.11	19.1	498
13. Ayr		44,800	28	5	17	7	1	11	12.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	5	..	..	1	8	10	39	20	32.4	0.81	12.7	377
14. Kilmarnock		47,900	18	1	13	3	3	16.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	2	..	5	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	226
15. Perth		40,900	19	1	13	3	8	16	19.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	2	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	867
16. Hamilton		42,400	32	3	9	1	10	13.7	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	507
17. Falkirk		37,900	15	8	25	15	..	10	13.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	403
18. Airdrie		34,000	21	5	..	..	6	9.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 16th Feb. 1963		2,596,400	1040	287	921	168	91	844	16.9	30	17	1	26	1	7	1	4	117	32	149	59	101	28	578	42†	18†	32.4†	0.45†	14.3†	..	..
9th Feb. 1963		2,596,400	976	293	881	121	94	854	17.2	31	14	6	42	5	11	1	5	128	32	150	61	76	40	546	42†	16†	31.2†	0.59†	7.4†	..	..
17th Feb. 1962		2,611,300||	985	314	699	134	75	640	12.8	26	12	2	24	1	8	..	4	2	133	35	117	32	26	22	424	54†	28†	39.6†	1.42†	20.7†

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
|| Estimated population at 31st December 1960.

† Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050.057), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
† Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS FOR SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 23rd February 1963.

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	8,311	186	2,211	6,697	277
1962	8,396	179	2,232	5,859	258
1961	8,350	171	2,486	6,432	291

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 23rd February 1963, the births of 1,068 living children, and of 22 stillborn children, 370 marriages and 934 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 21.5 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 7.4 and the death-rate 18.8. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 20 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0.6 more than in the previous week, and 0.7 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 1.6 more than in the previous week, but 0.8 below the average. The death-rate is 1.8 more than in the previous week, and 3.1 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 25.6 in Coatbridge to 11.6 in Dunfermline. In Glasgow the rate was 23.0 and in Edinburgh 14.7.

There were 12 deaths from the principal epidemic diseases—11 were due to influenza and 1 to meningococcal meningitis.

There were 150 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 112 to malignant neoplasms, 35 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 199, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 4.0 per thousand. This death-rate is 0.8 more than in the previous week, and 1.6 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 44, being 18 more than in the previous week. Of these, 29 were aged 0–6 days and none was aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 641, and are 63 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 30, and are 2 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 19th February 1963, was 30,885. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 32.1° being 0.3° below that for the previous week, and 7.0° below the average for the corresponding week in the period of 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0.02 inch, and the mean sunshine 37.0 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

[illegible]

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDED 23rd FEBRUARY 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 19th FEBRUARY 1963.

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths				Deaths of Infants under one year of age				Deaths from										Temperature Fahr.				Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 10th February 1963			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 779)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (601-619)	Principal Epidemic Diseases §	Malignant Neoplasms		Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-495)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest				Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)	
																		All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (100-165)												
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	462	178	487	55	28	460	23.0	14	10	..	16	2	1	..	14	10	45	15	67	49	68	15	317	42	19	30.8	0.01	37.6	9756	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	144	64	152	24	6	134	14.7	2	4	..	7	1	..	..	..	..	19	5	24	12	7	3	105	42	23	32.1	0.02	27.2	2091
3. Aberdeen	186,000	57	20	59	11	9	57	16.0	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	4	13	6	1	3	35	41	22	31.7	0.09	34.2	943
4. Dundee	183,900	83	18	48	7	6	47	13.3	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	11	4	10	4	5	2	32	43	24	33.5	0.01	38.4	905
5. Paisley	96,900	30	7	45	12	11	44	23.7	..	3	..	4	2	1	..	1	2	7	1	6	4	4	1	26	45	22	33.4	0.01	27.7	1099	
6. Greenock	74,600	36	17	24	5	3	22	15.4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	7	..	2	..	16	44	26	33.6	0.00	45.0	816
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	40	13	17	7	10	20	14.1	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	2	4	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	1133
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	28	5	19	3	..	16	15.8	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	3	8	1	2	..	12	..	..	..	..	518
9. Coatbridge	55,000	40	5	31	17	13	27	25.6	1	3	..	5	..	..	1	..	..	2	1	1	1	1	1	16	..	..	..	..	..	571
10. Dunfermline	49,500	23	6	13	5	3	11	11.6	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	4	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	345
11. Clydebank	50,600	25	6	12	3	5	14	14.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	1	1	11	..	..	..	..	..	697
12. Avon	45,100	17	7	10	1	3	12	13.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	2	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	505
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	21	4	18	9	3	12	13.0	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	1	2	3	7	42	19	30.7	..	47.8	390
14. Perth	41,000	14	3	16	7	4	13	16.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	5	1	1	..	12	40	16	31.0	0.00	38.2	236
15. Hamilton	42,900	21	2	13	3	7	17	20.7	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	3	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	1000
16. Falkirk	38,000	8	9	21	9	1	13	17.9	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	2	3	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	548
17. Airdrie	34,200	19	6	4	..	11	15	22.9	..	2	1	2	2	1	5	387
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 23rd Feb. 1963	2,593,500	1068	370	989	178	123	934	18.8	22	29	..	44	6	3	1	15	12	112	35	150	93	106	30	641	45†	16†	32.1†	0.02†	37.0†
16th Feb. 1963	2,593,500	1040	287	921	168	91	844	17.0	30	17	1	26	1	7	1	7	4	117	32	149	59	101	28	578	42†	18†	32.4†	0.45†	14.3†
24th Feb. 1962	2,596,400†	1052	357	711	128	69	652	13.1	28	18	5	45	3	15	1	4	3	105	28	119	34	39	38	401	55†	26†	40.3†	0.05†	19.6†

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

† Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050-051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (083) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly means.

† Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS FOR SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 2nd March 1963.

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	9,355	210	2,845	7,642	308
1962	9,446	197	2,763	6,565	295
1961	9,347	199	2,857	7,146	311

IN the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 2nd March 1963, the births of 1,044 living children, and of 24 stillborn children, 634 marriages and 945 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 21.0 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 12.7 and the death-rate 19.0. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 22 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0.5 less than in the previous week, but 0.4 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 5.3 more than in the previous week, and 3.7 above the average. The death-rate is 0.2 more than in the previous week, and 3.4 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 28.1 in Kilmarnock to 10.8 in Kirkcaldy. In Glasgow the rate was 22.2 and in Edinburgh 17.5.

There were 12 deaths from the principal epidemic diseases—due to influenza.

There were 148 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 118 to malignant neoplasms, 39 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 203, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 4.1 per thousand. This death-rate is 0.1 more than in the previous week, and 2.0 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 31, being 13 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 16 were aged 0–6 days and 4 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 631, and are 10 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 27, and are 3 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 26th February 1963, was 33,565. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 32.8° being 0.7° above that for the previous week, but 7.4° below the average for the corresponding week in the period of 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0.00 inch, and the mean sunshine 46.0 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department.

Week ended Saturday, 2nd March 1963.

No. 9

COUNTRIES AND LARGE BURGHS	Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	* Chickenpox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leprosy	Malaria	* Measles	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Plague	Pneumonia, Acute Influenzal	Pneumonia, Acute Primary	* Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable	Polio- myelitis Acute		Puertal Fever	Puertal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Tuberculosis— Respiratory	Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	Typhoid Fever	Para-typhoid A	Para-typhoid B	Typhus Fever	Whooping Cough
																				Paralytic	Non-Paralytic											
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
NORTHERN REGION—																																
Caitness C.							23											1														
Inverness C.							1											2														
Inverness B.							1																									
Nairn C.																		1														
Ross and Cromarty C.																																
Sutherland C.																																
TOTAL							25											4														
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																
Aberdeen C.							12				1			2			2	4						1		1						
Aberdeen B.							12											1							2							
Banff C.																										1						
Kincaidine C.									1									1						1								
Moray C.														1																		
Orkney C.										1																						
Zetland C.																																
TOTAL							24		1	1	1			3			2	6					1	2		4						
EASTERN REGION—																																
Angus C.							1											1														
Arbroath B.																																
Dundee B.		2	32				3		1					5				18					3			9						
Perth and Kinross C.																							2									
Perth B.																																
TOTAL		2	32				4		1					5				19						5		9						

* Diseases so marked are not generally notifiable in Scotland.

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDED 2nd MARCH 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 26th FEBRUARY 1963.

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths				Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from												Temperature Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 26th February 1963			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571-0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	Malignant Neoplasms		Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest				Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)	
																		All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)												
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	458	282	464	47	27	444	22.2	10	8	2	17	..	5	..	10	10	51	18	63	45	62	16	290	45	20	31.6	0.00	44.9	10523	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	163	90	167	15	8	160	17.5	6	5	..	7	3	2	..	..	1	6	33	33	14	11	5	108	46	21	34.0	..	55.9	2238	
3. Aberdeen	186,000	63	40	62	16	2	48	13.5	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	1	13	3	4	1	35	20	32.0	..	54.5	1051		
4. Dundee	183,900	67	39	48	7	6	47	13.3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	4	9	2	2	2	2	34	46	20	32.4	0.00	n.a.	908	
5. Paisley	96,900	56	32	43	11	3	35	18.8	..	1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	3	6	4	..	23	50	24	34.9	0.00	39.6	1086	
6. Greenock	74,600	26	25	29	6	..	23	16.1	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	1	..	2	15	45	24	33.8	..	48.3	759	
7. Motherwell	}	27	12	27	9	11	29	20.5	1	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	4	4	4	..	18	..	..	..	..	..	1286	
& Wishaw		52,900	21	7	14	6	3	11	10.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	3	2	2	1	8	..	..	..	..	..	671	
8. Kirkcaldy		52,900	21	7	14	6	3	11	10.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	3	2	2	1	8	..	..	..	..	..	640
9. Coatbridge		55,000	33	28	23	9	5	19	18.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	4	3	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	443
10. Dunfermline		49,500	17	11	21	9	4	16	16.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	1	2	1	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	793
11. Clydebank		50,600	11	17	10	2	8	16	16.5	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	3	2	1	2	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	661
12. Ayr		45,100	16	6	26	7	4	23	26.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	3	2	1	2	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	529
13. Kilmarnock		48,300	15	8	21	4	9	26	28.1	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	5	3	2	1	1	..	17	47	28	36.6	..	46.9	529
14. Perth		41,000	15	8	13	4	1	10	12.7	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	3	1	1	1	..	8	41	12	27.0	..	32.2	223
15. Hamilton		42,900	18	9	11	9	9	20	24.3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	3	1	7	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	1160
16. Falkirk		38,000	15	10	19	9	..	10	13.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	3	3	1	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	566
17. Airdrie		34,200	23	10	2	..	6	8	12.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	407
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 2nd Mar. 1963		2,593,500	1044	634	1000	161	106	945	19.0	24	16	4	31	3	10	..	11	12	118	39	148	93	110	27	631	50†	12†	32.8†	0.00†	46.0†	..
23rd Feb. 1963		2,593,500	1068	370	989	178	123	934	18.8	22	29	..	44	6	3	1	15	12	112	35	150	93	106	30	641	45†	16†	32.1†	0.02†	37.0†	..
3rd Mar. 1962		2,598,400||	1050	531	764	134	76	706	14.2	18	19	5	37	3	12	..	5	2	116	36	146	23	44	22	450	45†	19†	34.4†	9.30†	15.3†	..

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

|| Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

§ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050/051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal

Infection (060), Measles (061) and Influenza (062/063)

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly extremes

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL
SCOTLANDBIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS FOR SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 9th March 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	10,435	235	3,352	8,625	342
1962	10,547	222	3,571	7,239	318
1961	10,445	217	3,326	7,847	346

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 9th March 1963, the births of 1,080 living children, and of 25 stillborn children, 507 marriages and 983 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 21.7 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 10.2 and the death-rate 19.8. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 23 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0.7 more than in the previous week, and 0.5 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 2.5 less than in the previous week, and 0.7 below the average. The death-rate is 0.8 more than in the previous week, and 5.8 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 28.8 in Falkirk to 13.0 in Kilmarnock. In Glasgow the rate was 22.1 and in Edinburgh 18.4.

There were 28 deaths from the principal epidemic diseases—27 were due to influenza and 1 to measles.

There were 127 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 125 to malignant neoplasms, 35 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 208, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 4.2 per thousand. This death-rate is 0.1 more than in the previous week, and 2.5 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 34, being 3 more than in the previous week. Of these, 15 were aged 0–6 days and 2 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 691, and are 60 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 28, and are 1 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 5th March 1963, was 36,888. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 41.4° being 8.6° above that for the previous week, and 1.8° above the average for the corresponding week in the period of 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 1.54 inches, and the mean sunshine 18.7 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES
notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department.

No. 10

Week ended Saturday, 9th March 1963

COUNTRIES AND LARGE BURGHS																																
	Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	* Chickenpox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leprosy	Malaria	* Measles	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Plague	Pneumonia, Acute Influenzal	Pneumonia, Acute Primary	* Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable	Paralytic	Non-Paralytic	Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Tuberculosis— Respiratory	Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	Typhoid Fever	Para-typhoid A	Para-typhoid B	Typhus Fever	Whooping Cough
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
NORTHERN REGION—																																
Caithness C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Inverness C.
Inverness B.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nairn C.
Ross and Cromarty C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sutherland C.
TOTAL	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																
Aberdeen C.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Aberdeen B.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Banff C.
Kincardine C.
Moray C.	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Orkney C.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Zetland C.
TOTAL	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	5	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
EASTERN REGION—																																
Angus C.	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arbroath B.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dundee B.	..	1	..	..	..	..	8	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	30	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..
Perth and Kinross C.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
Perth B.
TOTAL	..	1	..	..	..	..	8	..	3	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	4	30	..	..	..	..	2	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	6

[illegible]

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDED 9th MARCH 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 5th MARCH 1963.

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Deaths				Deaths of Infants under one year of age				Deaths from												Temperature ° Fahr.		Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 5th March 1963 **				
			Marriages	Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (601-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (400-427)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over				Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	467	211	453	59	49	443	22.1	14	7	2	21	1	3	2	9	14	46	10	45	39	66	12	280	51	25	40.4	1.24	18.0	9425	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	175	79	182	27	13	168	18.4	5	2	..	3	..	2	..	1	6	24	5	28	15	14	5	127	55	23	42.1	0.64	21.9	2838	
3. Aberdeen	186,000	74	42	77	25	5	57	17.0	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	1	1	10	5	9	4	2	..	47	52	26	39.8	1.26	25.3	1212	
4. Dundee	183,900	81	34	66	11	5	60	17.0	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	11	3	7	5	11	2	47	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1273
5. Paisley	96,900	44	23	36	7	6	35	18.8	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	3	1	3	4	5	3	28	52	24	42.1	2.06	12.4	1036
6. Greenock	74,600	33	15	29	9	2	22	15.4	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	4	..	3	4	2	..	16	52	28	41.9	2.73	20.0	745
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	32	17	25	9	9	25	17.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	4	1	5	4	5	..	19	..	..	..	..	..	1479
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	18	11	25	10	1	16	15.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	2	2	1	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	878
9. Coatbridge	55,000	29	7	25	13	4	16	15.2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	4	3	3	2	..	1	10	..	..	..	..	..	624
10. Dunfermline	49,500	20	6	24	4	3	23	24.3	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	5	3	4	..	3	2	14	17	..	..	..	..	720
11. Clydebank	50,600	14	5	13	2	9	20	20.6	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	4	..	3	2	14	14	..	..	..	..	793
12. Ayr	45,100	18	6	21	7	1	15	17.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	3	..	1	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	905
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	15	7	20	10	2	12	13.0	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	2	3	..	2	..	9	55	32	44.7	1.11	15.5	691
14. Perth	41,000	18	12	20	2	3	21	26.7	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	4	3	3	2	2	..	13	32	14	38.5	1.74	18.1	288
15. Hamilton	42,900	21	11	13	2	9	20	24.3	3	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	1	2	2	2	15	..	..	..	..	..	1285
16. Falkirk	38,000	9	8	32	13	2	21	28.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	4	2	19	..	..	..	..	..	686
17. Airdrie	34,200	12	11	3	1	7	9	13.7	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	452
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 9th Mar. 1963	2,593,500	1080	507	1064	211	130	983	19.8	25	15	2	34	5	6	2	12	28	125	35	127	83	125	28	691	55†	14†	41.4†	1.54†	18.7†
2nd Mar. 1963	2,593,500	1044	634	1000	161	106	945	19.0	24	16	4	31	3	10	..	11	12	118	39	148	93	110	27	631	50†	12†	32.8†	0.00†	46.0†
10th Mar. 1962	2,596,400||	1101	808	739	136	71	674	13.5	25	15	1	23	5	3	..	7	3	104	38	123	31	39	24	444	47†	20†	34.1†	0.11†	25.4†

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

|| Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

§ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050.051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (083) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance

Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS FOR SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 16th March 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	11,512	252	3,856	9,558	384
1962	11,650	245	4,096	7,959	355
1961	11,471	246	3,848	8,452	372

IN the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 16th March 1963, the births of 1,077 living children, and of 17 stillborn children, 504 marriages and 933 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 21.7 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 10.1 and the death-rate 18.8. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 16 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is the same as in the previous week, but 1.1 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0.1 less than in the previous week, and 0.6 below the average. The death-rate is 1.0 less than in the previous week, but 5.4 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 30.6 in Dunfermline to 9.5 in Coatbridge. In Glasgow the rate was 18.5 and in Edinburgh 20.4.

There were 22 deaths from the principal epidemic diseases—20 were due to influenza, 1 to measles and 1 to meningococcal meningitis.

There were 154 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 118 to malignant neoplasms, 46 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 173, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 3.5 per thousand. This death-rate is 0.7 less than in the previous week, but 2.1 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 42, being 8 more than in the previous week. Of these, 28 were aged 0-6 days and none was aged 7-27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 594, and are 97 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 33, and are 5 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 12th March 1963, was 37,757. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 43.3° being 1.9° above that for the previous week, and 2.3° above the average for the corresponding week in the period of 1901-1930.

The mean rainfall was 1.09 inches, and the mean sunshine 13.9 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

No. 11

Week ended Saturday, 16th March 1963

COUNTIES AND LARGE BURGHS	DISEASES																																	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	
NORTHERN REGION—																																		
Caitness C.																																		
Inverness C.																																		
Inverness B.								1																										
Nairn C.								1																										
Ross and Cromarty C.								1																										
Sutherland C.																																		
TOTAL								2										1	9								4	1						
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																		
Aberdeen C.								1											3															
Aberdeen B.								2											4															
Banff C.																																		
Kincaidine C.								1																										
Moray C.								1											4															
Orkney C.																																		
Zetland C.																																		
TOTAL								5		1					2			1	11							3								
EASTERN REGION—																																		
Angus C.																			5															
Arbroath B.								1																										
Dundee B.								3		2					1	1</																		

[illegible]

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDED 16th MARCH 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 12th MARCH 1963.

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Deaths				Stillbirths	Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 12th March 1963									
			Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred In	Net Total Number		Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	Malignant Neoplasms		Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over				Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
																	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (100-165)																	
(1) Glasgow	(2) 1,044,500	(3) 445	(4) 219	(5) 386	(6) 52	(7) 371	(8) 18.5	(9) 9	(10) 1	(11) 12	(12) 23	(13) 2	(14) 2	(15) 3	(16) 2	(17) 3	(18) 8	(19) 38	(20) 19	(21) 60	(22) 32	(23) 39	(24) 14	(25) 225	(26) 53	(27) 31	(28) 42.3	(29) 1.07	(30) 11.6	(31) 7918					
2. Edinburgh	476,600	186	71	197	23	12	186	20.4	1	5	5	3	3	2	3	3	5	35	13	31	20	14	7	131	55	36	44.5	0.57	20.2	3927					
3. Aberdeen	186,000	67	37	78	19	5	64	17.9	2	3	3	4	2	2	2	2	2	7	1	11	4	5	4	36	49	34	41.2	1.01	13.6	1483					
4. Dundee	183,900	67	32	61	6	8	63	17.9	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	11	4	10	4	6	2	44	21	55	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1848	
5. Paisley	96,900	48	17	38	8	3	33	17.8	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	2	4	4	3	3	2	7	..	16	53	32	43.6	1.63	9.5	872	
6. Greenock	74,600	38	13	29	6	2	25	17.5	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	6	4	3	4	4	..	16	53	32	43.6	1.68	9.5	715	
7. Motherwell	73,700	36	12	21	6	12	27	19.1	..	1	3	..	1	1	..	1	..	3	..	9	1	3	1	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	1110
8. Wishaw	52,900	16	13	19	4	4	19	18.7	2	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	2	4	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	810
9. Kilmarnock	55,000	20	18	12	7	5	10	9.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	..	3	2	1	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	458
10. Coatbridge	49,500	17	16	31	6	4	29	30.6	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	..	3	3	3	1	22	..	..	..	..	..	..	905
11. Dunfermline	50,600	27	4	4	1	8	11	11.3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	1	1	2	7	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	1002
12. Clydebank	45,100	21	7	22	11	4	15	17.4	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	1	6	2	..	1	13	54	30	43.9	0.91	18.1	614	
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	22	5	21	6	5	20	21.6	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	1	3	1	1	1	11	53	29	43.1	0.77	11.8	477	
14. Perth	41,000	13	10	14	2	3	15	19.1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	5	3	3	1	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	1039
15. Hamilton	42,900	20	8	10	1	8	17	20.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	3	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	716
16. Falkirk	38,000	17	14	19	5	14	19.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	385
17. Airdrie	34,200	17	8	9	..	5	14	21.4	..	1	1	1	2	..	2	1	..	1	9			
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 16th Mar. 1963	2,593,500	1077	504	971	163	125	933	18.8	17	28	42	6	8	2	7	22	118	46	154	79	94	33	594	55†	29†	43.3†	1.09†	13.9†			
9th Mar. 1963	2,593,500	1080	507	1064	211	130	983	19.8	25	15	34	5	6	2	12	28	125	35	127	83	125	28	691	55†	14†	41.4†	1.54†	18.7†			
17th Mar. 1962	2,596,400||	1103	525	755	147	112	720	14.5	23	24	37	6	6	..	5	..	142	34	129	31	41	31	475	48†	20†	34.9†	0.04†	35.4†			

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

† Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050.051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal

area served by these offices.

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance

Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward

† Weekly extremes.

† Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS FOR SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 23rd March 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	12,626	272	4,480	10,293	417
1962	12,752	267	4,684	8,721	387
1961	12,562	262	4,557	9,075	396

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 23rd March 1963, the births of 1,114 living children, and of 20 stillborn children, 624 marriages and 735 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 22.4 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 12.5 and the death-rate 14.8. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 18 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0.7 more than in the previous week, and 0.6 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 2.4 more than in the previous week, but 0.8 below the average. The death-rate is 4.0 less than in the previous week, but 0.8 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 22.9 in Perth to 2.8 in Coatbridge. In Glasgow the rate was 13.3 and in Edinburgh 16.1.

There were 17 deaths from the principal epidemic diseases—16 were due to influenza and 1 to meningococcal septicaemia.

There were 119 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 97 to malignant neoplasms, 26 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 120, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 2.4 per thousand. This death-rate is 1.1 less than in the previous week, but 1.0 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 33, being 9 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 23 were aged 0–6 days and 2 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 498, and are 96 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 33, and are the same as in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 19th March 1963, was 31,014. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 44.0° being 0.7° above that for the previous week, and 3.2° above the average for the corresponding week in the period of 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0.75 inch, and the mean sunshine 24.2 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDED 23rd MARCH 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 19th MARCH 1963.

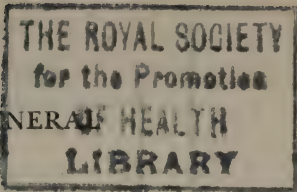
TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Stillbirths	Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.		Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine†	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 19th March 1963 **			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year		Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	Malignant Neoplasms		Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over				Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)
																		All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)											
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	485	246	299	58	25	266	13.3	9	11	1	15	2	3	2	5	3	37	13	38	17	31	15	167	53	30	43.8	0.81	21.5	6146
2. Edinburgh	476,600	187	107	163	22	6	147	16.1	4	6	1	8	..	..	..	..	1	4	5	27	14	15	2	105	53	33	44.2	0.24	20.6	3449
3. Aberdeen	186,000	80	56	73	25	10	58	16.3	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	4	4	7	1	11	5	4	4	44	52	32	42.0	0.60	17.9	1404
4. Dundee	183,900	88	44	70	9	8	69	19.6	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	4	8	3	11	7	10	..	45	55	31	43.8	0.92	24.6	2289
5. Paisley	96,900	18	17	24	5	2	21	11.3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	2	2	1	1	1	17	58	31	45.7	0.69	26.6	604
6. Greenock	74,600	37	18	29	4	..	25	17.5	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	5	2	2	1	1	2	19	54	34	44.6	1.05	34.8	713
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	31	20	19	4	12	27	19.1	..	1	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	4	..	4	3	3	2	18	..	..	..	..	..	802
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	20	12	21	6	2	17	16.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	5	2	..	1	15	..	..	..	..	..	532
9. Coatbridge	55,000	28	7	5	2	..	3	2.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	419
10. Dunfermline	49,500	16	17	20	8	3	15	15.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	2	2	..	..	2	6	..	..	..	..	..	662
11. Clydebank	50,600	22	6	9	4	5	10	10.3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	2	..	2	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	496
12. Ayr	45,100	22	24	14	5	..	9	10.4	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	..	1	1	5	54	30	44.0	0.46	21.1	608
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	19	11	16	4	8	20	21.6	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	3	2	..	1	3	1	11	15	53	28	43.9	1.20	26.7	410
14. Perth	41,000	14	9	17	2	3	18	22.9	2	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	2	..	4	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	515
15. Hamilton	42,900	19	7	8	1	6	13	15.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	1	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	771
16. Falkirk	38,000	19	15	20	11	..	9	12.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	1	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	483
17. Airdrie	34,200	9	8	..	4	4	8	12.2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	1	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	298
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 23rd Mar. 1963	2,593,500	1114	624	811	170	94	735	14.8	20	23	2	33	3	4	2	8	17	97	26	119	55	65	33	498	58†	28†	44.0†	0.75†	24.2†	
16th Mar. 1963	2,593,500	1077	504	971	163	125	933	18.8	17	28	..	42	6	8	2	7	22	118	46	154	79	94	33	594	55†	29†	43.3†	1.09†	13.9†	
24th Mar. 1962	2,596,400||	1102	588	833	144	73	762	15.3	22	18	3	32	..	9	1	4	2	102	27	152	35	50	29	507	57†	24†	40.3†	0.10†	10.7†	

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
 † Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
 ‡ Weekly extremes.

§ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (083), and Influenza (480-483).

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL OF HEALTH
SCOTLAND



BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS FOR SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 30th March 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	13,717	286	5,394	10,987	438
1962	13,869	282	5,637	9,386	409
1961	13,561	287	5,651	9,646	424

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 30th March 1963, the births of 1,091 living children, and of 14 stillborn children, 914 marriages and 694 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 21.9 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 18.4 and the death-rate 14.0. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 13 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0.5 less than in the previous week, but 1.0 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 5.9 more than in the previous week, but 2.0 below the average. The death-rate is 0.8 less than in the previous week, but 0.7 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 17.9 in Dundee to 5.5 in Falkirk. In Glasgow the rate was 13.1 and in Edinburgh 15.4.

There were 6 deaths from the principal epidemic diseases—due to influenza.

There were 115 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 109 to malignant neoplasms, 32 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 99, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 2.0 per thousand. This death-rate is 0.4 less than in the previous week, but 0.6 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 21, being 12 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 14 were aged 0-6 days and 1 was aged 7-27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 475, and are 23 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 28, and are 5 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 26th March 1963, was 24,101. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 41.7° being 2.3° below that for the previous week, and 0.6° below the average for the corresponding week in the period of 1901-1930.

The mean rainfall was 1.13 inches, and the mean sunshine 20.9 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department.

No. 13

Week ended Saturday, 30th March 1963

COUNTRIES AND LARGE BURGHS	Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	* Chickentpox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leptosy	Malaria	* Measles	(16) Ophthalmia Neonatorum	(17) Plague	(18) Pneumonia, Acute Influenzal	(19) Pneumonia, Acute Primary	* Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable	(21) Paralytic	Polio- myelitis Acute	(23) Puerperal Fever	(24) Puerperal Pyrexia	(25) Scarlet Fever	(26) Smallpox	(27) Tuberculosis— Respiratory	(28) Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	(29) Typhoid Fever	(30) Para-typhoid A	(31) Para-typhoid B	(32) Typhus Fever	(33) Whooping Cough
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
(1)																																
NORTHERN REGION—																																
Caithness C.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Inverness C.
Inverness B.
Nairn C.
Ross and Cromarty C.
Sutherland C.
TOTAL	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																
Aberdeen C.	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	4
Aberdeen B.	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Banff C.
Kingcardine C.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Moray C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Orkney C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Zetland C.	1	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	13	..	..	..	..	..	5	5	..	..	1	2	1	..	..	..	7	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	4
EASTERN REGION—																																
Angus C.	1	3	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arbroath B.
Dundee B.	..	2	22	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	..	..	9	30	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	3
Perth and Kinross C.
Perth B.	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	..	2	22	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	..	..	10	33	1	..	..	2	2	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	3

[illegible]

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDED 30th MARCH 1963.

RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 26th MARCH 1963.

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 1st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Deaths				Deaths of Infants under one year of age		Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 26th March 1963 **							
			Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (601-619)	Principal Epidemic Diseases †	All Forms (140-205)	Malignant Neoplasms (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)			Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)	Rainfall in Inches	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	476	357	278	37	21	262	13.1	10	1	1	15	1	2	1	4	1	44	5	35	13	15	164	15	50	34	41.3	1.16	18.9	4993
2. Edinburgh	476,600	194	163	143	13	11	141	15.4	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	2	21	9	5	13	9	5	107	51	32	41.6	0.74	20.7	2285
3. Aberdeen	186,000	53	74	70	22	8	56	15.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	9	5	12	4	3	3	45	48	30	40.0	0.14	22.0	1190
4. Dundee	183,900	77	56	65	8	0	63	17.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	2	11	8	1	48	53	33	42.0	0.59	20.3	1798	
5. Paisley	96,900	40	31	22	7	7	22	11.8	..	3	..	3	2	..	..	..	..	1	1	7	..	..	12	53	35	42.9	1.64	16.8	569	
6. Greenock	74,600	36	27	24	3	..	21	14.7	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	17	49	35	41.9	2.87	23.6	642	
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	26	25	21	6	6	21	14.9	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	5	2	2	2	3	..	15	..	..	..	..	..	690
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	16	20	16	5	2	13	12.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	6	..	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	325
9. Coatbridge	55,000	44	16	10	4	5	11	10.4	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	4	2	3	1	2	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	327
10. Dunfermline	49,500	17	9	9	2	4	11	11.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	4	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	443
11. Clydebank	50,600	18	17	9	3	2	8	8.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	1	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	438
12. Ayr	45,100	18	27	17	6	..	11	12.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	2	2	1	10	49	34	42.2	1.05	21.4	286	
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	19	22	14	3	4	15	16.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	2	1	..	11	50	32	41.6	0.84	23.1	351	
14. Perth	41,000	15	13	12	1	3	14	17.8	..	..	..	..	3	12	..	..	..	3	1	1	1	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	656
15. Hamilton	42,900	16	20	5	1	8	12	14.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	330
16. Falkirk	38,000	13	16	10	6	..	4	5.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	242
17. Airdrie	34,200	14	13	3	..	6	9	13.7	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 30th Mar. 1963	2,593,500	1091	914	728	127	93	694	14.0	14	14	1	21	3	3	1	7	6	109	32	115	44	55	28	475	53†	30†	41.7†	1.13†	20.9†	
23rd Mar. 1963	2,593,500	1114	624	811	170	94	735	14.8	20	23	2	33	3	4	2	8	17	97	26	119	55	65	33	498	58†	28†	44.0†	0.75†	24.2†	
31st Mar. 1962	2,596,400||	1117	953	733	156	88	665	13.4	15	11	..	22	3	6	..	6	4	107	34	114	36	45	38	430	52†	27†	40.0†	1.17†	27.0†	

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

† Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050.051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (084) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL OF HEALTH
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS FOR SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 6th April 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	14,729	305	6,628	11,645	467
1962	14,993	298	6,941	10,150	444
1961	14,741	316	7,040	10,236	449

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 6th April 1963, the births of 1,012 living children, and of 19 stillborn children, 1,234 marriages and 658 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 20.3 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 24.8 and the death-rate 13.2. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 18 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1.6 less than in the previous week, and 1.8 below the five years' average. The marriage rate is 6.4 more than in the previous week, but 0.6 below the average. The death-rate is 0.8 less than in the previous week, and 0.2 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 19.6 in Clydebank to 6.1 in Airdrie. In Glasgow the rate was 12.5 and in Edinburgh 13.1.

There was 1 death from the principal epidemic diseases—due to influenza.

There were 119 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 103 to malignant neoplasms, 35 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 68, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 1.4 per thousand. This death-rate is 0.6 less than in the previous week, but the same as the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 29, being 8 more than in the previous week. Of these, 20 were aged 0–6 days and 3 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 438, and are 37 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 23, and are 5 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 2nd April 1963, was 20,592. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 43.0° being 1.3° above that for the previous week, but 0.1° below the average for the corresponding week in the period of 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0.33 inch, and the mean sunshine 21.4 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department.

No. 14

Week ended Saturday, 6th April 1963

COUNTRIES AND LARGE BURGHS	Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	Chickenpox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leprosy	Malaria	Measles	* Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Plague	Pneumonia, Acute Influenzal	Pneumonia, Acute Primary	* Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable	Paralytic	Non-Paralytic	Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Tuberculosis— Respiratory	Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	Typhoid Fever	Para-typhoid A	Para-typhoid B	Typhus Fever	Whooping Cough		
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)		
(1)																																		
NORTHERN REGION—																																		
Caithness C.																																		
Inverness C.																																		
Inverness B.										1																								
Nairn C.																																		
Ross and Cromarty C.																																		
Sutherland C.																			1															
TOTAL										1									1					2										
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																		
Aberdeen C.							4				3			7			1	1	1				1										1	
Aberdeen B.							1																											
Banff C.																																		
Kincardine C.																	3	1					1											
Moray C.							1																											
Orkney C.																																		
Zetland C.																																		
TOTAL							6				3			7			4	3	1				2											1
EASTERN REGION—																																		
Angus C.																																		
Arbroath B.																																		
Dundee B.		2					5		1								1	3					2											2
Perth and Kinross C.																																		
Perth B.																																		1
TOTAL		2					5		1								3	24						5		7								3

[illegible]

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDED 6th APRIL 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 2nd APRIL 1963.

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Deaths				Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature Fahr.			Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 2nd April 1963						
			Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred In	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	Malignant Neoplasms		Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (400-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)	Rainfall in Inches			
																	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (100-165)												
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	443	521	263	38	26	251	12.5	9	10	1	13	2	3	..	2	..	38	17	43	10	13	7	156	55	32	42.8	0.20	27.5	5041
2. Edinburgh	476,600	171	231	131	16	5	120	13.1	6	4	1	7	..	1	..	..	..	21	6	8	6	7	3	156	55	32	42.8	0.20	27.5	5041
3. Aberdeen	186,000	73	99	55	13	5	47	13.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	5	5	4	3	1	35	55	35	42.4	0.76	9.8	1790
4. Dundee	183,900	66	92	56	8	11	59	16.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	4	6	7	4	1	44	55	35	41.5	0.25	20.2	832
5. Paisley	96,900	47	50	31	3	1	29	15.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	5	1	2	2	21	58	34	44.5	0.24	21.0	1074
6. Greenock	74,600	36	18	17	5	..	12	8.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	1	1	1	4	53	34	43.8	0.31	29.5	590
7. Motherwell	73,700	31	23	15	1	13	27	19.1	1	1	2	..	..	2	..	..	1	..	7	3	3	..	16	..	..	..	..	..	564	
8. Wishaw																														
9. Kilmarnock																														
10. Coatbridge	55,000	14	18	15	6	4	13	12.8	..	2	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	3	..	..	3	10	..	..	..	..	..	222
11. Dundermilline	49,500	20	31	15	6	4	13	13.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	5	1	..	10	10	..	..	..	..	..	369
12. Clydebank	50,600	18	13	11	2	10	19	19.6	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	2	..	..	2	10	..	..	..	..	..	333
13. Ayr	45,100	9	27	7	1	5	11	12.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	8	5	..	..	..	..	..	404
14. Kilmarnock	48,300	14	21	13	7	2	8	8.6	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	5	8	54	31	43.0	N.A.	282	
15. Perth	41,000	10	21	11	2	1	14.0	14.6	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	4	1	..	8	8	55	34	43.2	0.23	20.2	267
16. Hamilton	42,900	16	22	13	1	10	12	14.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	4	1	..	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	555
17. Falkirk	38,000	12	17	9	5	5	9	12.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	4	1	..	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	302
18. Airdrie	34,200	14	19	5	3	2	4	6.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	232
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 6th Apl. 1963	2,593,500	1012	1234	664	118	112	658	13.2	19	20	3	29	2	8	..	5	1	103	35	119	33	35	23	438	58†	31†	43.0†	0.33†	21.4†	..
30th Mar. 1963	2,593,500	1091	914	728	127	93	694	14.0	14	14	1	21	3	3	1	7	6	109	32	115	44	55	28	475	53†	30†	41.7†	1.13†	20.3†	..
7th Apl. 1962	2,596,400†	1124	1304	812	140	92	764	15.3	16	18	5	35	3	9	3	8	1	119	32	139	30	47	39	491	53†	25†	39.4†	1.70†	23.0†	..

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

† Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050.031), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (059), Meningococcal Infections (097), Measles (083) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly extremes.

† Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 13th April 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	15,572	319	6,826	12,218	495
1962	15,993	322	7,099	10,797	475
1961	15,761	338	7,389	10,885	479

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 13th April 1963, the births of 843 living children, and of 14 stillborn children, 198 marriages and 573 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 16·9 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 4·0 and the death-rate 11·5. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 16 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 3·4 less than in the previous week, and 2·9 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 20·8 less than in the previous week, and 5·8 below the average. The death-rate is 1·7 less than in the previous week, and 1·8 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 17·0 in Dundee to 3·2 in Kilmarnock. In Glasgow the rate was 10·6 and in Edinburgh 11·3.

There was 1 death from the principal epidemic diseases—due to meningococcal septicaemia.

There were 108 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 107 to malignant neoplasms, 26 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 65, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 1·3 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·1 less than in the previous week, but the same as the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 28, being 1 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 14 were aged 0–6 days and 3 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 374, and are 64 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 22, and are 1 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 9th April 1963, was 19,538. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 40·2°, being 2·8° below that for the previous week, and 3·8° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·44 inch, and the mean sunshine 38·2 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES
notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

No. 15

Week ended Saturday, 13th April 1963

NO. 13

COUNTIES AND LARGE BURGHS		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	
		Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	* Chickenpox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelae	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leprosy	Malaria	* Measles	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Plague	Pneumonia, Acute Influenzal	Pneumonia, Acute Primary	Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable *	Paralytic	Non-Paralytic	Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Tuberculosis— Respiratory	Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	Typhoid Fever	Para-typhoid A	Para-typhoid B	Typhus Fever	Whooping Cough		
NORTHERN REGION— Caitness C. Inverness C. Inverness B. Nairn C. Ross and Cromarty C. Sutherland C.		3 2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL		5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
NORTH-EASTERN REGION— Aberdeen C. Aberdeen B. Banff C. Kincardine C. Moray C. Orkney C. Zetland C.		1 4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2 ..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL		6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
EASTERN REGION— Angus C. Arbroath B. Dundee B. Perth and Kinross C. Perth B.		3	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 1 2 1 1	..	..	..	..	..	1	
TOTAL	

[illegible]

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 13th APRIL 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 9th APRIL 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature Fahr.				Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 9th April 1963 **			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Estimated Population Rate per 1000 of	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	Malignant Neoplasms		Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest				Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (av- erage of all observations)	
																		All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)												
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	339	80	220	26	19	213	10.6	7	5	2	12	2	3	1	2	..	48	10	38	8	16	8	136	50	31	40.1	0.26	41.9	5048	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	163	44	116	21	8	103	11.3	2	3	..	5	1	1	..	..	1	20	5	19	4	6	3	75	49	30	39.2	0.51	29.1	1596
3. Aberdeen	186,000	52	19	62	19	5	48	13.5	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	7	2	14	2	2	2	29	47	29	38.1	0.46	36.7	786
4. Dundee	183,900	40	10	52	3	11	60	17.0	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	3	11	7	1	3	46	53	31	41.5	..	37.8	774
5. Paisley	96,900	36	1	26	8	2	20	10.8	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	1	1	1	2	1	19	49	31	41.0	0.33	41.1	578
6. Greenock	74,600	27	3	22	3	1	20	14.0	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	3	2	2	1	10	49	31	41.0	0.45	41.1	578
7. Motherwell	} 73,700	27	3	6	3	15	18	12.7	..	2	..	2	1	1	..	..	..	2	..	3	..	2	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	586
8. Wishaw		27	3	6	19	9	2	12	11.8	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	2	2	..	1	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	213
9. Kirkcaldy		31	6	13	7	2	8	7.6	..	..	1	2	..	..	2	..	..	2	2	2	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	356
10. Coatbridge	55,000	19	2	11	4	2	9	9.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	272
11. Dunfermline	49,500	19	6	11	4	2	9	9.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	377
12. Clydebank	50,600	13	3	11	7	4	8	8.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	5	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	384
13. Ayr	45,100	8	3	16	6	3	13	15.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	5	..	..	2	49	33	41.3	0.07	35.0	286
14. Kilmarnock	48,300	16	4	5	3	1	3	3.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	..	2	7	52	31	40.2	0.98	45.6	220
15. Perth	41,000	10	6	14	6	2	10	12.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	..	2	7	..	..	..	..	..	647
16. Hamilton	42,900	14	3	5	1	8	12	14.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	2	7	..	..	..	..	..	310
17. Falkirk	38,000	19	4	15	9	..	6	8.2	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	227
18. Airdrie	34,200	16	1	5	..	5	10	15.3	2	2	..	2	1	1	1	1	..	1	5	227
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 13th Apr. 1963	2,593,500	843	198	618	135	90	573	11.5	14	14	3	28	5	7	1	3	1	107	26	108	28	37	22	374	53	29	40.2	0.44	38.2
6th Apr. 1963	2,593,500	1012	1234	664	118	112	658	13.2	19	20	3	29	2	8	..	5	1	103	35	119	33	35	23	438	58	31	43.0	0.33	21.4
14th Apr. 1962	2,596,400	1000	158	714	141	74	647	13.0	24	15	1	31	2	8	2	5	3	120	27	105	32	26	30	409	57	25	42.4	0.29	57.0

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

† Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

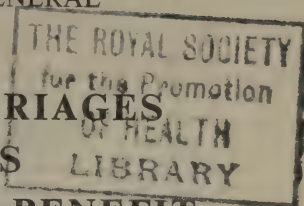
** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward areas.

† Weekly extremes.

‡ Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT



Week ended 20th April 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	16,713	348	7,078	12,873	520
1962	16,825	337	7,230	11,417	505
1961	16,792	357	7,540	11,427	500

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 20th April 1963, the births of 1,141 living children, and of 29 stillborn children, 252 marriages and 655 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 22·9 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 5·1 and the death-rate 13·2. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 25 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 6·0 more than in the previous week, and 2·7 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 1·1 more than in the previous week, and 0·5 above the average. The death-rate is 1·7 more than in the previous week, and 0·7 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 19·6 in Clydebank to 7·6 in Airdrie. In Glasgow the rate was 13·9 and in Edinburgh 12·5.

There was 1 death from the principal epidemic diseases—due to influenza.

There were 111 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 123 to malignant neoplasms, 31 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 48, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 1·0 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·3 less than in the previous week, and 0·2 below the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 25, being 3 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 18 were aged 0–6 days and 3 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 409, and are 35 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 22, and are the same as in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 16th April 1963, was 17,492. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 45·5°, being 5·3° above that for the previous week, and 1·1° above the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 1·20 inches, and the mean sunshine 31·5 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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Printed in Scotland

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

No. 16

Week ended Saturday, 20th April 1963

COUNTIES AND LARGE BURGHES	Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	* Chickenpox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leptosy	Malaria	* Measles	(16) Ophthalmia Neonatorum	(17) Plague	(18) Pneumonia, Acute Influenzal	(19) Pneumonia, Acute Primary	(20) Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable	Polio- myelitis Acute		(23) Puerperal Fever	(24) Puerperal Pyrexia	(25) Scarlet Fever	(26) Smallpox	(27) Tuberculosis— Respiratory	(28) Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	(29) Typhoid Fever	(30) Para-typhoid A	(31) Para-typhoid B	(32) Typhus Fever	(33) Whooping Cough
																				Paralytic	Non-Paralytic											
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
NORTHERN REGION—																																
Caithness C.
Inverness C.
Inverness B.
Nairn C.
Ross and Cromarty C.
Sutherland C.
TOTAL	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																
Aberdeen C.	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aberdeen B.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Banff C.	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kincardine C.
Maray C.
Orkney C.
Zetland C.
TOTAL	..	2	..	..	1	..	3	..	..	..	1	..	..	5	..	..	2	7	..	..	..	..	1	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
EASTERN REGION—																																
Angus C.
Arbroath B.
Dundee B.	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Perth and Kinross C.
Perth B.
TOTAL	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	1	9	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	1	..	..	..	..	2

[illegible]

TOTALS FOR
Week ended
Apr. 1963 .

• Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
 ‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).
 ** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Office in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area † Weekly means.
 † Weekly extremes.
 ‡ Weekly means.

• Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
 ‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diptheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLANDBIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 27th April 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	17,792	379	7,322	13,436	543
1962	18,105	377	7,498	12,078	540
1961	17,766	387	7,695	12,049	525

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 27th April 1963, the births of 1,079 living children, and of 31 stillborn children, 244 marriages and 563 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 21·7 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 4·9 and the death-rate 11·3. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 28 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1·2 less than in the previous week, and 1·0 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0·2 less than in the previous week, but 0·8 above the average. The death-rate is 1·9 less than in the previous week, and 1·2 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 19·2 in Falkirk to 5·7 in Coatbridge. In Glasgow the rate was 11·5 and in Edinburgh 10·7.

There were 3 deaths from the principal epidemic diseases—1 was due to influenza, 1 to measles and 1 to meningococcal septicæmia.

There were 103 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 96 to malignant neoplasms, 21 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 57, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 1·1 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·1 more than in the previous week, and 0·1 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 23, being 2 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 11 were aged 0–6 days and none was aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 354, and are 55 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 42, and are 20 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 23rd April 1963, was 18,682. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 49·7°, being 4·2° above that for the previous week, and 3·8° above the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·33 inch, and the mean sunshine 21·0 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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* Diseases so marked are not generally notifiable in Scotland.

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 27th APRIL 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 23rd APRIL 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 23rd April 1963 **				
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	Malignant Neoplasms		Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)								
																		All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)												
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	503	96	237	31	25	231	11.5	22	5	..	10	1	1	..	10	1	42	10	38	13	13	15	137	61	39	50.0	0.19	17.9	5194	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	152	47	111	21	8	98	10.7	1	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	1	17	1	21	9	3	7	65	63	41	51.0	0.16	20.7	1232
3. Aberdeen	186,000	72	24	51	18	2	35	9.8	2	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	8	2	11	2	1	4	24	61	38	47.1	0.22	34.0	563
4. Dundee	183,900	75	17	49	7	3	45	12.8	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	5	2	14	4	1	36	15	63	39	50.6	0.32	14.2	501
5. Paisley	96,900	34	4	23	2	3	24	12.9	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	5	2	3	..	..	4	12	59	39	49.2	1.01	13.2	585
6. Greenock	74,600	43	8	23	7	3	19	13.3	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	5	2	3	1	..	4	12	59	39	49.2	1.01	13.2	585
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	25	6	7	2	5	10	7.1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	665
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	22	7	15	4	1	12	11.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	..	2	10	..	..	..	..	..	232
9. Coatbridge	55,000	25	7	12	8	2	6	5.7	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	1	1	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	376
10. Dunfermline	49,500	20	3	15	5	3	13	13.7	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	..	1	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	284
11. Clydebank	50,600	18	4	3	..	3	6	6.2	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	1	1	..	2	5	..	..	..	..	..	367
12. Ayr	45,100	10	3	10	3	3	10	11.6	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	..	1	9	62	38	50.7	0.25	n.a.	310
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	11	6	17	7	2	12	13.0	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	..	1	..	6	62	39	49.6	0.14	25.9	309
14. Perth	41,000	20	6	10	4	6	12	15.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	3	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	536
15. Hamilton	42,900	17	1	5	..	4	9	10.9	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	317
16. Falkirk	38,000	12	3	21	9	2	14	19.2	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	3	1	1	1	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	242
17. Airdrie	34,200	20	2	5	1	3	7	10.7	1	1	1	1	..	1	..	1	4
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 27th Apr. 1963	2,593,500	1079	244	614	129	78	563	11.3	31	11	..	23	4	3	..	10	3	96	21	103	34	23	42	354	63+	38+	49.7+	0.33+	21.0+
20th Apr. 1963	2,593,500	1141	252	707	144	92	655	13.2	29	18	3	25	1	6	..	9	1	123	31	111	12	36	22	409	59+	33+	45.5+	1.20+	31.5+
28th Apr. 1962	2,596,400||	1280	268	718	151	94	661	13.3	40	20	1	35	5	8	2	3	2	136	33	101	27	30	30	419	70+	34+	51.6+	0.00+	63.7+

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
† Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
† Weekly extremes.

‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050.051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 4th May 1963

THE ROYAL SOCIETY
for the Promotion
OF HEALTH
LIBRARY

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	18,838	398	7,536	14,052	574
1962	19,256	400	7,782	12,699	579
1961	18,810	405	7,895	12,625	551

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 4th May 1963, the births of 1,046 living children, and of 19 stillborn children, 214 marriages and 616 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 21·0 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 4·3 and the death-rate 12·4. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 18 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·7 less than in the previous week, and 0·6 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0·6 less than in the previous week, and 0·5 below the average. The death-rate is 1·1 more than in the previous week, and 1·0 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 16·5 in Falkirk to 6·6 in Coatbridge. In Glasgow the rate was 12·6 and in Edinburgh 14·1.

There was 1 death from the principal epidemic diseases—due to influenza.

There were 115 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 103 to malignant neoplasms, 27 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 59, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 1·2 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·1 more than in the previous week, and 0·2 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 31, being 8 more than in the previous week. Of these, 12 were aged 0–6 days and 5 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 399, and are 45 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 29, and are 13 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 30th April 1963, was 17,768. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 48·1°, being 1·6° below that for the previous week, but 1·8° above the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·44 inch, and the mean sunshine 39·5 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

No. 18

Week ended Saturday, 4th May 1963

[illegible]

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 4th MAY 1963.

RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 30th APRIL 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over			Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 30th April 1963 **	
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571'0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Malignant Neoplasms (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)								
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	468	90	256	27	23	252	12.6	5	7	5	20	1	4	1	4	..	39	11	43	10	14	14	148	60	37	48.0	0.66	42.3	48.50	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	178	50	149	28	8	129	14.1	3	1	..	3	..	1	1	..	1	18	4	25	7	7	5	90	61	36	48.4	0.08	39.2	1400	
3. Aberdeen	186,000	82	11	52	15	6	43	12.1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	4	12	5	2	1	36	60	35	46.6	0.24	44.1	642
4. Dundee	183,900	71	17	49	4	7	52	14.7	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	4	15	1	1	1	32	..	..	..	..	..	742
5. Paisley	96,900	42	7	19	6	4	17	9.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	14	60	41	49.7	0.54	37.7	510
6. Greenock	74,600	24	7	12	1	1	12	8.4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	2	1	6	58	39	47.7	0.93	37.1	543
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	25	3	14	5	7	16	11.3	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	2	1	..	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	654
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	18	2	14	5	1	10	9.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	1	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	217
9. Coatbridge	55,000	20	..	8	3	2	7	6.6	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	..	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	324
10. Dunfermline	49,500	25	3	12	3	2	11	11.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	..	..	..	1	9	..	..	..	..	..	289
11. Clydebank	50,600	10	4	7	2	7	7	7.2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	2	2	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	392
12. Ayr	45,100	13	4	14	7	3	10	11.6	1	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	2	..	2	2	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	332
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	18	3	13	4	3	12	13.0	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	1	5	56	38	47.4	0.52	37.3	255
14. Perth	41,000	10	4	9	2	2	9	11.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	2	2	2	7	62	38	49.0	0.11	38.9	143
15. Hamilton	42,900	16	1	5	..	6	11	13.4	1	1	1	1	1	5	475
16. Falkirk	38,000	14	6	14	4	2	12	16.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	1	..	..	..	1							

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

|| Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

*** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices. † Weekly extremes. ‡ Weekly means.

† Weekly extremes.

○

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLANDBIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 11th May 1963

THE ROYAL SOCIETY
for the Promotion
OF HEALTH
LIBRARY*Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns*

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	19,881	421	7,694	14,610	598
1962	20,377	425	7,955	13,272	607
1961	19,849	420	8,110	13,213	570

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 11th May 1963, the births of 1,043 living children, and of 23 stillborn children, 158 marriages and 558 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 21·0 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 3·2 and the death-rate 11·2. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 22 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is the same as in the previous week, but 0·6 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 1·1 less than in the previous week, and 0·2 below the average. The death-rate is 1·2 less than in the previous week, and 0·3 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 19·0 in Dunfermline to 4·9 in Kirkcaldy. In Glasgow the rate was 11·3 and in Edinburgh 10·8.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 104 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 118 to malignant neoplasms, 30 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 48, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 1·0 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·2 less than in the previous week, but 0·2 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 24, being 7 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 16 were aged 0–6 days and 1 was aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 353, and are 46 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 30, and are 1 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 7th May 1963, was 17,354. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 48·1°, being the same as that for the previous week, but 0·5° above the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 1·09 inches, and the mean sunshine 45·1 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

No. 19

Week ended Saturday, 11th May 1963

COUNTIES AND LARGE BURGHS	Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	* Chickenpox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leprosy	Malaria	* Measles	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Plague	Pneumonia, Acute Influenzal	Pneumonia, Acute Primary	Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable *	Poliomyelitis Acute		Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Tuberculosis— Respiratory	Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	Typhoid Fever	Para-typhoid A	Para-typhoid B	Typhus Fever	Whooping Cough
																				Paralytic	Non-Paralytic											
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
NORTHERN REGION—																																
Caitness C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Inverness C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Inverness B.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nairn C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ross and Cromarty C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sutherland C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																
Aberdeen C.	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aberdeen B.	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Banff C.
Kincairdine C.
Moray C.
Orkney C.
Zetland C.
TOTAL	4	..	..	2	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
EASTERN REGION—																																
Angus C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8
Arbroath B.	27	1	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	12
Dundee B.	..	1	5	..	..	..	8	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
Perth and Kinross C.
Perth B.	20

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 11th MAY 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 7th MAY 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 7th May 1963 **			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over				Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (av- erage of all observations)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	426	67	257	61	31	227	11.3	10	8	1	12	4	2	1	1	..	45	12	43	7	8	13	147	59	35	48.2	1.12	42.8	481.5
2. Edinburgh	476,600	178	29	111	21	9	99	10.8	3	2	..	3	..	1	..	1	..	22	6	15	11	6	4	64	60	37	48.4	0.33	43.0	1307
3. Aberdeen	186,000	74	13	64	19	4	49	13.7	3	2	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	13	3	13	5	2	2	28	57	35	45.9	0.52	38.3	569
4. Dundee	183,900	86	11	53	8	4	49	13.9	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	13	3	7	1	3	2	33	60	38	49.5	..	45.4	643
5. Paisley	96,900	44	7	18	7	2	13	7.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	..	9	59	37	47.6	1.60	49.1	482	
6. Greenock	74,600	35	5	25	8	..	17	11.9	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	3	..	1	10	59	37	47.6	2.74	49.1	521	
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	20	5	13	5	6	14	9.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	1	1	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	604	
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	19	2	9	4	..	12	4.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	229	
9. Coatbridge	55,000	21	1	11	6	7	12	11.4	2	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	1	..	2	2	5	..	..	..	..	..	362	
10. Dunfermline	49,500	22	..	20	4	2	18	19.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	5	..	1	9	..	..	..	..	..	279	
11. Clydebank	50,600	24	2	9	5	3	7	7.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	335	
12. Ayr	45,100	12	4	7	3	4	8	9.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	349	
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	20	2	6	2	1	5	5.4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	3	..	60	38	48.9	0.94	48.3	287
14. Perth	41,000	16	4	10	5	1	6	7.6	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	4	..	..	5	..	59	37	48.4	0.41	48.7	157
15. Hamilton	42,900	13	1	5	2	7	10	12.2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	502
16. Falkirk	38,000	11	1	14	6	..	8	11.0	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	212
17. Airdrie	34,200	22	4	4	1	8	11	16.8	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	226
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 11th May 1963	2,593,500	1043	158	636	167	89	558	11.2	23	16	1	24	4	7	..	3	..	118	30	104	25	23	30	353	60†	35†	48.1†	1.09†	45.1†	..
4th May 1963	2,593,500	1046	214	650	116	82	616	12.4	19	12	5	31	1	4	3	5	1	103	27	115	29	30	29	399	62†	35†	48.1†	0.44†	39.5†	..
12th May 1962	2,596,400||	1121	173	618	136	91	573	11.5	25	20	2	28	2	4	1	7	2	113	38	99	20	22	32	344	68†	35†	53.0†	0.74†	23.4†	..

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
 † Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).
 ** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
 ‡ Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLANDTHE ROYAL SOCIETY
for the Promotion
OF PUBLIC HEALTH
LIBRARYBIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 18th May 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	20,949	442	7,837	15,199	628
1962	21,373	445	8,109	13,794	629
1961	20,914	445	8,228	13,798	603

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 18th May 1963, the births of 1,068 living children, and of 21 stillborn children, 143 marriages and 589 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 21·5 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 2·9 and the death-rate 11·8. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 19 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·5 more than in the previous week, and 0·6 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0·3 less than in the previous week, but the same as the average. The death-rate is 0·6 more than in the previous week, and 0·5 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 26·0 in Airdrie to 6·4 in Motherwell and Wishaw. In Glasgow the rate was 12·0 and in Edinburgh 13·3.

There was 1 death from the principal epidemic diseases due to measles.

There were 109 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 115 to malignant neoplasms, 27 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 51, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 1·0 per thousand. This death-rate is the same as in the previous week, but 0·1 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 30, being 6 more than in the previous week. Of these, 20 were aged 0–6 days and 3 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 350, and are 3 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 19, and are 11 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 14th May 1963, was 17,182. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 49·3°, being 1·2 above that for the previous week, but 0·7° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·84 inch, and the mean sunshine 27·5 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

Week ended Saturday, 18th May 1963

COUNTIES AND LARGE BURGHS	Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	Chickenpox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leptosy	Malaria	*	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Plague	Pneumonia, Acute Influenza, Acute	Pneumonia, Acute Primary	Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable	Polio- myelitis Acute		Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Tuberculosis— Respiratory	Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	Typhoid Fever	Para-typhoid A	Para-typhoid B	Typhus Fever	Whooping Cough
																				Paralytic	Non-Paralytic											
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
NORTHERN REGION—																																
Caithness C.
Inverness C.
Inverness B.
Nairn C.
Ross and Cromarty C.
Sutherland C.
TOTAL	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																
Aberdeen C.	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	5	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aberdeen B.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Banff C.
Kincardine C.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Moray C.
Orkney C.
Zetland C.
TOTAL	5	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	2	7	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	..

[illegible]

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 18th MAY 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 14th MAY 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marrriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 14th May 1963 **					
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)									
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)		
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	445	51	251	34	23	240	12.0	9	12	1	16	1	6	..	1	..	51	14	42	15	10	10	138	55	41	48.6	1.10	27.8	4706		
2. Edinburgh	476,600	167	34	117	8	13	122	13.3	3	5	1	8	..	3	2	..	..	20	4	22	3	5	5	74	60	40	49.8	0.26	28.2	1299
3. Aberdeen	186,000	61	14	50	13	5	42	11.8	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	6	..	12	2	4	3	28	56	39	47.9	0.87	29.4	623
4. Dundee	183,900	101	11	46	8	3	40	11.3	2	1	..	2	1	..	..	..	1	12	2	7	..	2	1	24	..	..	..	..	..	664
5. Paisley	96,900	40	2	21	3	2	16	8.6	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	9	57	42	50.2	1.05	23.9	468
6. Greenock	74,600	23	5	21	3	2	20	14.0	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	1	2	..	..	..	11	55	43	49.0	1.39	27.9	496
7. Motherwell	73,700	32	1	7	3	5	9	6.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	625
8. Wishaw	52,900	13	2	17	7	4	14	13.8	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	1	3	..	1	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	211
9. Kirkcaldy	55,000	39	2	11	6	3	8	7.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	366
10. Coatbridge	49,500	24	4	8	..	1	9	9.5	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	..	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	255
11. Dunfermline	50,600	19	2	6	5	9	10	10.3	..	5	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	290
12. Clydebank	45,100	18	2	11	2	1	10	11.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	248
13. Ayr	48,300	16	4	9	5	..	6	6.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	2	..	7	7	..	..	..	..	..	205
14. Kilmarnock	41,000	11	2	9	..	4	12	15.3	9	1	2	3	3	27.9	484	
15. Perth	42,900	25	5	2	..	4	6	7.3	1	1	..	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	7	7	260	
16. Hamilton	38,000	17	1	14	7	1	8	11.0	1	3	7	7	234	
17. Falkirk	34,200	17	1	7	..	10	17	26.0	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	2	1	3	15
TOTALS FOR																																
17 Towns Week ended 18th May 1963	2,593,500	1068	143	609	109	89	589	11.8	21	20	3	30	2	13	2	5	1	115	27	109	24	27	19	350	60†	39†	49.3†	0.84†	27.5†			
11th May 1963	2,593,500	1043	158	636	167	89	558	11.2	23	16	1	24	4	7	..	3	..	118	30	104	25	23	30	353	60†	35†	48.1†	1.09†	45.1†			
19th May 1962	2,596,400||	996	154	574	116	64	522	10.5	20	16	2	22	2	3	..	4	..	97	25	92	19	25	22	315	65†	34†	49.7†	0.56†	46.4†			

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
† Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly means.

† Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLANDBIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 25th May 1963

THE ROYAL SOCIETY
for the Promotion
OF HEALTH
LIBRARY*Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns*

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	21,970	461	7,993	15,751	659
1962	22,463	477	8,287	14,347	655
1961	22,053	480	8,449	14,377	638

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 25th May 1963, the births of 1,021 living children, and of 19 stillborn children, 156 marriages and 552 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 20·5 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 3·1 and the death-rate 11·1. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 18 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1·0 less than in the previous week, and 0·8 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0·2 more than in the previous week, but 0·5 below the average. The death-rate is 0·7 less than in the previous week, but the same as the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 14·0 in Perth to 6·9 in Falkirk. In Glasgow the rate was 11·8 and in Edinburgh 10·9.

There was 1 death from the principal epidemic diseases due to influenza.

There were 118 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 108 to malignant neoplasms, 30 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 49, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 1·0 per thousand. This death-rate is the same as in the previous week, but 0·2 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 31, being 1 more than in the previous week. Of these, 16 were aged 0–6 days and 1 was aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 345, and are 5 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 22, and are 3 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 21st May 1963, was 16,358. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 47·0°, being 2·3 below that for the previous week, and 4·8° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·95 inch, and the mean sunshine 41·9 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 25th MAY 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 21st MAY 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 21st May 1963 **				
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571-0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	Malignant Neoplasms		Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over				Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)	
																		All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)												
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	408	52	246	31	21	236	11.8	10	7	1	16	1	3	..	4	..	46	14	42	11	15	12	136	59	36	47.3	0.89	45.6	4593	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	164	48	104	8	4	100	10.9	6	4	..	5	1	1	..	1	1	18	7	23	3	5	2	70	57	36	47.3	1.07	33.1	1103	
3. Aberdeen	186,000	61	12	45	15	2	32	9.0	2	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	9	..	10	2	..	1	23	54	34	44.8	0.94	43.8	580
4. Dundee	183,900	71	10	43	2	4	45	12.8	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	10	2	10	..	..	..	30	..	34	..	..	..	619
5. Paisley	96,900	43	5	27	6	3	24	12.9	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	3	1	8	..	..	..	18	60	37	48.3	0.82	41.1	509
6. Greenock	74,600	41	3	16	4	2	14	9.8	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	4	..	..	..	8	59	38	47.9	0.62	47.7	413
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	31	6	10	3	10	17	12.0	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	3	2	2	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	575
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	21	3	12	5	3	10	9.9	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	1	1	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	200
9. Coatbridge	55,000	22	2	8	3	5	10	9.5	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	3	..	..	8	3	..	..	..	..	..	320
10. Dunfermline	49,500	30	4	13	4	1	10	10.5	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	3	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	241
11. Clydebank	50,600	24	2	3	2	8	9	9.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	1	1	1	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	346
12. Ayr	45,100	18	2	13	6	..	7	8.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	5	60	35	47.1	1.49	47.2	319
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	15	..	6	3	4	7	7.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	7	60	34	46.4	0.81	34.7	165
14. Perth	41,000	13	3	7	1	1	11	14.0	..	1	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	6	1	2	2	1	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	464
15. Hamilton	42,900	18	3	7	2	..	5	6.9	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	273
16. Falkirk	38,000	18	3	7	2	..	5	7.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	3	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	213
17. Airdrie	34,200	23	1	2	..	3	5	7.6	1	1	3	4
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 25th May 1963	2,593,500	1021	156	579	102	75	552	11.1	19	16	1	31	4	6	1	5	1	108	30	118	22	27	22	345	60†	34†	47.0†	0.95†	41.9†
18th May 1963	2,593,500	1068	143	609	109	89	589	11.8	21	20	3	30	2	13	2	5	1	115	27	109	24	27	19	350	60†	39†	49.3†	0.84†	27.5†
26th May 1962	2,596,400||	1090	178	596	131	88	553	11.1	32	16	4	26	3	8	1	6	..	108	30	115	15	21	31	336	62†	30†	48.4†	0.41†	50.6†

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

|| Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward areas served by those offices.

† Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 1st June 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	22,950	490	8,185	16,336	691
1962	23,528	496	8,539	14,925	684
1961	23,049	503	8,688	14,962	665

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 1st June 1963, the births of 980 living children, and of 29 stillborn children, 192 marriages and 585 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 19·7 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 3·9 and the death-rate 11·8. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 29 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·8 less than in the previous week, and 0·8 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0·8 more than in the previous week, but 0·6 below the average. The death-rate is 0·7 more than in the previous week, and 0·1 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 19·6 in Greenock to 4·9 in Hamilton.

In Glasgow the rate was 11·6 and in Edinburgh 12·4.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 100 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 111 to malignant neoplasms, 26 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 46, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·9 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·1 less than in the previous week, but 0·1 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 32, being 1 more than in the previous week. Of these, 18 were aged 0–6 days and 3 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 360, and are 15 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 28, and are 6 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 28th May 1963, was 16,091. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 54·3°, being 7·3° above that for the previous week, and 0·5° above the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·01 inch, and the mean sunshine 67·2 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 1st JUNE 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 28th MAY 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 28th May 1963 **			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhea under 2 years of age (571-0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over				Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	454	79	248	41	25	232	11.6	9	8	1	15	1	3	..	4	..	41	14	41	9	12	13	139	72	41	54.2	0.00	68.5	4182
2. Edinburgh	476,600	155	37	123	16	6	113	12.4	6	2	1	4	1	..	..	..	..	22	4	18	6	2	5	82	64	43	52.9	..	66.6	1350
3. Aberdeen	186,000	65	17	48	13	4	39	10.9	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	10	3	9	3	2	5	23	63	38	50.8	..	58.0	604
4. Dundee	183,900	70	15	49	6	1	44	12.5	4	2	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	10	1	10	1	2	..	29	74	42	56.4	0.01	66.3	663
5. Paisley	96,900	28	7	21	6	1	16	8.6	4	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	8	74	42	56.4	0.01	66.3	434	
6. Greenock	74,600	35	8	36	9	1	28	19.6	1	1	1	2	2	..	..	..	..	3	..	3	2	..	2	18	73	43	56.3	0.02	71.8	512
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	31	7	18	6	8	20	14.1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	3	1	2	2	11	..	..	..	..	..	587
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	15	1	15	3	1	13	12.8	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	4	..	3	2	..	6	10	..	..	..	..	..	227
9. Coatbridge	55,000	12	2	11	..	7	18	17.1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	3	..	..	6	10	..	..	..	..	..	322
10. Dunfermline	49,500	21	2	8	2	1	7	7.4	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	2	1	..	..	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	216
11. Clydebank	50,600	20	2	11	5	8	14	14.4	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	3	..	2	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	356
12. Ayr	45,100	3	3	9	3	1	7	8.1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	5	1	1	..	2	..	5	75	40	56.5	0.00	N.A.	289
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	23	2	7	1	5	11	11.9	..	1	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	1	..	7	70	38	52.9	0.02	72.2	226
14. Perth	41,000	9	2	13	5	3	9	11.5	1	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	2	5	70	38	52.9	..	..	193
15. Hamilton	42,900	10	2	1	5	3	4	4.9	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	406
16. Falkirk	38,000	18	3	8	..	2	5	6.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	237
17. Airdrie	34,200	11	3	1	1	5	5	7.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	213
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 1st June 1963	2,593,500	980	192	627	122	80	585	11.8	29	18	3	32	4	7	..	5	..	111	26	100	23	23	28	360	75†	38†	54.3†	0.01†	67.2†	..
25th May 1963	2,593,500	1021	156	579	102	75	552	11.1	19	16	1	31	4	6	1	5	1	108	30	118	22	27	22	345	60†	34†	47.0†	0.95†	41.9†	..
2nd June 1962	2,596,400||	1065	252	634	125	69	578	11.6	19	17	3	29	..	7	2	5	2	117	36	111	16	20	18	357	65†	32†	48.7†	0.20†	44.8†	..

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

† Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly extremes.

† Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL
SCOTLANDBIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 8th June 1963

THE ROYAL SOCIETY
for the Promotion
OF HEALTH
LIBRARY*Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns*

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	24,044	514	8,631	16,895	719
1962	24,652	517	8,943	15,524	713
1961	24,019	532	9,148	15,481	687

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 8th June 1963, the births of 1,094 living children, and of 24 stillborn children, 446 marriages and 559 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 22·0 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 9·0 and the death-rate 11·2. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 21 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 2·3 more than in the previous week, and 1·6 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 5·1 more than in the previous week, and 0·9 above the average. The death-rate is 0·6 less than in the previous week, but 0·5 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 24·4 in Airdrie to 4·9 in Hamilton.

In Glasgow the rate was 10·9 and in Edinburgh 11·9.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 117 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 97 to malignant neoplasms, 22 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 44, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·9 per thousand. This death-rate is the same as in the previous week, but 0·2 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 28, being 4 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 16 were aged 0–6 days and 2 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 349, and are 11 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 25, and are 3 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 4th June 1963, was 16,648. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 57·2°, being 2·9° above that for the previous week, and 2·9° above the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·19 inch, and the mean sunshine 53·7 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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SOUTH-EASTERN REGION—															
Berwick C.
East Lothian C.
Fife C.	2	3	1	2
Dunfermline B.	14
Kirkcaldy B.	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Midlothian C.	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	10	..	..	5	1	..	14
Edinburgh B.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Peebles C.	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Roxburgh C.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Selkirk C.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
West Lothian C.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	..	2	..	..	..	4	..	2	27	..	1	..	3	7	15
WESTERN REGION—															
Argyll C.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ayr C.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ayr B.	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	2	..	2	..
Kilmarnock B.	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bute C.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Clackmannan C.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dumfries C.	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2
Dumfries B.	..	..	..	..	1	4	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
Dunbarton C.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Clydebank B.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dumbarton B.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kirkcudbright C.	..	2	..	..	7	..	..	..	1	..	12	4	1	..	6
Lanark C.	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Airdrie B.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coatbridge B.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Glasgow B.	7	54	2	1	71	2	19	1	20	..	54	..	15	1	47
Hamilton B.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Motherwell B.	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..
Rutherglen B.	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	..
Renfrew C.	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	7	..	4	1	1	3	5
Greenock B.	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	..	3	2	..	..	..
Paisley B.	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Port-Glasgow B.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Stirling C.	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..
Falkirk B.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Stirling B.	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Wigtown C.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	..	9	63	..	2	1	99	2	1	51	84	10	..	34	61
GRAND TOTAL FOR 8-6-63	..	9	66	..	2	1	143	2	3	94	97	11	..	49	96
" " 1-6-63	..	7	72	..	3	1	226	7	2	223	3	107	11	53	84
" " 9-6-62	..	13	170	..	2	2	189	..	..	106	102	11	3	47	11

• Diseases so marked are not generally notifiable in Scotland.

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 8th JUNE 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 4th JUNE 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature of Air.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 4th June 1963 **			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	464	178	239	44	23	218	10.9	12	5	2	14	1	2	2	4	..	19	12	41	7	13	15	119	74	45	57.7	0.23	58.4	4818
2. Edinburgh	476,600	165	83	111	9	7	109	11.9	5	5	..	5	3	1	..	..	..	36	2	18	5	3	4	76	69	47	54.5	0.21	45.8	1271
3. Aberdeen	186,000	71	38	62	18	3	47	13.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	3	14	2	..	3	29	65	43	54.1	0.16	51.5	612	
4. Dundee	183,900	68	17	30	4	5	31	8.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	11	2	..	26	76	48	58.3	0.27	54.3	638	
5. Paisley	96,900	44	16	27	6	1	22	11.8	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	7	1	2	..	..	14	76	49	59.0	0.14	55.6	446	
6. Greenock	74,600	31	15	13	3	1	11	7.7	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	3	..	..	8	74	49	59.0	0.14	55.6	456	
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	36	12	8	2	8	14	9.9	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	3	..	1	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	676
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	13	9	15	6	1	10	9.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	223
9. Coatbridge	55,000	37	13	13	5	4	12	11.4	..	1	..	2	..	1	..	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	385
10. Dunfermline	49,500	18	9	17	4	3	16	16.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	4	..	2	1	9	..	..	..	..	..	208
11. Clydebank	50,600	28	7	12	3	4	13	13.4	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	1	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	357
12. Ayr	45,100	25	10	10	4	5	11	12.7	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	1	..	1	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	294
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	22	9	11	3	1	9	9.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	7	77	47	59.3	0.06	N.A.	244	
14. Perth	41,000	19	9	13	5	4	12	15.3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	1	1	..	..	6	6	76	43	57.5	0.24	56.5	138
15. Hamilton	42,900	14	11	..	..	4	4	4.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	493
16. Falkirk	38,000	13	8	8	5	1	4	5.5	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	238
17. Airdrie	34,200	26	2	8	2	10	16	24.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	6	..	1	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	212
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 8th June 1963	2,593,500	1094	446	597	123	85	559	11.2	24	16	2	28	4	4	3	5	..	97	22	117	19	25	25	349	77†	43†	57.2†	0.19†	53.7†	..
1st June 1963	2,593,500	980	192	627	122	80	585	11.8	29	18	3	32	4	7	..	5	..	111	26	100	23	23	28	360	75†	38†	54.3†	0.01†	67.2†	..
9th June 1962	2,596,400||	1124	404	639	121	81	599	12.0	21	23	..	29	9	2	1	3	..	107	31	125	24	21	30	364	77†	40†	58.5†	0.01†	76.3†	..

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

† Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050.051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLANDBIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 15th June 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	25,148	534	9,013	17,415	746
1962	25,687	534	9,308	16,087	745
1961	25,080	548	9,539	16,018	710

IN the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 15th June 1963, the births of 1,104 living children, and of 20 stillborn children, 382 marriages and 520 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 22·2 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 7·7 and the death-rate 10·5. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 18 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·2 more than in the previous week, and 1·6 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 1·3 less than in the previous week, and 0·9 below the average. The death-rate is 0·7 less than in the previous week, and 0·2 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 15·0 in Ayr to 4·1 in Falkirk.

In Glasgow the rate was 10·5 and in Edinburgh 12·1.

There were 2 deaths from the principal epidemic diseases—1 was due to measles and 1 to scarlet fever.

There were 95 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 116 to malignant neoplasms, 22 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 33, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·7 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·2 less than in the previous week, but 0·1 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 27, being 1 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 18 were aged 0–6 days and 4 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 297, and are 52 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 31, and are 6 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 11th June 1963, was 16,657. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 59·2°, being 2·0° above that for the previous week, and 4·6° above the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·38 inch, and the mean sunshine 45·1 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

Week ended Saturday, 15th June 1963

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLANDBIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 22nd June 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	26,206	547	9,413	17,937	772
1962	26,765	554	9,672	16,608	770
1961	26,085	567	9,977	16,557	736

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 22nd June 1963, the births of 1,058 living children, and of 13 stillborn children, 400 marriages and 522 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 21·3 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 8·0 and the death-rate 10·5. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 12 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·9 less than in the previous week, but 0·6 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0·3 more than in the previous week, but the same as the average. The death-rate is the same as in the previous week, but 0·1 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 13·0 in Kilmarnock to 4·9 in Hamilton.

In Glasgow the rate was 10·9 and in Edinburgh 12·0.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 113 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 87 to malignant neoplasms, 26 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 36, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·7 per thousand. This death-rate is the same as in the previous week, and the same as the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 26, being 1 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 15 were aged 0–6 days and 4 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 324, and are 27 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 28, and are 3 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 18th June 1963, was 15,833. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 54·7°, being 4·5° below that for the previous week, and 0·7° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 1·34 inches, and the mean sunshine 27·6 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 22nd JUNE 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 18th JUNE 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 18th June 1963 **			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773-776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhea under 2 years of age (571-0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases	All Forms (140-205)	Malignant Neoplasms (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	453	174	211	22	30	219	10.9	8	9	2	15	..	6	..	3	..	31	11	52	9	13	121	61	45	53.8	1.52	34.0	4278	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	173	71	113	9	6	110	12.0	..	1	1	2	..	1	..	..	19	5	22	3	4	7	121	64	45	55.0	1.42	28.0	1277
3. Aberdeen	186,000	67	38	48	20	5	33	9.3	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	7	3	7	3	1	2	25	65	41	54.1	2.92	22.8	557
4. Dundee	183,900	79	26	37	2	4	39	11.1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	8	3	5	1	..	2	29	68	47	55.0	0.04	24.6	646
5. Paisley	96,900	47	14	25	5	..	20	10.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	4	4	..	1	10	63	47	55.5	1.14	26.5	432
6. Greenock	74,600	32	9	16	2	..	14	9.8	..	3	..	3	1	..	..	..	2	..	4	..	..	1	9	61	48	54.6	1.60	27.6	449
7. Motherwell																														
8. Wishaw	73,700	21	9	7	3	3	7	5.0	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	588
9. Kirkcaldy	52,900	14	3	14	9	2	7	6.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	237
10. Coatbridge	55,000	41	4	10	2	4	12	11.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	2	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	292
11. Dunfermline	49,500	11	7	8	1	..	7	7.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	205
12. Clydebank	50,600	14	7	9	..	6	8	8.2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	336
13. Avon	45,100	20	7	2	1	2	10	11.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	4	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	279
14. Kilmarnock	48,300	17	5	11	6	7	12	13.0	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	2	..	4	1	2	..	8	63	47	55.0	0.84	22.6	250
15. Perth	41,000	16	8	9	1	1	9	11.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	4	..	..	2	2	63	46	54.6	1.23	34.1	130
16. Hamilton	42,900	22	5	3	1	2	4	4.9	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	427
17. Falkirk	38,000	19	8	12	6	..	6	8.2	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	260
18. Airdrie	34,200	12	5	4	1	2	5	7.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	4	3	..	..	..	..	..	205
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 22nd June 1963	2,593,500	1058	400	539	91	74	522	10.5	13	15	4	26	2	8	1	4	..	87	26	113	18	28	324	68†	41†	54.7†	1.34†	27.6†		
15th June 1963	2,593,500	1104	382	572	126	74	520	10.5	20	18	4	27	1	5	1	5	2	116	22	95	13	31	297	79†	43†	59.2†	0.38†	45.1†		
23rd June 1962	2,596,400	1078	364	565	120	76	521	10.5	20	16	2	25	2	7	..	2	1	106	29	85	15	23	316	69†	40†	56.2†	1.20†	39.0†		

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

† Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly extremes.

‡ Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 29th June 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	27,244	564	9,869	18,434	789
1962	27,862	571	10,115	17,123	797
1961	27,083	592	10,465	17,082	752

IN the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 29th June 1963, the births of 1,038 living children, and of 17 stillborn children, 456 marriages and 497 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 20·9 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 9·2 and the death-rate 10·0. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 16 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·4 less than in the previous week, but 0·4 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 1·2 more than in the previous week, but 0·1 below the average. The death-rate is 0·5 less than in the previous week, and 0·2 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 14·9 in Motherwell and Wishaw to 6·1 in Hamilton.

In Glasgow the rate was 10·6 and in Edinburgh 10·5.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 94 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 111 to malignant neoplasms, 23 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 29, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·6 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·1 less than in the previous week, but 0·1 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 17, being 9 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 6 were aged 0–6 days and 5 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 305, and are 19 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 20, and are 8 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 25th June 1963, was 15,274. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 54·5°, being 0·2° below that for the previous week and 1·6° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 1·07 inches, and the mean sunshine 17·3 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 29th JUNE 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 25th JUNE 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fabr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 25th June 1963 **			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	454	174	223	33	23	213	10.6	6	5	4	12	1	5	1	2	..	47	14	37	6	6	11	115	62	47	54.2	1.53	14.9	4038
2. Edinburgh	476,600	154	83	108	15	3	96	10.5	2	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	24	2	21	3	3	2	66	64	48	53.7	1.34	13.6	1182
3. Aberdeen	186,000	80	30	35	8	1	28	7.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	6	..	..	19	60	46	52.8	0.65	26.1	597	
4. Dundee	183,900	73	31	49	12	2	39	11.1	4	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	10	2	9	3	1	..	27	64	46	55.4	1.03	15.0	602
5. Paisley	96,900	32	15	20	9	1	12	6.5	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	3	..	1	..	..	6	65	49	55.7	0.77	17.5	429	
6. Greenock	74,600	32	20	17	5	2	14	9.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	..	1	..	2	10	64	48	55.1	0.94	24.8	420	
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	39	19	8	1	14	21	14.9	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	3	..	5	1	2	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	607
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	19	8	10	4	1	7	6.9	..	1	..	2	1	1	..	1	..	4	1	1	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	223
9. Coatbridge	55,000	31	4	8	3	7	12	11.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	315
10. Dunfermline	49,500	11	6	10	2	..	8	8.4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	224
11. Clydebank	50,600	16	8	5	2	3	6	6.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	320
12. Ayr	45,100	17	9	12	6	2	8	9.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	310
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	23	9	9	4	3	8	8.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	5	..	62	48	54.7	0.63	15.4	220
14. Perth	41,000	16	12	6	2	1	5	6.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	3	..	63	45	54.6	1.67	11.1	138
15. Hamilton	42,900	17	8	6	1	..	9	6.1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	405
16. Falkirk	38,000	15	14	16	8	1	9	12.4	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	2	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	251
17. Airdrie	34,200	9	6	3	1	4	6	9.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	224
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 29th June 1963	2,593,500	1038	456	545	116	68	497	10.0	17	6	5	17	2	9	1	9	..	111	23	94	17	12	20	305	65†	45†	54.5†	1.07†	17.3†	
22nd June 1963	2,593,500	1058	400	539	91	74	522	10.5	13	15	4	26	2	8	1	4	..	87	26	113	18	18	28	324	68†	41†	54.7†	1.34†	27.6†	
30th June 1962	2,596,400	1097	443	559	131	87	515	10.3	17	18	3	27	3	9	..	5	..	102	22	112	19	17	20	323	69†	39†	53.3†	0.18†	34.5†	

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
 ‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by these offices.
 † Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL
SCOTLANDBIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 6th July 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	28,286	587	10,474	19,028	821
1962	28,934	596	10,711	17,686	824
1961	28,072	625	11,056	17,578	779

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 6th July 1963, the births of 1,042 living children, and of 23 stillborn children, 605 marriages and 594 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 20·9 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 12·2 and the death-rate 11·9. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 22 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is the same as in the previous week, but 0·9 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 3·0 more than in the previous week, and 0·8 above the average. The death-rate is 1·9 more than in the previous week, and 1·4 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 17·4 in Ayr to 5·3 in Dunfermline.

In Glasgow the rate was 11·7 and in Edinburgh 12·3.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 121 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 122 to malignant neoplasms, 38 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 40, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·8 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·2 more than in the previous week, and 0·2 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 32, being 15 more than in the previous week. Of these, 22 were aged 0-6 days and 1 was aged 7-27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 354, and are 49 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 16, and are 4 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 2nd July 1963, was 15,685. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 55·9°, being 1·4° above that for the previous week but 1·7° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901-1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·82 inches, and the mean sunshine 12·9 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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No. 27

Week ended Saturday, 6th July 1963

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 6th JULY 1963.

RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 2nd JULY 1963

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

*** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 13th July 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	29,206	606	10,997	19,554	837
1962	29,919	614	11,267	18,160	856
1961	29,038	644	11,605	18,070	798

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 13th July 1963, the births of 920 living children, and of 19 stillborn children, 523 marriages and 526 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 18·5 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 10·5 and the death-rate 10·6. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 20 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 2·4 less than in the previous week, and 1·0 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 1·7 less than in the previous week, and 0·7 below the average. The death-rate is 1·3 less than in the previous week, but 0·7 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 20·6 in Falkirk to 2·2 in Kilmarnock.

In Glasgow the rate was 10·5 and in Edinburgh 11·8.

There were 2 deaths from the principal epidemic diseases—1 was due to influenza and 1 to whooping cough.

There were 93 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 119 to malignant neoplasms, 41 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 38, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·8 per thousand. This death-rate is the same as in the previous week, but 0·3 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 16, being 16 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 7 were aged 0–6 days and 1 was aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 329, and are 25 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 30, and are 14 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 9th July 1963, was 14,159. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 54·2°, being 1·7° below that for the previous week and 4·4° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·56 inches, and the mean sunshine 21·8 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 13th JULY 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 9th JULY 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 9th July 1963 **				
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred In	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571-0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Malignant Neoplasms (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	378	229	220	34	24	210	10.5	12	3	1	8	1	3	..	1	2	46	19	39	8	11	15	120	64	47	54.3	0.55	21.8	3953	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	171	62	117	16	7	108	11.8	1	2	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	23	7	17	1	4	6	67	64	46	54.1	0.43	19.9	1120
3. Aberdeen	186,000	55	58	42	15	3	30	8.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	3	7	1	2	2	30	60	40	51.1	0.40	20.3	433
4. Dundee	183,900	69	39	43	9	6	40	11.3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	4	8	..	..	..	19	65	48	55.4	..	18.4	399
5. Paisley	96,900	31	16	30	6	1	25	13.5	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	4	1	3	..	2	..	10	63	48	55.3	0.32	25.5	284
6. Greenock	74,600	22	5	16	1	1	16	11.2	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	5	1	3	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	580
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	22	18	5	..	6	11	7.8	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	4	2	1	3	..	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	178
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	18	18	14	7	3	10	9.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	336
9. Coatbridge	55,000	24	14	10	4	1	7	6.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	4	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	185
10. Coatbridge	49,500	15	6	17	6	1	12	12.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	260
11. Dunfermline	49,500	22	9	4	3	3	4	4.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	7	7	..	..	..	..	..	251
12. Clydebank	50,600	22	4	4	3	2	4	11.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	3	..	..	..	2	63	47	54.4	0.33	26.3	219
13. Ayr	45,100	19	7	9	1	2	10	11.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	65	48	54.5	0.98	20.3	452
14. Kilmarnock	48,300	26	8	4	2	..	2	2.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	126
15. Perth	41,000	7	10	6	4	5	7	8.9	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	199
16. Hamilton	42,900	14	14	7	..	6	13	15.8	..	2	..	2	..	2	1	..	2
17. Falkirk	38,000	16	7	15	1	1	15	20.6	2	..	1
17. Airdrie	34,200	11	9	3	..	3	6	9.2	3	..	1	1
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 13th July 1963	2,593,500	920	523	562	109	73	526	10.6	19	7	1	16	1	7	..	2	2	119	41	93	16	22	30	329	65†	40†	54.2‡	0.56‡	21.8‡
6th July 1963	2,593,500	1042	605	632	119	81	594	11.9	23	22	1	32	6	4	..	4	..	122	38	121	20	20	16	354	66†	49†	55.9‡	0.82‡	12.9‡
14th July 1962	2,596,400||	985	556	521	115	68	474	9.5	18	22	4	32	6	8	..	6	..	99	32	86	11	9	23	282	77†	42†	56.1‡	0.76‡	25.7‡

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
|| Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
† Weekly extremes.
‡ Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLANDBIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 20th July 1963

THE ROYAL SOCIETY
for the Promotion
OF HEALTH
LIBRARY*Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns*

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	30,305	631	11,531	20,094	862
1962	31,031	643	11,890	18,700	887
1961	30,088	673	12,303	18,614	826

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 20th July 1963, the births of 1,099 living children, and of 25 stillborn children, 534 marriages and 540 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 22.1 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 10.7 and the death-rate 10.9. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 22 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 3.6 more than in the previous week, and 2.2 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0.2 more than in the previous week, but 1.6 below the average. The death-rate is 0.3 more than in the previous week, and 0.7 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 16.2 in Ayr to 3.1 in Clydebank.

In Glasgow the rate was 11.8 and in Edinburgh 10.5.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 102 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 115 to malignant neoplasms, 36 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 38, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0.8 per thousand. This death-rate is the same as in the previous week, but 0.2 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 25, being 9 more than in the previous week. Of these, 18 were aged 0-6 days and 2 were aged 7-27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 318, and are 11 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 31, and are 1 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 16th July 1963, was 16,066. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 56.2°, being 2.0° above that for the previous week but 2.9° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901-1930.

The mean rainfall was 0.62 inch, and the mean sunshine 40.2 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES
notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

No. 29

Week ended Saturday, 20th July 1963

[illegible]

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 20th JULY 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 16th JULY 1963

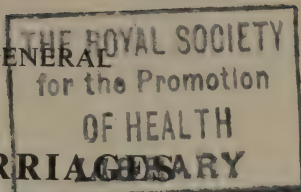
TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 16th July 1963 **			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571-0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases §	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	484	270	33	33	34	237	11.8	12	8	1	12	1	3	1	..	..	51	17	34	7	8	20	133	68	46	56.1	0.70	38.3	4989
2. Edinburgh	476,600	179	65	113	24	7	96	10.5	4	3	1	6	..	2	2	..	..	15	7	22	3	4	4	54	69	48	57.4	0.08	43.8	884
3. Aberdeen	186,000	70	30	46	11	4	39	10.9	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	7	3	9	1	2	2	26	64	41	54.2	0.62	37.7	401
4. Dundee	183,900	69	30	31	4	6	33	9.4	4	4	..	4	..	1	..	..	..	9	3	7	..	1	1	18	..	..	..	..	..	598
5. Paisley	96,900	52	17	27	4	3	26	14.0	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	4	..	8	..	..	10	68	46	57.3	0.79	38.6	630	
6. Greenock	74,600	30	5	12	3	5	14	9.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	1	..	..	10	66	42	56.2	1.27	43.7	343	
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	33	19	4	3	8	9	6.4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	4	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	741
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	16	4	10	3	2	9	8.9	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	1	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	183
9. Coatbridge	55,000	28	12	11	4	8	15	14.2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	5	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	344
10. Dunfermline	49,500	15	13	11	4	1	8	8.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	197
11. Clydebank	50,600	22	5	4	3	2	3	3.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	418
12. Ayr	45,100	16	9	13	4	5	14	16.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	3	1	2	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	292
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	20	6	12	5	1	8	8.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	5	64	44	55.6	0.57	44.0	220	
14. Perth	41,000	18	7	11	4	..	7	8.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	10	70	46	56.5	0.34	35.4	131	
15. Hamilton	42,900	18	14	6	1	6	11	13.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	4	1	2	1	10	..	..	..	..	..	558
16. Falkirk	38,000	8	7	9	5	1	5	6.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	188
17. Airdrie	34,200	21	21	1	..	5	6	9.2	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	1	..	3	3	67	40	54.8	1.36	26.5	203
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 20th July 1963 .	2,593,500	1099	534	557	115	98	540	10.9	25	18	2	25	2	5	3	1	..	115	36	102	16	22	31	318	70	41	56.2	0.62	40.2	..
13th July 1963 .	2,593,500	920	523	562	109	73	526	10.6	19	7	1	16	1	7	..	2	2	119	41	93	16	22	30	329	65	40	54.2	0.56	21.8	..
21st July 1962 .	2,596,400||	1112	623	574	122	88	540	10.8	29	21	2	31	5	8	2	5	..	97	25	113	9	15	36	339	67	40	54.8	1.36	26.5	..

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

§ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT

WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 27th July 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	31,318	653	11,926	20,624	880
1962	32,121	670	12,265	19,189	912
1961	31,120	692	12,704	19,078	847

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 27th July 1963, the births of 1,013 living children, and of 22 stillborn children, 395 marriages and 530 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 20·4 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 7·9 and the death-rate 10·7. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 21 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1·7 less than in the previous week, but 0·1 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 2·8 less than in the previous week, and 2·9 below the average. The death-rate is 0·2 less than in the previous week, but 0·6 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 21·6 in Perth to 5·7 in Coatbridge.

In Glasgow the rate was 10·3 and in Edinburgh 11·5.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 102 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 114 to malignant neoplasms, 27 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 28, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·6 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·2 less than in the previous week, but the same as the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 18, being 7 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 13 were aged 0–6 days and 1 was aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 332, and are 14 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 23, and are 8 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 23rd July 1963, was 13,728. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 56·7°, being 0·5° above that for the previous week but 1·2° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·70 inch, and the mean sunshine 48·6 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES
notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

No. 30

Week ended Saturday, 27th July 1963

[illegible]

[illegible]

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 27th JULY 1963.
RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 23rd JULY 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Deaths				Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 31st July 1963 **							
		Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths				Stillbirths	Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Congenital Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571-0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	Malignant Neoplasms		Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)					
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred In	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year						All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	490	123	219	40	28	207	10.3	16	6	1	9	2	3	..	2	..	44	13	43	7	120	7	120	69	45	56.6	0.63	52.5	4024	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	134	72	113	17	9	105	11.5	2	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	21	4	21	4	75	2	75	74	45	58.8	0.15	49.1	1214	
3. Aberdeen	186,000	63	45	49	14	5	40	11.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	3	10	3	1	2	3	26	68	54.8	0.79	43.7	433	
4. Dundee	183,900	86	65	41	10	3	34	9.6	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	11	3	6	1	1	1	1	10	71	57.9	0.88	47.6	622	
5. Paisley	96,900	31	15	15	3	3	15	8.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	..	..	..	7	69	46	57.3	0.85	49.7	441	
6. Greenock	74,600	33	9	14	4	3	13	9.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	1	11	7	47	57.9	0.88	47.6	447	
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	29	5	13	4	11	20	14.1	2	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	..	6	9	..	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	400
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	17	4	11	6	3	8	7.9	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	123
9. Coatbridge	55,000	10	6	8	3	1	6	5.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	240
10. Dunfermline	49,500	24	9	16	6	4	14	14.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	2	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	144
11. Clydebank	50,600	16	4	5	..	6	11	11.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	3	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	403
12. Ayr	45,100	6	6	16	7	..	9	10.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	2	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	218
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	14	21	11	4	4	3	10.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	222
14. Perth	41,000	19	5	16	3	4	17	21.6	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	5	1	2	2	1	..	8	..	43	54.6	0.90	48.9	105	
15. Hamilton	42,900	9	2	4	1	3	6	7.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	260
16. Falkirk	38,000	15	3	12	7	2	7	9.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	184
17. Airdrie	34,200	17	1	5	..	3	8	12.2	1	1	..	2	1	..	1	3	165
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 27th July 1963 .	2,593,500	1013	395	568	129	91	530	10.7	22	13	1	18	3	6	..	5	..	114	27	102	12	16	23	332	74†	41†	56.7‡	0.70‡	48.6‡		
20th July 1963 .	2,593,500	1099	534	557	115	98	540	10.9	25	18	2	25	2	5	3	1	..	115	36	102	16	22	31	318	70†	41†	56.2‡	0.62‡	40.2‡		
28th July 1962 .	2,596,400||	1090	375	525	127	91	489	9.8	27	10	8	25	8	4	..	1	1	112	24	94	16	13	22	299	70†	39†	55.1‡	0.82‡	41.1‡		

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
† Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (065) and Rubella (400, 403).
** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
‡ Weekly extremes.

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT

WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 3rd August 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	32,312	680	12,287	21,181	894
1962	33,103	693	12,642	19,742	940
1961	32,157	715	13,117	19,640	878

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 3rd August 1963, the births of 994 living children, and of 27 stillborn children, 361 marriages and 557 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 20·0 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 7·3 and the death-rate 11·2. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 26 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·4 less than in the previous week, but the same as the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0·6 less than in the previous week, and 1·6 below the average. The death-rate is 0·5 more than in the previous week, and 0·8 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 18·3 in Airdrie to 6·2 in Clydebank.

In Glasgow the rate was 10·9 and in Edinburgh 12·1.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 98 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 138 to malignant neoplasms, 32 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 37, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·7 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·1 more than in the previous week, but the same as the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 14, being 4 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 13 were aged 0–6 days and none was aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 368, and are 36 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 26, and are 3 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 30th July 1963, was 12,444. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 62·5°, being 5·8° above that for the previous week and 4·5° above the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·25 inch, and the mean sunshine 54·3 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 3rd AUGUST 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 30th JULY 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from								Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 30th July 1963 **						
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred In	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)								
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	406	102	237	21	218	10.9	10.9	8	5	..	6	..	1	..	..	..	55	15	36	4	13	8	137	78	49	63.2	0.05	60.2	3357
2. Edinburgh	476,600	167	91	123	22	10	111	12.1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	41	9	18	2	4	4	80	78	51	63.1	0.65	50.8	1060
3. Aberdeen	186,000	61	38	42	14	5	33	9.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	1	7	2	4	1	21	70	46	59.9	0.19	55.3	547
4. Dundee	183,900	77	25	39	3	5	41	11.6	3	2	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	10	2	9	2	..	1	27	77	50	..	..	..	341
5. Paisley	96,900	12	17	27	9	1	19	10.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	6	1	..	2	18	76	52	63.2	0.55	57.1	465
6. Greenock	74,600	40	11	13	6	4	11	7.7	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	8	77	50	63.9	0.03	56.0	373
7. Motherwell	73,700	38	11	16	4	13	25	17.7	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	5	..	4	1	3	1	17	..	..	..	..	..	457
8. Wishaw	52,900	17	7	17	6	4	15	14.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	5	..	2	2	9	..	..	..	..	..	140
9. Coatbridge	55,000	43	1	10	2	3	11	10.4	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	2	1	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	193
10. Dunfermline	49,500	23	6	13	6	2	9	9.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	..	1	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	131
11. Clydebank	50,600	19	7	3	1	4	6	6.2	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	297
12. Ayr	45,100	10	12	10	3	2	9	10.4	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	211
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	10	16	8	4	2	6	6.5	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	4	..	..	1	5	77	51	63.3	0.02	N.A.	219
14. Perth	41,000	13	10	12	2	1	11	14.0	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	9	78	44	60.6	0.26	46.6	131
15. Hamilton	42,900	26	4	2	1	7	8	9.7	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	299
16. Falkirk	38,000	12	2	13	5	4	12	16.5	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	218
17. Airdrie	34,200	20	1	6	..	6	12	18.3	1	2	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	3	1	1	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	151
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 3rd August 1963	2,593,500	994	361	591	128	94	557	11.2	27	13	..	14	2	1	..	4	..	138	32	98	14	23	26	368	78†	44†	62.5†	0.25†	54.3†
27th July 1963	2,593,500	1013	395	568	129	91	530	10.7	22	13	1	18	3	6	..	5	..	114	27	102	12	16	23	332	74†	41†	56.7†	0.70†	48.6†
4th August 1962	2,596,400||	982	377	564	112	101	553	11.1	23	14	2	28	1	11	1	1	1	134	40	111	18	24	33	339	72†	43†	57.4†	1.28†	31.6†

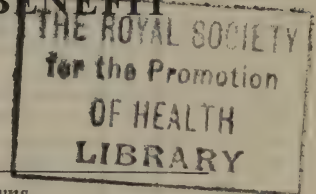
* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
|| Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
† Weekly extremes.
‡ Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 10th August 1963



Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	33,271	696	12,789	21,699	914
1962	34,089	718	13,092	20,239	965
1961	33,148	750	13,545	20,124	903

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 10th August 1963, the births of 959 living children, and of 16 stillborn children, 502 marriages and 518 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 19·3 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 10·1 and the death-rate 10·4. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 16 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·7 less than in the previous week, and 0·5 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 2·8 more than in the previous week, and 0·6 above the average. The death-rate is 0·8 less than in the previous week, but 0·8 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 17·8 in Perth to 3·5 in Ayr.

In Glasgow the rate was 10·6 and in Edinburgh 11·6.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 119 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 124 to malignant neoplasms, 25 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 42, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·8 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·1 more than in the previous week, and 0·2 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 20, being 6 more than in the previous week. Of these, 13 were aged 0–6 days and 2 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 313, and are 55 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 26, and are the same as in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 6th August 1963, was 16,093. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 57·0°, being 5·5° below that for the previous week and 1·4° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 1·77 inches, and the mean sunshine 19·0 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 10th AUGUST 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 6th AUGUST 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 6th August 1963 **			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Diseases & Epidemics	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	450	206	223	15	212	212	10.6	7	6	..	11	..	..	2	2	..	54	14	45	6	8	(24)	(25)	68	49	57.4	1.73	24.4	5011
2. Edinburgh	476,600	137	112	108	13	11	106	11.6	3	2	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	23	4	28	6	9	(24)	(25)	66	47	57.0	1.72	24.5	1124
3. Aberdeen	186,000	64	40	61	22	1	40	11.2	1	1	1	2	1	1	..	..	..	10	11	3	3	2	(24)	(25)	64	39	54.5	1.76	14.3	392
4. Dundee	185,900	47	19	33	3	5	35	9.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	2	4	2	2	(24)	(25)	67	50	58.4	1.66	17.2	587
5. Paisley	96,900	51	19	24	8	4	20	10.8	2	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	5	..	4	1	..	(24)	(25)	65	49	57.3	1.82	19.0	505
6. Greenock	74,600	30	10	11	2	1	10	7.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	..	1	1	(24)	(25)	65	49	57.3	1.82	19.0	505
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	24	14	15	4	3	14	9.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	6	1	1	(24)	(25)	..	..	..	..	..	641
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	22	14	15	6	2	11	10.8	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	1	4	..	1	(24)	(25)	..	..	..	..	..	231
9. Coatbridge	55,000	10	10	10	4	2	8	7.6	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	1	(24)	(25)	..	..	..	..	..	349
10. Dunfermline	49,500	27	8	10	4	..	6	6.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	(24)	(25)	..	..	..	..	..	239
11. Clydebank	50,600	20	12	6	2	2	6	6.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	(24)	(25)	..	..	..	..	..	294
12. Ayr	45,100	14	9	6	4	1	3	3.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	(24)	(25)	..	..	..	..	..	124
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	22	3	4	2	4	6	6.5	3	1	1	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	(24)	(25)	68	45	56.2	1.88	16.1	294
14. Perth	41,000	2	7	11	2	5	10	17.8	1	2	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	3	..	3	2	..	(24)	(25)	67	48	58.0	1.85	17.5	124
15. Hamilton	42,900	17	5	6	2	6	10	12.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	3	..	..	(24)	(25)	..	..	..	..	..	513
16. Falkirk	38,000	15	11	11	5	2	8	11.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	(24)	(25)	..	..	..	..	..	217
17. Airdrie	34,200	7	3	4	1	6	9	13.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(24)	(25)	..	..	..	..	..	231
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 10th August 1963	2,593,500	959	502	558	110	70	518	10.4	16	13	2	20	1	6	2	3	..	124	25	119	24	18	(24)	(25)	68†	39†	57.0†	1.77†	19.0†	..
3rd August 1963	2,593,500	994	361	591	128	94	557	11.2	27	13	..	14	2	1	..	4	..	138	32	98	14	23	(24)	(25)	78†	44†	62.5†	0.25†	54.3†	..
11th August 1962	2,596,400||	986	450	539	108	66	497	10.0	25	14	6	25	5	7	1	2	..	105	32	94	16	18	(24)	(25)	67†	41†	54.5†	1.44†	32.2†	..

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

† Estimated population at 31st December 1961.
‡ Estimated population at 31st December 1961.
§ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (087), Measles (088) and Influenza (480,483)

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly extremes.

‡ Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 17th August 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	34,341	712	13,158	22,194	944
1962	35,109	740	13,444	20,793	999
1961	34,162	770	13,934	20,665	928

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 17th August 1963, the births of 1070 living children, and of 16 stillborn children, 369 marriages and 495 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 21·5 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 7·4 and the death-rate 10·0. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 15 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 2·2 more than in the previous week, and 2·1 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 2·7 less than in the previous week, and 0·2 below the average. The death-rate is 0·4 less than in the previous week, and 0·2 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 11·4 in Coatbridge to 4·6 in Ayr.

In Glasgow the rate was 11·0 and in Edinburgh 10·5.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 106 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 121 to malignant neoplasms, 39 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 26, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·5 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·3 less than in the previous week, and 0·1 below the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 30, being 10 more than in the previous week. Of these, 16 were aged 0–6 days and 2 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 295, and are 18 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 26, and are the same as in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 13th August 1963, was 15,361. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 53·9°, being 3·1° below that for the previous week and 3·7° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·56 inch, and the mean sunshine 16·4 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

No. 33

Week ended Saturday, 17th August 1963

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 17th AUGUST 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 13th AUGUST 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from												Temperature ° Fahr.				Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 13th August 1963 **	
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571 0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Malignant Neoplasms (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	468	119	230	35	25	220	11.0	3	7	13	1	1	1	2	2	..	57	25	44	9	5	11	131	64	44	53.9	0.35	15.2	4356	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	164	79	114	21	3	96	10.5	3	..	3	3	..	1	..	1	..	25	6	16	2	6	9	65	63	47	53.9	1.59	15.4	1226	
3. Aberdeen	186,000	57	38	43	9	3	37	10.4	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	12	1	1	3	27	60	43	51.7	0.84	11.4	532	
4. Dundee	183,900	57	22	24	2	4	26	7.4	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	10	66	45	55.0	0.37	16.9	686	
5. Paisley	96,900	45	13	25	9	1	17	9.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	..	2	..	..	..	4	63	47	54.7	0.26	16.7	367	
6. Greenock	74,600	32	10	14	5	1	10	7.0	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	3	..	..	..	4	63	47	54.7	0.26	16.7	487	
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	35	9	5	2	12	15	10.6	1	1	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	3	1	3	1	2	2	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	590
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	21	13	11	5	2	8	7.9	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	1	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	186
9. Coatbridge	55,000	56	7	10	2	4	12	11.4	1	1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	3	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	367
10. Dunfermline	49,500	12	13	7	2	2	7	7.4	1	1	1	2	1	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	214
11. Clydebank	50,600	21	7	4	1	5	8	8.2	..	1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	3	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	363
12. Ayr	45,100	12	7	3	2	3	4	4.6	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	3	62	45	53.7	0.33	18.1	268	
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	21	3	12	4	1	9	9.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	2	..	1	1	6	4	63	45	54.6	0.21	21.0	160
14. Perth	41,000	10	8	7	3	2	6	7.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	4	1	1	..	..	..	4	6	..	..	..	..	..	132
15. Hamilton	42,900	24	7	2	..	6	8	9.7	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	468
16. Falkirk	38,000	17	9	11	7	1	5	6.9	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	265
17. Airdrie	34,200	18	5	4	..	3	7	10.7	1	1	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	209
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 17th August 1963	2,593,500	1070	369	526	109	78	495	10.0	16	16	2	30	3	7	3	6	..	121	39	106	17	9	26	295	66†	43†	53.9†	0.56†	16.4†		
10th August 1963	2,593,500	959	502	558	110	70	518	10.4	16	13	2	20	1	6	2	3	..	124	25	119	24	18	26	313	68†	39†	57.0†	1.77†	19.0†		
18th August 1962	2,596,400||	1020	352	572	120	102	554	11.1	22	29	3	34	8	8	1	5	1	103	30	101	18	18	27	337	70†	36†	54.7†	1.06†	47.5†		

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
|| Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
† Weekly extremes.
‡ Weekly means.

Infestations (057) Measles (085) and Typhoid (480, 483)

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLANDBIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 24th August 1963

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY
for the Promotion
OF HEALTH
LIBRARY*Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns*

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	35,384	725	13,528	22,680	964
1962	36,084	763	13,873	21,300	1029
1961	35,171	796	14,461	21,185	956

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 24th August 1963, the births of 1,043 living children, and of 13 stillborn children, 370 marriages and 486 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 21·0 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 7·4 and the death-rate 9·8. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 12 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·5 less than in the previous week, but 1·7 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is the same as in the previous week, but 1·1 below the average. The death-rate is 0·2 less than in the previous week, and 0·5 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 16·8 in Airdrie to 7·2 in Clydebank.

In Glasgow the rate was 8·8 and in Edinburgh 9·1.

There was 1 death from the principal epidemic diseases due to meningococcal meningitis.

There were 88 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 106 to malignant neoplasms, 34 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 38, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·8 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·3 more than in the previous week, and 0·2 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 20, being 10 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 10 were aged 0–6 days and 3 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 302, and are 7 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 28, and are 2 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 20th August 1963, was 15,326. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 55·0°, being 1·1° above that for the previous week, but 1·7° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·98 inch, and the mean sunshine 17·0 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

No. 34

Week ended Saturday, 24th August 1963

[illegible]

[illegible]

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 24th AUGUST 1963.
RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 20th AUGUST 1963.

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
 † Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

*** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
 † Weekly extremes.
 ‡ Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

**BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT**

Week ended 31st August 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	36,357	746	13,920	23,165	983
1962	37,127	783	14,289	21,809	1062
1961	36,183	810	14,922	21,711	982

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 31st August 1963, the births of 973 living children, and of 21 stillborn children, 392 marriages and 485 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 19.6 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 7.9 and the death-rate 9.8. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 21 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1.4 less than in the previous week, and 0.2 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0.5 more than in the previous week, but 0.9 below the average. The death-rate is the same as in the previous week, but 0.1 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 16.8 in Airdrie to 3.6 in Hamilton.

In Glasgow the rate was 10.8 and in Edinburgh 9.4.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 101 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 103 to malignant neoplasms, 28 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 39, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0.8 per thousand. This death-rate is the same as in the previous week, but 0.2 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 19, being 1 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 10 were aged 0-6 days and 2 were aged 7-27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 284, and are 18 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 21, and are 7 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 27th August 1963, was 16,051. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 53.9°, being 1.1° below that for the previous week, and 2.1° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901-1930.

The mean rainfall was 1.02 inches, and the mean sunshine 31.9 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

No. 35

Week ended Saturday, 31st August 1963

[illegible]

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 31st AUGUST 1963.

RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 27th AUGUST 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Stillbirths	Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Temperature, ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 27th August 1963		
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population		0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (775, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)		Violence (E800-E999)	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest				Mean Temperature (av- erage of all observations)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	394	162	221	24	20	217	10.8	8	4	1	9	1	3	..	3	..	35	11	45	9	11	13	126	63	41	53.6	0.94	26.7	4566	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	161	72	102	22	6	86	9.4	5	2	2	2	..	1	..	..	..	20	3	19	4	4	2	52	65	41	54.4	0.55	39.3	1214
3. Aberdeen	186,000	65	31	43	17	4	30	8.4	1	2	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	5	1	5	2	2	1	23	60	40	51.8	1.35	30.5	547
4. Dundee	183,900	69	26	34	8	5	31	8.8	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	10	1	1	1	..	2	9	..	..	..	..	..	687
5. Paisley	96,900	38	9	28	8	..	20	10.8	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	7	1	1	..	2	9	8	65	43	54.7	1.38	31.2	484
6. Greenock	74,600	23	6	11	2	3	12	8.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	4	3	1	..	..	..	8	65	43	54.7	1.38	31.2	496
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	25	10	9	1	6	14	9.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	6	..	1	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	570
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	21	8	18	2	12	11.8	5.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	5	..	..	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	192
9. Coatbridge	55,000	27	5	16	3	3	6	5.8	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	5	2	1	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	334
10. Dunfermline	49,500	30	8	10	4	2	8	8.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	222
11. Clydebank	50,600	23	10	9	1	4	6	6.2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	350
12. Ayr	45,100	14	10	9	6	1	4	4.6	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	305
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	20	5	7	3	5	9	9.7	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	1	1	1	..	4	66	41	55.3	N.A.	..	251
14. Perth	41,000	13	14	11	6	1	6	7.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	1	..	..	4	64	38	53.4	0.78	31.9	110
15. Hamilton	42,900	18	7	1	..	2	3	3.6	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	471
16. Falkirk	38,000	14	9	9	4	5	10	13.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	2	..	..	1	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	228
17. Airdrie	34,200	18	..	6	1	6	11	16.8	..	1	..	2	1	..	3	2	3	193
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 31st August 1963	2,593,500	973	392	528	118	75	485	9.8	21	10	2	19	1	4	..	6	..	103	28	101	19	20	21	284	66†	38†	53.9†	1.02†	31.9†	..	
24th August 1963	2,593,500	1043	370	529	133	90	486	9.8	13	10	3	20	2	15	..	5	1	106	34	88	22	16	28	302	68†	43†	55.0†	0.98†	17.0†	..	
1st Sept. 1962	2,596,400||	1043	416	530	105	84	509	10.2	20	16	4	33	4	14	..	3	1	118	30	98	11	19	30	286	70†	43†	56.6†	1.05†	27.2†	..	

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland. † Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

|| Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

§ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057) Measles (065) and Influenza (480-483)

*** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices. † Weekly extremes. ‡ Weekly extremes.

† Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 7th September 1963

THE ROYAL SOCIETY
for the Promotion
OF HEALTH
LIBRARY

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	37,317	766	14,434	23,653	1000
1962	38,163	808	14,877	22,308	1090
1961	37,225	833	15,539	22,185	996

IN the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 7th September 1963, the births of 960 living children, and of 20 stillborn children, 514 marriages and 488 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 19·3 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 10·3 and the death-rate 9·8. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 20 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·3 less than in the previous week, and 0·4 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 2·4 more than in the previous week, but 1·2 below the average. The death-rate is the same as in the previous week, and the same as the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 17·3 in Kilmarnock to 4·6 in Ayr.

In Glasgow the rate was 9·5 and in Edinburgh 10·5.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 106 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 110 to malignant neoplasms, 39 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 33, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·7 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·1 less than in the previous week, but 0·1 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 17, being 2 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 8 were aged 0–6 days and 2 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 284, and are the same as in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 26, and are 5 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 3rd September 1963, was 16,493. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 54·1°, being 0·2° above that for the previous week, but 1·6° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 1·18 inches, and the mean sunshine 15·7 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

Week ended Saturday, 7th September 1963

No. 36

COUNTIES AND LARGE BURGHS																																		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	
NORTHERN REGION—																																		
Caithness C.
Inverness C.
Inverness B.
Nairn C.
Ross and Cromarty C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sutherland C.
TOTAL	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																		
Aberdeen C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aberdeen B.	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Banff C.
Kincardine C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Moray C.	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Orkney C.
Zetland C.	9	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
TOTAL	9	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	23
EASTERN REGION—																																		
Angus C.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
Arbroath B.	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17
Dundee B.	7	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
Perth and Kinross C.
Perth B.

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 7th SEPTEMBER 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 3rd SEPTEMBER 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 3rd Sept. 1963 **				
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases §	Malignant Neoplasms		Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over				Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)	
																		All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)												
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	417	210	215	38	14	191	9.5	9	4	1	8	1	4	..	5	..	45	18	41	3	4	9	107	63	43	54.0	1.02	17.6	4718	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	177	99	110	19	5	96	10.5	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	23	9	16	7	7	4	63	59	44	53.4	1.35	7.7	1189
3. Aberdeen	186,000	55	44	49	19	3	33	9.3	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	9	4	8	1	1	3	21	59	43	52.5	1.73	11.7	539
4. Dundee	183,900	63	26	35	11	11	38	9.9	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	6	2	6	1	2	..	6	64	44	55.3	0.92	20.6	655
5. Paisley	96,900	36	19	15	1	4	18	9.7	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	9	1	9	1	1	..	10	63	44	54.6	1.09	25.7	473
6. Greenock	74,600	26	12	22	6	..	16	11.2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	4	..	2	..	6	63	44	54.6	1.09	25.7	498
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	28	22	13	3	5	15	10.6	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	3	1	5	..	1	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	640
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	22	4	17	7	1	11	10.8	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	5	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	226
9. Coatbridge	55,000	23	9	8	2	6	12	11.4	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	2	..	..	2	4	..	..	..	..	..	361
10. Dunfermline	49,500	10	7	12	3	1	10	10.5	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	2	4	..	..	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	202
11. Clydebank	50,600	20	8	4	1	5	8	8.2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	3	..	..	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	318
12. Ayr	45,100	19	13	7	5	2	4	4.6	1	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	1	..	..	1	9	64	40	54.1	0.73	N.A.	268
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	17	17	15	4	5	16	17.3	..	..	4	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	3	66	42	55.0	1.45	10.8	145
14. Perth	41,000	12	10	6	1	4	8	9.7	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	2	2	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	479
15. Hamilton	42,900	15	8	4	..	4	8	9.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	243
16. Falkirk	38,000	11	12	11	7	1	5	6.9	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	206
17. Airdrie	34,200	9	7	5	1	1	5	7.6	1	2
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 7th Sept. 1963	2,593,500	960	514	548	128	68	488	9.8	20	8	2	17	1	9	..	6	..	110	39	106	14	19	26	284	66†	40†	54.1†	1.18±	15.7†		
31st August 1963	2,593,500	973	392	528	118	75	485	9.8	21	10	2	19	1	4	..	6	..	103	28	101	19	20	21	284	66†	38†	53.9†	1.02±	31.9†		
8th Sept. 1962	2,596,400||	1036	588	545	111	65	499	10.0	25	18	2	28	3	9	1	2	..	115	31	90	15	26	29	318	67†	39†	54.4†	2.17±	16.9†		

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area † Weekly means.

† Weekly extremes.

§ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT

WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 14th September 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	38,309	792	15,019	24,178	1028
1962	39,159	830	15,453	22,812	1113
1961	38,175	861	16,059	22,720	1025

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 14th September 1963, the births of 992 living children, and of 26 stillborn children, 585 marriages and 525 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 19·9 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 11·8 and the death-rate 10·6. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 26 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·6 more than in the previous week, and 1·0 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 1·5 more than in the previous week, and 0·2 above the average. The death-rate is 0·8 more than in the previous week, and 0·7 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 14·5 in Paisley to 5·4 in Kilmarnock.

In Glasgow the rate was 10·5 and in Edinburgh 10·9.

There was 1 death from the principal epidemic diseases—due to whooping cough.

There were 106 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 106 to malignant neoplasms, 24 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 37, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·7 per thousand. This death-rate is the same as in the previous week, but 0·2 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 28, being 11 more than in the previous week. Of these, 18 were aged 0–6 days and 2 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 327, and are 43 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 23, and are 3 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 10th September 1963, was 16,708. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 53·5°, being 0·6° below that for the previous week, and 0·1° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·30 inch, and the mean sunshine 42·6 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 14th SEPTEMBER 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 10th SEPTEMBER 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 10th Sept. 1963 **			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)		Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Absolute Highest				Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	385	232	220	32	22	210	10.5	9	7	1	12	..	4	2	3	..	41	13	39	8	8	12	24	131	63	41	53.1	0.49	40.5	4846
2. Edinburgh	476,600	171	129	106	11	5	100	10.9	4	2	..	2	..	..	1	1	..	23	3	22	2	3	3	63	65	44	54.0	0.11	44.7	1196
3. Aberdeen	186,000	57	42	52	19	6	39	10.9	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	9	1	6	1	1	1	27	67	40	53.1	0.13	44.3	619
4. Dundee	183,900	83	26	43	7	3	39	11.1	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	6	1	11	3	1	2	26	66	43	54.6	0.17	41.7	702
5. Paisley	96,900	36	28	30	7	4	27	14.5	..	2	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	3	1	2	14	64	42	53.6	0.59	39.3	476	
6. Greenock	74,600	28	13	21	5	..	16	11.2	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	2	1	..	9	62	45	53.6	0.67	39.5	507	
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	35	14	8	1	3	10	7.1	1	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	4	1	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	637
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	26	13	13	2	1	12	11.8	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	4	1	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	232
9. Coatbridge	55,000	17	7	9	2	3	10	9.5	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	4	1	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	359
10. Dunfermline	49,500	30	9	14	6	2	10	10.5	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	227
11. Clydebank	50,600	18	9	4	1	5	8	8.2	1	1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	3	2	2	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	352
12. Ayr	45,100	18	11	11	5	3	9	10.4	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	2	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	304
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	15	10	10	5	..	5	5.4	2	1	..	1	2	N.A.	249
14. Perth	41,000	14	13	12	6	1	7	8.9	1	..	3	1	2	1	5	0.21	48.1	121
15. Hamilton	42,900	18	15	11	6	3	9	10.9	1	..	4	2	1	4	0.03	456
16. Falkirk	38,000	16	9	9	3	1	9	12.4	1	..	4	2	1	3	229
17. Airdrie	34,200	25	5	2	..	3	5	7.6	2	1	..	1	..	1	2	4	216
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 14th Sept. 1963	2,593,500	992	585	572	112	65	525	10.6	26	18	2	28	1	6	2	7	1	106	24	106	20	17	23	327	67†	37†	53.5†	0.30‡	42.6†		
7th Sept. 1963	2,593,500	960	514	548	128	68	488	9.8	20	8	2	17	1	9	..	6	..	110	39	106	14	19	26	284	66†	40†	54.1†	1.18‡	15.7†		
15th Sept. 1962	2,596,403||	996	576	561	106	49	504	10.1	22	13	2	23	5	5	1	4	1	117	32	112	14	12	41	290	65†	37†	52.2†	2.24‡	22.1†		

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
 † Estimated population at 31st December 1961.
 ‡ Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
 † Weekly extremes.
 ‡ Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

**BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT**

Week ended 21st September 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	39,298	811	15,602	24,730	1,054
1962	40,045	845	16,049	23,347	1,131
1961	39,058	881	16,710	23,227	1,048

IN the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 21st September 1963, the births of 989 living children, and of 19 stillborn children, 583 marriages and 552 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 19·9 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 11·7 and the death-rate 11·1. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 19 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is the same as in the previous week, but 1·3 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0·1 less than in the previous week, but 0·4 above the average. The death-rate is 0·5 more than in the previous week, and 1·3 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 15·0 in Ayr to 3·1 in Airdrie.

In Glasgow the rate was 11·7 and in Edinburgh 11·8.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 101 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 118 to malignant neoplasms, 45 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 44, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·9 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·2 more than in the previous week, and 0·3 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 26, being 2 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 14 were aged 0-6 days and 2 were aged 7-27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 323, and are 4 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 25, and are 2 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 17th September 1963, was 17,481. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 55·2°, being 1·7° above that for the previous week, and 3·1° above the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901-1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·10 inch, and the mean sunshine 37·5 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

No. 38

Week ended Saturday, 21st September 1963

[illegible]

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 21st SEPTEMBER 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 17th SEPTEMBER 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Stillbirths	Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 17th Sept. 1963 **			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population		0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diphtheria under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest				Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	429	232	235	24	24	235	11.7	9	10	..	13	3	1	1	2	..	52	25	41	12	4	14	128	67	43	55.4	0.07	35.8	5049	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	147	143	121	20	7	108	11.8	3	2	..	3	1	2	..	1	..	19	11	22	6	6	3	65	70	43	55.6	0.26	51.0	1080	
3. Aberdeen	186,000	60	42	56	12	6	50	14.0	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	9	..	11	1	2	5	34	70	39	54.2	0.09	41.4	612
4. Dundee	183,900	67	33	35	5	5	35	9.9	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	14	4	3	4	1	..	23	68	45	56.4	0.06	33.7	809
5. Paisley	96,900	35	13	27	6	1	22	11.8	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	7	1	4	1	..	14	14	45	55.8	0.13	36.9	423	
6. Greenock	74,600	36	17	17	4	1	14	9.8	..	..	2	2	..	2	..	..	..	1	1	..	1	..	7	7	66	45	55.8	0.13	36.9	577
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	36	18	8	3	5	10	7.1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	3	1	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	668
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	11	7	14	5	2	11	10.8	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	4	2	2	1	..	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	253
9. Coatbridge	55,000	25	9	7	1	2	8	7.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	..	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	330
10. Dunfermline	49,500	17	11	16	5	1	12	12.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	..	1	3	8	..	..	..	..	..	376
11. Clydebank	50,600	29	5	7	2	2	7	7.2	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	..	..	3	8	..	..	..	..	..	318
12. Ayr	45,100	14	10	15	4	2	13	15.0	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	2	2	..	2	..	7	68	42	55.2	0.01	31.5	241
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	25	6	10	1	1	11	11.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	3	1	66	38	53.9	0.06	32.4	166
14. Perth	41,000	13	13	5	2	1	4	5.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	488
15. Hamilton	42,900	16	8	3	1	1	3	3.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	240
16. Falkirk	38,000	13	8	9	3	1	7	9.6	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	249
17. Airdrie	34,200	16	8	3	1	..	2	3.1	1	1	1	1
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 21st Sept. 1963	2,593,500	989	583	588	99	63	552	11.1	19	14	2	26	5	7	1	3	..	118	45	101	29	15	25	323	70†	38†	55.2†	0.10†	37.5†
14th Sept. 1963	2,593,500	992	585	572	112	65	525	10.6	26	18	2	28	1	6	2	7	1	106	24	106	20	17	23	327	67†	37†	53.5†	0.30†	42.6†
22nd Sept. 1962	2,596,403||	886	596	577	132	90	535	10.7	15	10	3	18	3	4	..	4	..	134	42	93	13	16	35	331	61†	36†	49.5†	0.13†	17.3†

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
|| Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
† Weekly extremes.
‡ Weekly means.

§ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal (057), Measles (063) and Rubella (480, 483).

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLANDBIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 28th September 1963

THE ROYAL SOCIETY
for the Promotion
OF HEALTH
LIBRARY*Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns*

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	40,304	827	16,212	25,254	1,081
1962	41,135	874	16,658	23,904	1,156
1961	40,123	903	17,319	23,733	1,080

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 28th September 1963, the births of 1,006 living children, and of 16 stillborn children, 610 marriages and 524 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 20·2 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 12·3 and the death-rate 10·5. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 16 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·3 more than in the previous week, but the same as the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0·6 more than in the previous week, but 0·3 below the average. The death-rate is 0·6 less than in the previous week, and 0·1 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 15·1 in Paisley and Falkirk to 5·6 in Greenock.

In Glasgow the rate was 11·0 and in Edinburgh 9·4.

There was 1 death from the principal epidemic diseases—due to influenza.

There were 106 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 115 to malignant neoplasms, 36 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 30, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·6 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·3 less than in the previous week, and 0·1 below the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 27, being 1 more than in the previous week. Of these, 18 were aged 0–6 days and 3 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 327, and are 4 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 26, and are 1 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 24th September 1963, was 18,172. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 52·0°, being 3·2° below that for the previous week, and 0·5° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 1·35 inches, and the mean sunshine 33·9 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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* Diseases so marked are not generally notifiable in Scotland.

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RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 28th SEPTEMBER 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 24th SEPTEMBER 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 24th Sept. 1963 **			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571-0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over				Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (av- erage of all observations)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	442	232	235	29	15	221	11-0	8	9	1	13	2	1	..	1	1	47	14	41	8	9	10	134	61	41	51-6	1-41	31-8	5070
2. Edinburgh	476,600	157	117	100	20	6	86	9-4	5	3	4	4	..	1	..	..	..	15	5	18	1	..	6	56	63	40	51-9	0-94	34-2	1551
3. Aberdeen	186,000	68	49	55	15	9	49	13-7	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	11	3	6	2	..	4	38	39	51-2	0-86	46-8	505	
4. Dundee	183,900	69	33	35	3	2	34	9-6	..	2	1	4	..	2	..	..	..	11	3	6	1	..	3	21	64	38	51-7	0-80	41-7	793
5. Paisley	96,900	31	26	29	5	4	28	15-1	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	5	1	1	17	63	42	52-8	1-82	26-7	513	
6. Greenock	74,600	29	20	11	4	1	8	5-6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	1	1	5	63	41	52-9	2-39	26-3	485	
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	36	19	7	2	4	9	6-4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	628	
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	27	7	16	5	3	14	13-8	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	1	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	262	
9. Coatbridge	55,000	25	22	9	5	3	7	6-6	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	352	
10. Dunfermline	49,500	21	6	8	2	3	9	9-5	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	260	
11. Clydebank	50,600	19	13	7	3	3	7	7-2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	428	
12. Ayr	45,100	11	15	12	4	2	10	11-6	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	1	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	332	
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	15	12	8	3	3	8	8-6	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	4	..	1	5	..	62	42	52-0	1-50	26-7	303
14. Perth	41,000	11	12	10	1	2	11	14-0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	2	2	2	..	10	61	37	51-7	1-06	36-7	143	
15. Hamilton	42,900	20	9	4	..	4	8	9-7	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	2	1	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	497
16. Falkirk	38,000	13	13	19	8	..	11	15-1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	278
17. Airdrie	34,200	12	5	3	..	1	4	6-1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	235
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 28th Sept. 1963	2,593,500	1006	610	568	109	65	524	10-5	16	18	3	27	2	5	..	3	1	115	36	106	17	13	26	327	68†	37†	52-0†	1-35†	33-9†	..
21st Sept. 1963	2,593,500	989	583	588	99	63	552	11-1	19	14	2	26	5	7	1	3	..	118	45	101	29	15	25	323	70†	38†	55-2†	0-10†	37-5†	..
29th Sept. 1962	2,596,403||	1090	609	576	98	79	557	11-2	29	13	6	25	7	5	..	3	..	122	24	96	18	25	33	338	64†	40†	53-6†	1-20†	9-2†	..

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
 ‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050.051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infection (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
 † Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLANDBIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 5th October 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	41,288	844	16,894	25,759	1,108
1962	42,281	898	17,345	24,416	1,185
1961	41,180	921	18,049	24,238	1,100

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 5th October 1963, the births of 984 living children, and of 17 stillborn children, 682 marriages and 505 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 19·8 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 13·7 and the death-rate 10·2. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 17 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·4 less than in the previous week, and 2·0 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 1·4 more than in the previous week, but 0·3 below the average. The death-rate is 0·3 less than in the previous week, and 0·2 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 16·8 in Airdrie to 3·2 in Dunfermline.

In Glasgow the rate was 10·1 and in Edinburgh 10·9.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 98 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 108 to malignant neoplasms, 23 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 42, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·8 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·2 more than in the previous week, but the same as the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 27, being the same as in the previous week. Of these, 16 were aged 0–6 days and 4 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 297, and are 30 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 18, and are 8 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 1st October 1963, was 17,987. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 49·9°, being 2·1° below that for the previous week, and 1·4° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·89 inch, and the mean sunshine 31·8 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 5th OCTOBER 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 1st OCTOBER 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 1st Oct. 1963 **			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571-0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases §	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over				Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (av- erage of all observations)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	430	273	221	30	12	203	10.1	8	9	2	14	..	3	..	3	..	49	15	31	13	9	7	115	57	40	49.7	1.30	31.9	4439
2. Edinburgh	476,600	170	127	116	20	4	100	10.9	2	2	2	4	..	3	..	..	18	3	26	2	2	3	3	72	58	42	50.3	0.42	39.3	1478
3. Aberdeen	186,000	56	41	49	22	6	33	9.3	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	9	2	7	3	1	1	21	60	38	47.2	0.73	24.1	735	
4. Dundee	183,900	69	43	33	7	4	30	8.5	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	8	2	7	3	1	1	16	58	42	51.5	0.96	32.8	789	
5. Paisley	96,900	24	23	26	7	5	24	12.9	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	6	1	3	1	1	11	56	43	50.0	1.48	27.5	527	
6. Greenock	74,600	34	20	20	9	5	16	11.2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	3	1	..	11	56	43	50.0	0.96	32.8	566	
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	32	23	7	2	8	13	9.2	..	1	1	2	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	3	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	630
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	25	16	13	4	2	11	10.8	2	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	3	1	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	274
9. Coatbridge	55,000	17	19	9	5	3	9	8.5	2	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	3	1	..	3	9	..	..	..	..	..	335
10. Dunfermline	49,500	18	10	6	3	..	3	3.2	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	1	1	3	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	277
11. Clydebank	50,600	19	15	10	2	7	15	15.5	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	3	1	1	6	9	..	..	..	..	..	367
12. Ayr	45,100	12	17	11	8	5	8	9.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	6	1	..	..	..	..	..	351
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	21	15	8	5	4	4	4.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	..	1	5	61	41	50.8	0.42	35.3	310
14. Perth	41,000	18	10	8	2	4	10	12.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	1	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	157
15. Hamilton	42,900	10	10	1	..	1	6	7.3	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	481
16. Falkirk	38,000	10	10	10	2	1	9	12.4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	264
17. Airdrie	34,200	19	10	5	..	6	11	16.8	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	2	1	1	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	212
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 5th Oct. 1963	2,593,500	984	682	553	128	80	505	10.2	17	16	4	27	..	10	..	7	..	108	23	98	24	18	18	297	61†	38†	49.9†	0.89†	31.8†	..
28th Sept. 1963	2,593,500	1006	610	568	109	65	524	10.5	16	18	3	27	2	5	..	3	1	115	36	106	17	13	26	327	68†	37†	52.0†	1.35†	33.9†	..
6th Oct. 1962	2,596,403||	1146	687	562	129	79	512	10.3	24	17	2	29	4	5	1	1	..	112	27	85	15	27	33	306	64†	44†	54.5†	0.59†	35.1†	..

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

† Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal

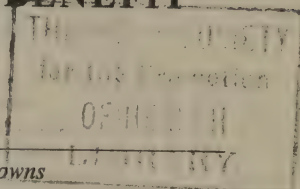
** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly extremes.

†† Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLANDBIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 12th October 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	42,344	860	17,677	26,271	1,127
1962	43,445	927	18,110	24,967	1,209
1961	42,269	938	18,735	24,772	1,122

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 12th October 1963, the births of 1,056 living children, and of 16 stillborn children, 783 marriages and 512 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 21·2 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 15·7 and the death-rate 10·3. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 15 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1·4 more than in the previous week, but 0·3 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 2·0 more than in the previous week, and 3·0 above the average. The death-rate is 0·1 more than in the previous week, but 0·3 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 17·9 in Falkirk to 2·1 in Greenock.

In Glasgow the rate was 10·6 and in Edinburgh 10·7.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 93 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 139 to malignant neoplasms, 38 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 36, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·7 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·1 less than in the previous week, and 0·1 below the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 19, being 8 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 13 were aged 0–6 days and none was aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 299, and are 2 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 22, and are 4 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 8th October 1963, was 19,355. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 50·9°, being 1·0° above that for the previous week, and 1·9° above the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 1·23 inches, and the mean sunshine 12·3 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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Week ended Saturday, 12th October 1963

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RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 12th OCTOBER 1963.

RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 8th OCTOBER 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*		Marriages		Deaths				Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.		Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 8th Oct. 1963 **			
		Stillbirths	Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases §	Malignant Neoplasms				Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest				Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (av- erage of all observations)	
																All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)												
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	444	362	37	19	212	10.6	5	13	1	1	1	1	1	6	..	54	20	31	9	13	5	117	60	36	49.6	1.31	7.1	5417	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	186	130	15	2	98	10.7	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	28	4	21	2	2	6	63	63	40	51.2	0.37	11.7	1560
3. Aberdeen	186,000	73	47	12	3	47	13.2	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	1	11	2	1	2	28	62	38	51.1	0.47	20.4	658
4. Dundee	183,900	73	57	43	5	4	12	11.9	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	7	4	1	2	3	23	..	..	..	..	..	674
5. Paisley	96,900	46	28	10	1	18	9.7	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	4	..	1	..	11	60	39	51.1	1.51	8.7	571
6. Greenock	74,600	35	17	7	4	..	2.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	1	60	40	51.0	2.58	5.8	602
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	34	24	8	2	7	13	9.2	4	1	1	..	1	1	11	747
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	12	13	16	10	1	7	6.9	1	1	1	4	245
9. Coatbridge	55,000	27	10	9	6	4	7	6.6	1	3	5	398
10. Dunfermline	49,500	22	16	14	2	1	13	13.7	1	5	1	1	..	7	272
11. Clydebank	50,600	14	13	8	3	..	5	5.2	1	..	1	1	3	474
12. Ayr	45,100	13	12	14	6	2	10	11.6	1	..	3	2	4	376
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	24	13	9	3	..	6	6.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	2	3	61	38	51.1	1.68	N.A.	290
14. Perth	41,000	13	7	11	4	1	8	10.2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	1	..	1	3	61	32	51.1	0.67	19.9	155
15. Hamilton	42,900	11	18	2	1	1	2	2.4	2	1	4	2	600
16. Falkirk	38,000	14	9	14	1	..	13	17.9	1	2	2	1	1	9	316
17. Airdrie	34,200	15	7	2	..	6	8	12.2	2	1	1	1	..	5	255
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 12th Oct. 1963	2,593,500	1056	783	581	121	52	512	10.3	16	13	..	19	2	2	1	7	..	139	38	93	15	22	299	63†	32†	50.9†	1.23†	12.3†	..	
5th Oct. 1963	2,593,500	984	682	553	128	80	505	10.2	17	16	4	27	..	10	..	7	..	108	23	98	24	18	297	61†	38†	49.9†	0.89†	31.8†	..	
13th Oct. 1962	2,596,403||	1164	765	587	112	76	551	11.1	29	15	2	24	3	7	1	7	..	101	30	124	23	27	341	68†	36†	51.4†	0.07†	11.4†	..	

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

† Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

§ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLANDBIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 19th October 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	43,348	898	18,254	26,822	1,150
1962	44,531	945	18,549	25,501	1,231
1961	43,291	972	19,255	25,314	1,141

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 19th October 1963, the births of 1,004 living children, and of 38 stillborn children, 577 marriages and 551 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 20·2 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 11·6 and the death-rate 11·1. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 36 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1·0 less than in the previous week, and 0·8 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 4·1 less than in the previous week, but 2·3 above the average. The death-rate is 0·8 more than in the previous week, and 0·4 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 14·7 in Greenock to 7·3 in Hamilton.

In Glasgow the rate was 10·6 and in Edinburgh 12·5.

There was 1 death from the principal epidemic diseases—due to influenza.

There were 111 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 140 to malignant neoplasms, 38 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 40, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·8 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·1 more than in the previous week, and 0·1 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 23, being 4 more than in the previous week. Of these, 11 were aged 0–6 days and 1 was aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 302, and are 3 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 34, and are 12 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 15th October 1963, was 20,642. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 49·8°, being 1·1° below that for the previous week, but 2·1° above the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·64 inch, and the mean sunshine 20·2 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

Week ended Saturday, 19th October 1963

No. 42

COUNTIES AND LARGE BURGHS	Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	Chickenpox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leprosy	Malaria	Measles	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Plague	Pneumonia, Acute Influenzal	Pneumonia, Acute Primary	Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable *	Polio- myelitis Acute		Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Tuberculosis— Respiratory	Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	Typhoid Fever	Para-typhoid A	Para-typhoid B	Typhus Fever	Whooping Cough
																				Paralytic	Non-Paralytic											
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
NORTHERN REGION—																																
Caithness C.
Inverness C.
Inverness B.
Nairn C.
Ross and Cromarty C.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sutherland C.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																
Aberdeen C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aberdeen B.
Banff C.
Kincardine C.
Moray C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Orkney C.	77	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Zetland C.	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	3	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	91	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
EASTERN REGION—																																
Angus C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arbroath B.	2	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dundee B.	..	3	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Perth and Kinross C.
Perth

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 19th OCTOBER 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 15th OCTOBER 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths from										Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Temperature ° Fahr.		Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 15th Oct. 1963 **					
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)				Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (av- erage of all observations)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	446	241	237	40	16	213	10.6	15	5	1	12	3	5	1	6	..	55	17	34	11	8	11	114	58	39	49.4	0.86	16.7	5642	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	148	103	123	12	3	114	12.5	3	2	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	33	11	23	4	2	4	68	60	38	50.4	0.02	26.9	1682
3. Aberdeen	186,000	68	45	55	18	..	37	10.4	3	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	7	2	8	2	2	4	19	57	40	48.0	0.05	28.5	765
4. Dundee	183,900	78	35	40	2	5	43	12.2	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	3	9	..	1	2	28	59	40	48.0	0.05	28.5	765
5. Paisley	96,900	39	26	27	9	1	19	10.2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	3	..	..	..	10	59	40	50.6	1.18	18.6	887
6. Greenock	74,600	29	15	28	8	1	21	14.7	4	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	3	..	7	3	..	..	12	60	41	50.2	1.43	17.3	579
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	16	17	7	..	9	16	11.3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	4	2	..	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	776
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	20	15	16	5	..	11	10.8	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	4	..	1	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	312
9. Coatbridge	55,000	23	9	12	4	2	12	11.4	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	3	..	1	1	7	..	..	..	..	..	397
10. Dunfermline	49,500	14	11	6	1	2	7	7.4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	1	..	..	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	274
11. Clydebank	50,600	19	9	7	1	6	12	12.4	1	2	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	3	2	4	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	460
12. Ayr	45,100	13	12	17	7	2	12	13.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	1	4	..	1	2	7	..	..	..	..	..	383
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	17	11	8	3	4	9	9.7	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	3	..	2	2	6	59	36	50.4	0.59	9.1	338
14. Perth	41,000	16	11	6	1	1	6	7.6	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	2	3	60	38	49.8	0.34	24.6	157
15. Hamilton	42,900	23	6	2	..	4	6	7.3	..	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	564
16. Falkirk	38,000	16	1	13	5	..	8	11.0	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	332
17. Airdrie	34,200	19	10	4	1	2	5	7.6	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	270
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 19th Oct. 1963	2,593,500	1004	577	608	117	60	551	11.1	38	11	1	23	4	7	2	8	1	140	38	111	22	18	34	302	60†	36†	49.8†	0.64†	20.2†		
12th Oct. 1963	2,593,500	1056	783	581	121	52	512	10.3	16	13	..	19	2	2	1	7	..	139	38	93	15	21	22	299	63†	32†	50.9†	1.23†	12.3†		
20th Oct. 1962	2,596,403||	1086	439	583	118	69	534	10.7	18	12	1	22	3	7	..	5	..	109	34	117	19	21	30	336	64†	36†	52.6†	0.04†	13.2†		

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
|| Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

† Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infection (057), Measles (063) and Tetanus (480,483)

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
† Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT

WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 26th October 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	44,305	924	18,786	27,333	1,169
1962	45,516	967	19,139	26,020	1,255
1961	44,289	995	19,771	25,910	1,163

IN the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 26th October 1963, the births of 957 living children, and of 26 stillborn children, 532 marriages and 511 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 19·2 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 10·7 and the death-rate 10·3. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 26 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1·0 less than in the previous week, and 0·4 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0·9 less than in the previous week, but 0·9 above the average. The death-rate is 0·8 less than in the previous week, and 0·6 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 16·5 in Perth to 4·9 in Hamilton.

In Glasgow the rate was 10·0 and in Edinburgh 12·0.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 113 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 112 to malignant neoplasms, 30 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 42, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·8 per thousand. This death-rate is the same as in the previous week, and the same as the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 19, being 4 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 11 were aged 0-6 days and 2 were aged 7-27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 312, and are 10 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 32, and are 2 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 22nd October 1963, was 19,920. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 51·3°, being 1·5° above that for the previous week, and 5·5° above the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901-1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·70 inch, and the mean sunshine 23·7 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 26th OCTOBER 1963.
RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 22nd OCTOBER 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature of Fair.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 22nd Oct. 1963 **		
				Deaths					Stillbirths	Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature of Fair.						
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population		0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571 0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases §	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over				Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	385	225	229	40	12	201	10.0	12	7	..	10	..	1	..	3	..	41	11	37	5	8	15	109	59	40	50.8	0.76	19.4
2. Edinburgh	476,600	152	80	120	17	7	110	12.0	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	32	9	22	9	5	3	75	62	42	52.8	0.68	33.0
3. Aberdeen	186,000	70	33	47	16	1	32	9.0	1	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	10	1	1	3	22	60	38	49.6	0.17	29.6
4. Dundee	183,900	70	30	31	5	5	31	8.8	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	2	9	..	2	1	22	59	43	51.7	0.96	22.5
5. Paisley	96,900	44	27	23	5	4	22	11.8	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	9	2	2	2	1	1	12	59	42	51.5	0.98	15.1
6. Greenock	74,600	31	22	18	3	..	15	10.5	1	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	4	1	..	1	7	59	42	51.5	0.98	15.1
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	22	11	10	2	13	21	14.9	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	7	1	3	1	3	1	9	..	..	..	..	..
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	21	12	11	7	2	6	5.9	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	4	..	1	..	9	..	..	..	..	..
9. Coatbridge	55,000	35	5	7	3	3	7	6.6	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	4	..	..	2	5	..	..	..	..	..
10. Dunfermline	49,500	18	11	16	8	2	10	10.5	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	3	1	..	1	7	..	..	..	..	..
11. Clydebank	50,600	22	11	4	1	5	8	8.2	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	4	..	2	1	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	..
12. Ayr	45,100	17	14	11	4	3	10	11.6	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4	..	1	..	6	60	42	51.6	0.94	22.1
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	13	12	18	10	..	3	8.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	2	..	1	..	9	63	37	50.9	0.42	24.1
14. Perth	41,000	6	11	12	2	2	2	16.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..
15. Hamilton	42,900	19	15	2	..	5	1	6	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..
16. Falkirk	38,000	16	7	10	..	..	6	8.2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..
17. Airdrie	34,200	16	6	1	..	..	7	10.7	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	..	2	2	4	..	..	..	..	..
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 26th Oct. 1963	2,593,500	957	532	570	128	69	511	10.3	26	11	2	19	..	4	..	3	..	112	30	113	18	24	32	312	63†	37†	51.3†	0.70†	23.7†
19th Oct. 1963	2,593,500	1004	577	608	117	60	551	11.1	38	11	1	23	4	7	2	8	1	140	38	111	22	18	34	302	60†	36†	49.8†	0.64†	20.2†
27th Oct. 1962	2,596,403|||	985	590	551	101	69	519	10.4	22	15	3	24	1	7	..	5	..	110	27	114	13	19	26	311	57†	30†	48.3†	0.54†	13.6†

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland. || Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

† Weekly extremes.

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WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 2nd November 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	45,222	941	19,407	27,867	1,188
1962	46,498	988	19,727	26,607	1,281
1961	45,310	1,019	20,313	26,512	1,199

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 2nd November 1963, the births of 917 living children, and of 17 stillborn children, 621 marriages and 534 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 18·4 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 12·5 and the death-rate 10·7. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 18 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·8 less than in the previous week, and 1·2 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 1·8 more than in the previous week, and 2·5 above the average. The death-rate is 0·4 more than in the previous week, but 0·5 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 17·4 in Ayr to 5·3 in Dunfermline.

In Glasgow the rate was 10·1 and in Edinburgh 10·5.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 105 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 107 to malignant neoplasms, 24 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 42, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·8 per thousand. This death-rate is the same as in the previous week, and the same as the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 19, being the same as in the previous week. Of these, 9 were aged 0-6 days and 1 was aged 7-27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 340, and are 28 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 34, and are 2 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 29th October 1963, was 20,041. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 48·0°, being 3·3° below that for the previous week, but 2·9° above the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901-1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·67 inch, and the mean sunshine 3·5 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

Week ended Saturday, 2nd November 1963

No. 44

[illegible]

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 2nd NOVEMBER 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 29th OCTOBER 1963

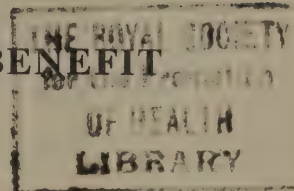
TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over			Temperature Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 29th Oct. 1963 **	
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571-0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)				(29)	(30)	(31)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	399	289	215	36	23	202	10.1	9	4	..	9	2	1	..	2	..	36	9	36	8	13	17	126	55	34	47.6	0.71	3.5	5483	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	156	102	111	19	4	96	10.5	1	2	..	4	2	..	..	..	..	20	6	21	4	2	3	68	57	36	46.6	0.50	2.9	1516
3. Aberdeen	186,000	48	33	48	13	6	41	11.5	..	1	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	10	2	8	1	2	4	26	54	41	47.8	0.34	8.2	638
4. Dundee	183,900	58	36	53	8	7	52	14.7	3	2	1	3	..	..	..	1	..	10	2	8	2	1	6	35	..	..	..	..	..	793
5. Paisley	96,900	27	29	20	4	1	17	9.1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	3	3	1	1	9	56	36	48.7	0.68	2.3	577	
6. Greenock	74,600	31	16	17	2	1	16	11.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	3	..	..	8	56	39	48.7	1.01	0.4	671	
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	28	17	15	6	7	16	11.3	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	1	4	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	733
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	14	13	12	7	1	6	5.9	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	2	1	3	10	..	..	..	..	..	268
9. Coatbridge	55,000	29	6	10	3	7	14	13.3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	453
10. Dunfermline	49,500	17	9	6	2	1	5	5.3	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	4	2	..	..	..	..	..	275
11. Clydebank	50,600	13	9	6	3	5	8	8.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	4	1	..	5	11	..	..	..	..	..	347
12. Ayr	45,100	19	8	14	4	5	15	17.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	1	3	..	..	9	56	40	49.7	0.58	7.5	336	
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	17	16	13	6	4	11	11.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	3	1	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	174
14. Perth	41,000	20	8	9	..	1	10	12.7	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	5	5	56	35	46.9	0.85	..	550
15. Hamilton	42,900	20	14	5	1	4	8	9.7	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	280
16. Falkirk	38,000	16	12	11	2	..	9	12.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	1	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	248
17. Airdrie	34,200	15	4	5	1	4	8	12.2	1	..	1	1	7	248
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week-ended 2nd Nov. 1963	2,593,500	917	621	570	117	81	534	10.7	17	9	1	19	4	3	..	3	..	107	24	105	18	24	34	340	57†	34†	48.0†	0.67†	3.5†
26th Oct. 1963	2,593,500	957	532	570	128	69	511	10.3	26	11	2	19	..	4	..	3	..	112	30	113	18	24	32	312	63†	37†	51.3†	0.70†	23.7†
3rd Nov. 1962	2,596,403|||	982	588	614	108	81	587	11.8	21	15	4	26	3	10	2	4	2	138	34	132	16	23	35	335	52†	28†	43.2†	1.26†	15.7†

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
 † Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (490-493).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward areas served by those offices.
 ‡ Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLANDBIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 9th November 1963

*Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns*

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	46,172	970	19,701	28,431	1,221
1962	47,412	999	19,998	27,204	1,309
1961	46,182	1,039	20,557	27,092	1,227

IN the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 9th November 1963, the births of 950 living children, and of 29 stillborn children, 294 marriages and 564 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 19·1 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 5·9 and the death-rate 11·3. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 30 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·7 more than in the previous week, and 0·9 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 6·6 less than in the previous week, and 0·3 below the average. The death-rate is 0·6 more than in the previous week, but 0·2 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 21·6 in Perth to 5·6 in Greenock.

In Glasgow the rate was 11·5 and in Edinburgh 11·3.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 101 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 125 to malignant neoplasms, 34 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 46, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·9 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·1 more than in the previous week, and 0·1 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 33, being 14 more than in the previous week. Of these, 13 were aged 0-6 days and 1 was aged 7-27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 341, and are 1 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 27, and are 7 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 5th November 1963, was 19,667. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 48·4°, being 0·4° above that for the previous week, and 5·9° above the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901-1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·76 inch, and the mean sunshine 4·5 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 9th NOVEMBER 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 5th NOVEMBER 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 5th Nov. 1963 **				
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571-0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over				Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (av- erage of all observations)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	382	108	249	38	19	230	11.5	14	4	..	12	2	3	..	4	..	48	16	38	14	10	14	133	51	43	47.6	0.23	3.9	5465	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	140	68	107	7	3	103	11.3	4	1	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	25	7	19	3	3	3	74	54	43	48.2	1.11	6.9	1482
3. Aberdeen	186,000	55	27	58	17	3	44	12.3	2	3	1	4	..	1	..	..	..	12	5	9	1	1	2	23	51	39	46.7	1.41	0.5	657
4. Dundee	183,900	68	19	37	8	7	36	10.2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	1	1	1	1	2	19	55	45	49.5	0.30	5.7	721
5. Paisley	96,900	47	10	21	5	1	17	9.1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	4	..	..	1	14	55	44	49.3	0.68	3.0	567
6. Greenock	74,600	35	9	11	3	..	8	5.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	2	..	..	..	7	54	44	49.3	0.68	3.0	681
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	30	7	14	5	12	21	14.9	1	1	..	3	1	1	..	..	..	2	..	5	1	1	2	7	..	..	..	..	..	731
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	19	4	12	4	..	8	7.9	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	3	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	259
9. Coatbridge	55,000	32	6	10	6	7	11	10.4	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	359
10. Dunfermline	49,500	17	6	11	4	..	7	7.4	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	3	1	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	282
11. Clydebank	50,600	16	2	8	3	8	13	13.4	1	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	5	1	4	1	1	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	346
12. Ayr	45,100	11	5	13	4	6	15	17.4	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	4	2	1	1	1	..	9	56	40	48.6	0.40	7.0	321
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	26	4	9	3	6	17	21.6	1	2	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	3	..	..	..	13	56	42	48.7	1.22	4.4	175
14. Perth	41,000	12	7	16	3	3	6	7.3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	565
15. Hamilton	42,900	21	5	3	..	3	8	11.0	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	356
16. Falkirk	38,000	18	4	10	5	3	8	12.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	268
17. Airdrie	34,200	21	3	5	1	4	8	12.2	2	1	3	..	4	268
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 9th Nov. 1963	2,593,500	950	294	594	116	86	564	11.3	29	13	1	33	3	8	1	4	..	125	34	101	26	20	27	341	56†	39†	48.4†	0.76†	4.5†
2nd Nov. 1963	2,593,500	917	621	570	117	81	534	10.7	17	9	1	19	4	3	..	3	..	107	24	105	18	24	34	340	57†	34†	48.0†	0.67†	3.5†
10th Nov. 1962	2,596,403||	914	271	664	138	71	597	12.0	11	13	3	28	2	8	1	3	3	121	30	128	20	30	32	370	57†	36†	48.2†	0.57†	5.2†

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
† Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infection (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
† Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 16th November 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	47,060	981	19,919	29,000	1,253
1962	48,340	1,029	20,227	27,735	1,327
1961	47,125	1,060	20,773	27,766	1,250

IN the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 16th November 1963, the births of 888 living children, and of 11 stillborn children, 218 marriages and 569 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 17·9 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 4·4 and the death-rate 11·4. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 12 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1·2 less than in the previous week, and 0·4 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 1·5 less than in the previous week, and 0·4 below the average. The death-rate is 0·1 more than in the previous week, but 0·5 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 17·8 in Perth to 6·4 in Motherwell and Wishaw.

In Glasgow the rate was 11·5 and in Edinburgh 11·8.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 130 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 108 to malignant neoplasms, 27 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 45, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·9 per thousand. This death-rate is the same as in the previous week, and the same as the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 32, being 1 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 15 were aged 0–6 days and 2 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 338, and are 3 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 33, and are 6 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 12th November 1963, was 21,387. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 41·7°, being 6·7° below that for the previous week, but 0·1° above the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 1·77 inches, and the mean sunshine 12·4 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

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WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

Week ended Saturday, 16th November 1963

No. 46

COUNTIES AND LARGE BURGHS	Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	# Chickenpox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leprosy	Malaria	# Measles	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Plague	Pneumonia, Acute Influenzal	Pneumonia, Acute Primary	Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable *	Paralytic		Non-Paralytic	(23)	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Tuberculosis— Respiratory	Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	Typhoid Fever	Para-typhoid A	Para-typhoid B	Typhus Fever	Whooping Cough
																				(21)	(22)												
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	
NORTHERN REGION—																																	
Caithness C.	
Inverness C.	
Inverness B.	
Nairn C.	
Ross and Cromarty C.	
Sutherland C.	
TOTAL	2	2
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																	
Aberdeen C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aberdeen B.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Banff C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kincardine C.	
Moray C.	
Orkney C.	
Zetland C.	
TOTAL	1	3	1	3	1	2	1	3
EASTERN REGION—																																	
Angus C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arbroath B.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dundee B.	..	3	7	..	..	..	7	..	1	..	..	..	..	13	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	1	3	..	..	5	1	..	..	..	..	..
Perth and Kinross C.	
Perth B.	
TOTAL	..	3	7	7	..	3	13	10	1	3	5	1	21

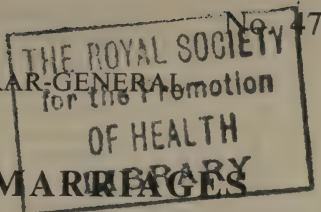
RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 16th NOVEMBER 1963.

RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 12th NOVEMBER 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Deaths				Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over		Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine				
		Deaths				Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over		Temperature ° Fahr.								
		Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Estimated Rate per 1000 of Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diphtheria under 2 years of age (571 0. 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases §	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Malignant Neoplasms (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)								
Live Births*	Marriages	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)																										
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	399	90	252	44	23	231	11.5	6	5	1	16	2	4	1	6	..	41	12	53	11	10	12	24	5	29	40.9	1.93	11.6
2. Edinburgh	476,600	142	33	121	21	8	108	11.8	4	5	1	8	..	..	..	..	..	24	6	22	4	2	5	119	53	28	42.7	1.21	19.6
3. Aberdeen	186,000	63	21	61	19	2	39	12.3	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	10	4	11	3	1	3	72	54	27	41.0	1.33	12.4
4. Dundee	183,900	70	19	45	9	3	39	11.1	1	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	7	2	13	3	1	27	28	50	41.0	..	..
5. Paisley	96,900	42	6	24	10	2	16	8.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	6	..	..	1	12	28	41.9	1.21	8.3	
6. Greenock	74,600	18	6	21	5	1	17	11.9	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4	..	2	..	11	53	31	42.5	2.55	6.8
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	16	8	8	4	5	9	6.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	..
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	17	5	10	2	3	11	10.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	..	1	2	7	..	..	..	..	..
9. Coatbridge	55,000	12	5	14	9	3	8	7.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	4	8	..	..	..	..	..
10. Dunfermline	49,500	12	7	14	6	2	10	10.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	7	..	..	..	..	..
11. Clydebank	50,600	23	2	5	..	8	15	13.4	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	5	..	..	1	9	..	..	..	..	..
12. Ayr	45,100	15	4	18	4	1	13	17.4	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	3	7	8	27	41.2	2.61	14.4
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	16	1	12	3	2	11	11.9	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	8	54	27	41.5	1.57	13.5	
14. Perth	41,000	15	3	12	3	5	4	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	5	2	..	..	..	..	..
15. Hamilton	42,900	11	4	2	..	4	6	7.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	2	7	..	..	..	..	..
16. Falkirk	38,000	6	2	10	4	1	7	9.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	3	..	..	2	7	..	..	..	..	..
17. Airdrie	34,200	11	2	4	1	7	10	15.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	7	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 16th Nov. 1963	2,593,500	888	218	633	144	80	569	11.4	11	15	2	32	3	8	1	6	..	108	27	130	25	20	33	338	54	27	41.7	1.77	12.4
9th Nov. 1963	2,593,500	950	294	594	116	86	564	11.3	29	13	1	33	3	8	1	4	..	125	34	101	26	20	27	341	56	39	48.4	0.76	4.5
17th Nov. 1962	2,596,403	928	229	572	110	69	531	10.7	30	9	1	18	2	2	2	4	1	112	25	125	16	30	28	324	50	23	38.2	1.18	8.2

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
† Typhoid fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal
‡ These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Office in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area
§ Weekly extremes † Weekly extremes ‡ Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND



BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 23rd November 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	47,980	1,006	20,131	29,614	1,274
1962	49,297	1,048	20,466	28,364	1,350
1961	48,072	1,085	21,024	28,396	1,278

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 23rd November 1963, the births of 920 living children, and of 25 stillborn children, 212 marriages and 614 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 18·5 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 4·3 and the death-rate 12·3. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 26 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·6 more than in the previous week, but 0·7 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0·1 less than in the previous week, and 0·8 below the average. The death-rate is 0·9 more than in the previous week, but the same as the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 16·8 in Airdrie to 9·3 in Clydebank.

In Glasgow the rate was 13·3 and in Edinburgh 13·0.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 152 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 100 to malignant neoplasms, 30 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 46, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 0·9 per thousand. This death-rate is the same as in the previous week, but 0·4 below the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 21, being 11 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 13 were aged 0–6 days and none was aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 399, and are 61 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 24, and are 9 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 19th November 1963, was 22,208. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 38·5°, being 3·2° below that for the previous week, and 1·8° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 3·33 inches, and the mean sunshine 12·6 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

No. 47

Week ended Saturday, 23rd November 1963

NO. 47

COUNTIES AND LARGE BURGHES	Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	*	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leprosy	Malaria	*	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Plague	Pneumonia, Acute Influenzal	Pneumonia, Acute Primary	Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable	Polio- myelitis Acute		Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Tuberculosis— Respiratory	Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	Typhoid Fever	Para-typhoid A	Para-typhoid B	Typhus Fever	Whooping Cough																																																																																																																																																																																																				
																				Paralytic	Non-Paralytic																																																																																																																																																																																																															
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)																																																																																																																																																																																																				
NORTHERN REGION— Caithness C. Inverness C. Inverness B. Nairn C. Ross and Cromarty C. Sutherland C.

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 23rd NOVEMBER 1963.

RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 19th NOVEMBER 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 19th Nov. 1963 **			
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	Malignant Neoplasms		Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over				Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)
																		All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)											
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	397	80	286	41	21	266	13.3	6	5	..	10	1	..	..	8	..	40	12	65	10	12	11	169	50	26	37.8	3.64	12.9	5945
2. Edinburgh	476,600	153	44	136	20	3	119	13.0	3	2	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	26	7	25	4	5	4	78	51	30	39.1	3.47	13.7	1812
3. Aberdeen	186,000	51	14	46	13	2	35	9.8	4	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	3	..	14	2	2	2	20	48	29	38.2	1.55	17.2	771
4. Dundee	183,900	51	15	43	11	2	34	9.6	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	9	2	..	2	24	50	26	38.4	4.58	10.4	804
5. Paisley	96,900	43	6	29	10	1	20	10.8	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	1	6	..	..	2	13	50	26	38.4	4.58	10.4	616
6. Greenock	74,600	28	4	18	4	3	17	11.9	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	3	2	..	..	1	10	52	29	39.2	4.27	9.2	708
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	32	6	13	4	9	18	12.7	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	6	..	..	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	810
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	17	8	17	6	2	15	11.8	1	1	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	1	1	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	360
9. Coatbridge	55,000	28	4	9	2	5	12	11.4	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	4	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	403
10. Dunfermline	49,500	11	5	12	4	3	11	11.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	1	2	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	334
11. Clydebank	50,600	13	4	10	4	3	9	9.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	1	2	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	461
12. Ayr	45,100	12	3	16	5	2	13	15.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	1	2	..	3	51	26	39.2	3.85	9.3	390
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	22	2	11	3	2	10	10.8	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	2	..	..	..	9	52	25	37.9	1.95	15.5	213
14. Perth	41,000	10	8	11	3	2	9	11.5	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	4	1	..	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	688
15. Hamilton	42,900	22	2	3	..	7	10	12.2	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	1	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	332
16. Falkirk	38,000	15	5	14	6	..	8	11.0	2	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	3	1	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	278
17. Airdrie	34,200	15	2	3	1	9	11	16.8	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	1	1	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 23rd Nov. 1963	2,593,500	920	212	677	138	75	614	12.3	25	13	..	21	2	4	..	9	..	100	30	152	21	25	24	399	52+	25+	38.5+	3.33+	12.6+	..
16th Nov. 1963	2,593,500	888	218	633	144	80	569	11.4	11	15	2	32	3	8	1	6	..	108	27	130	25	20	33	338	54+	27+	41.7+	1.77+	12.4+	..
24th Nov. 1962	2,596,403||	957	239	688	123	64	629	12.6	19	12	1	23	2	4	..	3	1	124	35	135	25	39	22	417	52+	20+	33.9+	0.68+	9.7+	..

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
 ‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
 † Weekly extremes.
 ‡ Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 30th November 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	48,959	1,027	20,396	30,240	1,302
1962	50,315	1,074	20,749	29,015	1,382
1961	49,045	1,110	21,329	29,068	1,312

IN the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 30th November 1963, the births of 979 living children, and of 21 stillborn children, 265 marriages and 626 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 19·7 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 5·3 and the death-rate 12·6. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 21 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1·2 more than in the previous week, and 0·1 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 1·0 more than in the previous week, but 0·7 below the average. The death-rate is 0·3 more than in the previous week, and 0·2 above the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 16·9 in Dunfermline to 6·4 in Motherwell and Wishaw.

In Glasgow the rate was 12·6 and in Edinburgh 13·5.

There were no deaths from the principal epidemic diseases.

There were 136 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 121 to malignant neoplasms, 42 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 52, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 1·0 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·1 more than in the previous week, but 0·3 below the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 28, being 7 more than in the previous week. Of these, 14 were aged 0-6 days and 2 were aged 7-27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 370, and are 29 fewer than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 33, and are 9 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 26th November 1963, was 23,973. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 40·5°, being 2·0° above that for the previous week, but 0·6° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901-1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·75 inch, and the mean sunshine 12·1 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

WEEKLY RETURN OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

No. 48

Week ended Saturday, 30th November 1963

COUNTIES AND LARGE BURGHS	Anthrax	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	* Chickenpox	Cholera	Continued Fever	Diphtheria	Dysentery	Encephalitis Lethargica	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Infective Jaundice	Leptosy	Malaria	Measles	* Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Plague	Pneumonia, Acute Influenza	Pneumonia, Acute Primary	Pneumonia not otherwise notifiable *	Paralytic	Non-Paralytic	Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Smallpox	Tuberculosis— Respiratory	Tuberculosis— Non-Respiratory	Typhoid Fever	Para-typhoid A	Para-typhoid B	Typhus Fever	Whooping Cough
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
(1)																																
NORTHERN REGION—																																
Caithness C.
Inverness C.
Inverness B.
Nairn C.
Ross and Cromarty C.
Sutherland C.
TOTAL	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
NORTH-EASTERN REGION—																																
Aberdeen C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
Aberdeen B.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Banff C.
Kincairdine C.
Moray C.
Orkney C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	38	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Zetland C.	2	..	..	38	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	5	2	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	38	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	2	..	..	..	..	..
EASTERN REGION—																																
Angus C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8
Arbroath B.	12	..	..	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	22
Dundee B.	..	3	16	..	..	..	8	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Perth and Kinross C.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Perth B.

[illegible]

BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 30th NOVEMBER 1963.
RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 26th NOVEMBER 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths				Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from								Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 26th Nov. 1963 **					
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571-0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)		Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)				Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (av- erage of all observations)
(1) 1. Glasgow 2. Edinburgh 3. Aberdeen 4. Dundee 5. Paisley 6. Greenock 7. Motherwell 8. Kirkcaldy 9. Coatbridge 10. Dunfermline 11. Clydebank 12. Ayr 13. Kilmarnock 14. Perth 15. Hamilton 16. Falkirk 17. Airdrie	(2) 1,044,500 476,600 186,000 183,900 96,900 74,600 73,700 52,900 55,000 49,500 50,600 45,100 48,300 41,000 42,900 38,000 34,200	(3) 394 166 62 72 29 33 36 17 23 23 17 11 17 5 20 18 23	(4) 90 47 23 19 17 11 9 8 8 7 7 5 11 5 3 8 4	(5) 273 127 66 45 26 21 7 17 3 5 3 11 3 6 2 12 15 13	(6) 43 9 20 6 9 7 3 3 5 2 5 2 6 3 9 6 12 4	(7) 23 5 12 8 8 3 3 5 5 5 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 2	(8) 253 123 47 47 20 20 17 9 13 11 10 15 8 10 12 9 14 9 6	(9) 12.6 13.5 13.2 13.3 10.8 11.9 6.4 12.8 10.4 16.9 15.5 8.1 10.8 14.0 14.6 12.4 9.2	(10) 10 2 2 2 1 .. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(11) 5 3 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(12) 2	(13) 14 3 2 2 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 2	(14) 1 1	(15) 4 2 1 1 1	(16) 1	(17) 1	(18)	(19) 50 18 14 14 11 4 4	(20) 17 7 4 4 7 8 9 2	(21) 56 28 8 8 6 9 6 3 1 1 1 2 1 2 2 1 1	(22) 6 7 1 2 4 4 1 1	(23) 16 2 2 2 1 3	(24) 14 7 2 2 3 3 2	(25) 141 82 29 29 10 8 5 7 8 8 8 5 8 9 5 3	(26) 50 32 49 49 51 51	(27) 28 32 29 29 27 31	(28) 39.6 41.1 41.1 40.4 40.4 41.5	(29) 0.35 0.82 1.56 0.31 0.31 0.48	(30) 12.8 16.9 9.8 10.5 10.5 11.4	(31) 6529 1938 794 914 720 664 876 376 531 350 544 446 390 196 688 387 332
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 30th Nov. 1963	2,593,500	979	265	675	130	81	626	12.6	21	14	2	28	2	10	1	2	..	121	42	136	24	28	33	370	51†	25†	40.5†	0.75†	12.1†	
23rd Nov. 1963	2,593,500	920	212	677	138	75	614	12.3	25	13	..	21	2	4	..	9	..	100	30	152	21	25	24	399	52†	25†	38.5†	3.33†	12.6†	
1st Dec. 1962	2,596,403 ||	1018	283	690	129	90	651	13.1	26	11	1	32	..	11	..	5	2	120	30	124	28	47	27	411	54†	25†	42.1†	0.06†	9.7†	

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
 || Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

.. These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

§ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (057) Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483)

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLANDROYAL SOCIETY
for the Promotion
OF HEALTH
LIBRARYBIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 7th December 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	49,869	1,047	20,698	30,885	1,339
1962	51,245	1,101	21,030	29,715	1,421
1961	49,997	1,125	21,657	29,763	1,330

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 7th December 1963, the births of 910 living children, and of 20 stillborn children, 302 marriages and 645 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 18·3 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 6·1 and the death-rate 13·0. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 22 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1·4 less than in the previous week, and 0·5 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0·8 more than in the previous week, but 0·4 below the average. The death-rate is 0·4 more than in the previous week, but 0·2 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 21·0 in Paisley to 7·7 in Greenock.

In Glasgow the rate was 13·8 and in Edinburgh 13·6.

There was 1 death from the principal epidemic diseases—due to influenza.

There were 140 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 125 to malignant neoplasms, 28 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 83, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 1·7 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·7 more than in the previous week, and 0·4 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 37, being 9 more than in the previous week. Of these, 18 were aged 0–6 days and 4 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 403, and are 33 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 27, and are 6 fewer than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 3rd December 1963, was 22,949. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 41·7°, being 1·2° above that for the previous week, and 1·1° above the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·07 inch, and the mean sunshine 0·8 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

Week ended Saturday, 7th December 1963

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RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 7th DECEMBER 1963

RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 3rd DECEMBER 1963

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.
 † Estimated population at 31st December 1961.
 ‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050.051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infection (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).
 ** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
 † Weekly extremes.
 ‡ Weekly means.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT

WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 14th December 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	50,787	1,065	20,960	31,545	1,370
1962	52,206	1,122	21,264	30,347	1,452
1961	50,998	1,139	21,896	30,541	1,361

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 14th December 1963, the births of 918 living children, and of 18 stillborn children, 262 marriages and 660 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 18·5 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 5·3 and the death-rate 13·3. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 19 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 0·2 more than in the previous week, but 0·5 below the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0·8 less than in the previous week, and 0·3 below the average. The death-rate is 0·3 more than in the previous week, but 0·7 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 19·7 in Ayr to 8·5 in Coatbridge.

In Glasgow the rate was 13·5 and in Edinburgh 14·2.

There was 1 death from the principal epidemic diseases—due to influenza.

There were 122 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 130 to malignant neoplasms, 34 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 64, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 1·3 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·4 less than in the previous week, and 0·5 below the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 31, being 6 fewer than in the previous week. Of these, 18 were aged 0–6 days and 3 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 406, and are 3 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 27, and are the same as in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 10th December 1963, was 22,595. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 36·0°, being 5·7° below that for the previous week, and 3·4° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·05 inch, and the mean sunshine 8·0 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 14th DECEMBER 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 10th DECEMBER 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 10th Dec. 1963 **				
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571 0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	Deaths from				Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)							
																		All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)							Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)		
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	393	107	290	43	23	270	13.5	8	8	1	12	..	3	..	2	..	55	18	46	8	20	13	159	42	27	34.7	0.02	7.9	6199	
2. Edinburgh	476,600	156	49	135	11	6	130	14.2	5	2	..	4	..	1	..	..	..	22	5	19	9	3	6	89	44	28	36.8	0.03	13.0	1859
3. Aberdeen	186,000	48	19	47	14	4	37	10.4	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	4	12	..	1	2	18	44	29	36.4	0.07	11.4	798
4. Dundee	183,900	72	19	43	8	3	38	10.8	..	2	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	6	1	7	5	2	..	28	45	28	36.6	0.09	7.8	904
5. Paisley	96,900	44	13	32	8	3	27	14.5	..	1	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	5	1	6	1	1	..	16	43	28	35.4	0.01	3.0	670
6. Greenock	74,600	24	10	28	1	1	21	14.7	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4	1	2	..	11	44	28	36.7	0.12	4.0	660
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	34	8	11	1	8	18	12.7	1	1	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	6	2	4	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	786
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	15	5	15	7	4	12	11.8	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	1	2	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	303
9. Coatbridge	55,000	16	3	8	5	6	9	8.5	1	1	..	2	..	3	..	..	..	2	..	3	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	376
10. Dunfermline	49,500	15	5	10	3	3	10	10.5	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	4	..	2	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	343
11. Clydebank	50,600	22	11	2	8	17	17.5	17.5	..	2	..	2	..	1	..	..	1	1	1	4	..	1	1	14	..	..	..	..	..	503
12. Ayr	45,100	6	3	20	5	2	17	19.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	1	1	..	6	44	26	36.0	..	10.5	350
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	17	1	11	5	5	11	11.9	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	1	1	..	10	44	21	35.7	0.08	6.6	209
14. Perth	41,000	21	6	10	2	3	11	14.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	7	2	1	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	619
15. Hamilton	42,900	15	6	6	1	7	12	14.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	2	1	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	345
16. Falkirk	38,000	14	4	14	4	2	12	16.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	2	1	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	265
17. Airdrie	34,200	6	2	2	..	6	8	12.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	1	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 14th Dec. 1963	2,593,500	918	262	693	127	94	660	13.3	18	18	3	31	1	10	..	2	1	130	34	122	29	35	27	406	45†	21†	36.0†	0.05†	8.0†
7th Dec. 1963	2,593,500	910	302	722	166	89	645	13.0	20	18	4	37	3	9	..	4	1	125	28	140	32	51	27	403	49†	27†	41.7†	0.07†	0.8†
15th Dec. 1962	2,596,403||	961	234	679	113	66	632	12.7	21	9	7	31	4	10	..	8	1	104	34	115	37	42	32	391	53†	31†	41.3†	0.79†	10.6†

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

|| Estimated population at 31st December 1961.
§ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.
† Weekly extremes.

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WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 21st December 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	51,769	1,080	21,253	32,223	1,406
1962	53,156	1,144	21,550	31,056	1,478
1961	51,935	1,166	22,201	31,289	1,395

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 21st December 1963, the births of 982 living children, and of 15 stillborn children, 293 marriages and 678 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 19·7 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 5·9 and the death-rate 13·6. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 15 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1·2 more than in the previous week, and 0·7 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 0·6 more than in the previous week, but 0·2 below the average. The death-rate is 0·3 more than in the previous week, but 0·4 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 17·7 in Motherwell & Wishaw to 6·9 in Falkirk.

In Glasgow the rate was 14·2 and in Edinburgh 13·1.

There were 3 deaths from the principal epidemic diseases—due to influenza.

There were 140 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 131 to malignant neoplasms, 50 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 93, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 1·9 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·6 more than in the previous week, and 0·3 above the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 36, being 5 more than in the previous week. Of these, 21 were aged 0–6 days and none was aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 428, and are 22 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 30, and are 3 more than in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 17th December 1963, was 21,724. The number of such claims made at the Seventeen Principal Towns is shown on the last page of this return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 34·0°, being 2·0° below that for the previous week, and 5·2° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·08 inch, and the mean sunshine 14·8 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 21st DECEMBER 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 17th DECEMBER 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Stillbirths	Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over	Temperature ° Fahr.			Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 17th Dec. 1963 **	
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred in	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population		0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Malignant Neoplasms Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)		Violence (E800-E999)	Absolute Highest	Absolute Lowest				Mean Temperature (av- erage of all observations)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	421	117	298	32	18	284	14.2	8	13	..	22	2	4	1	7	1	50	15	51	18	34	14	173	41	23	33.6	0.00	17.5	590
2. Edinburgh	476,600	136	57	134	18	4	120	13.1	..	4	..	4	..	..	..	1	2	27	13	28	4	1	4	81	41	26	33.6	..	14.9	169
3. Aberdeen	186,000	62	20	51	10	2	43	12.1	3	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	16	8	7	3	2	3	26	41	27	34.0	0.54	11.7	728
4. Dundee	183,900	74	21	50	8	7	49	13.9	2	1	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	9	2	9	3	6	3	30	42	25	34.6	0.00	16.9	866
5. Paisley	96,900	44	10	30	7	1	24	12.9	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	6	..	..	..	18	42	25	34.6	0.00	16.9	65
6. Greenock	74,600	30	7	25	4	..	21	14.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	6	..	..	..	15	44	27	36.2	0.04	13.1	66
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	26	12	22	5	8	25	17.7	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	4	2	9	1	1	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	85
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	12	9	18	7	3	14	13.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	5	..	1	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	30
9. Coatbridge	55,000	35	2	16	6	2	17	16.1	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	5	4	1	..	1	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	39
10. Dunfermline	49,500	13	9	15	5	2	12	12.7	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	1	4	1	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	29
11. Clydebank	50,600	26	4	6	2	6	10	10.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	3	1	1	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	44
12. Ayr	45,100	16	5	11	5	5	11	12.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	..	3	6	..	..	..	..	..	43
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	18	3	14	3	3	14	15.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	3	1	..	1	12	40	19	31.5	0.01	11.2	30
14. Perth	41,000	15	7	11	4	1	8	10.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	1	..	..	6	40	25	33.5	0.00	18.2	17
15. Hamilton	42,900	19	3	8	1	4	11	13.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	..	1	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	55
16. Falkirk	38,000	14	5	10	6	1	5	6.9	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	35
17. Airdrie	34,200	21	2	11	3	2	10	15.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	..	2	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	26
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 21st Dec. 1963	2,593,500	982	293	730	126	74	678	13.6	15	21	..	36	2	7	1	10	3	131	50	140	38	55	30	428	44†	19†	34.0†	0.08†	14.8†	..
14th Dec. 1963	2,593,500	918	262	693	127	94	660	13.3	18	18	3	31	1	10	..	2	1	130	34	122	29	35	27	406	45†	21†	36.0†	0.05†	8.0†	..
22nd Dec. 1962	2,596,403||	950	286	765	134	78	709	14.2	22	13	3	26	4	9	2	6	..	132	37	129	36	44	31	470	51†	25†	38.3†	0.66†	14.7†	..

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

|| Estimated population at 31st December 1961.

§ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward areas served by those offices.

† Weekly extremes.

WEEKLY RETURN OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL
SCOTLAND

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES
INFECTIOUS DISEASES
NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT
WEATHER REPORT

Week ended 28th December 1963

Vital Statistics totals from first week of the year—17 towns

	Live Births	Stillbirths	Marriages	Total Deaths	Deaths under 1 year
1963	52,694	1,095	21,666	32,993	1,448
1962	54,053	1,161	22,027	31,708	1,518
1961	52,903	1,180	22,737	32,071	1,426

In the Seventeen Principal Towns of Scotland, being those burghs which at the date of the 1951 Census had populations of over 30,000, there were registered during the week ended 28th December 1963, the births of 925 living children, and of 15 stillborn children, 413 marriages and 770 deaths. In the case of births, stillbirths and deaths the numbers are corrected to allow for usual residence. The equivalent annual birth-rate (living children only) is 18·6 per thousand of the population, the marriage-rate 8·3 and the death-rate 15·5. The number of stillbirths corresponds to a rate of 16 per thousand total births registered (including stillborn).

The birth-rate for the week is 1·1 less than in the previous week, but 1·0 above the five years' average. The marriage-rate is 2·4 more than in the previous week, but 1·5 below the average. The death-rate is 1·9 less than in the previous week, and 0·5 below the average.

The weekly death-rates in the individual towns ranged from 21·0 in Paisley to 8·5 in Hamilton.

In Glasgow the rate was 15·5 and in Edinburgh 15·6.

There was 1 death from the principal epidemic diseases—due to meningococcal septicaemia.

There were 160 deaths attributed to coronary thrombosis and 129 to malignant neoplasms, 32 of which were of the respiratory system.

Deaths from respiratory diseases (other than tubercular, influenzal and malignant) numbered 92, and equalled an annual death-rate from these causes of 1·8 per thousand. This death-rate is 0·1 less than in the previous week, but the same as the average.

Deaths of children aged less than one year numbered 42, being 6 more than in the previous week. Of these, 25 were aged 0–6 days and 7 were aged 7–27 days. Deaths of persons aged sixty-five years and over numbered 487, and are 59 more than in the previous week.

Deaths due to violence numbered 30, and are the same as in the previous week.

The number of new claims to sickness benefit under the National Insurance Acts made at Local Offices of the Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance in Scotland during the week ended 24th December 1963, is not available. This will be included in next week's return.

The mean temperature for the towns from which returns were received was 38·2°, being 4·2° above that for the previous week, but 0·7° below the average for the corresponding week in the period 1901–1930.

The mean rainfall was 0·44 inch, and the mean sunshine 8·3 hours.

NOTE.—The averages used for comparison are, except where otherwise stated, the mean of the comparable rates in the Principal Towns in the corresponding week of the five preceding years.

notified to the Scottish Home and Health Department

Week ended Saturday, 28th December 1963

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RETURN OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES AND WEATHER REPORT FOR WEEK ENDED 28th DECEMBER 1963. RETURN OF NEW CLAIMS TO SICKNESS BENEFIT FOR WEEK ENDED 24th DECEMBER 1963

TOWNS	Estimated Population at 31st Dec. 1962	Live Births*	Marriages	Deaths					Deaths of Infants under one year of age			Deaths from										Deaths of Persons aged 65 years and over				Temperature ° Fahr.				Rainfall in Inches	Hours of Bright Sunshine	Return of New Claims to Sickness Benefit in week ended 24th Dec. 1963 **
				Number Registered	Transferred Out	Transferred In	Net Total Number	Rate per 1000 of Estimated Population	Stillbirths	0-6 days	7-27 days	Total under one year	Congenital Debility and Prematurity (773, 776)	Congenital Malformations (750-759)	Diarrhoea under 2 years of age (571.0, 764)	Tuberculosis (001-019)	Principal Epidemic Diseases ‡	All Forms (140-205)	Respiratory System (160-165)	Coronary Thrombosis (420)	Pneumonia (490-493)	Bronchitis and other Respiratory Disease (500-527)	Violence (E800-E999)	(26)	(27)	(28)	Mean Temperature (average of all observations)	(29)	(30)				(31)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)		
1. Glasgow	1,044,500	388	176	329	49	30	310	15.5	4	10	2	16	3	4	..	2	..	55	17	67	11	26	11	205	50	26	37.6	0.46	6.5			
2. Edinburgh	476,600	136	65	158	23	8	143	15.6	1	4	1	6	1	3	..	..	..	29	5	28	5	11	7	91	51	21	38.4	0.19	14.7	
3. Aberdeen	186,000	66	30	62	11	5	56	15.7	1	4	1	5	5	..	..	..	..	11	1	12	1	2	3	33	50	26	36.6	0.16	15.4	
4. Dundee	183,900	58	25	58	7	2	53	15.0	3	3	3	4	..	..	..	..	..	9	3	9	2	3	1	36	51	27	38.8	0.65	5.7	
5. Paisley	96,900	41	14	44	7	2	39	21.0	3	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	11	1	4	2	22	51	27	40.0	1.01	1.6	
6. Greenock	74,600	27	19	17	4	1	14	9.8	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	2	..	..	6	51	27	..	..	..
7. Motherwell & Wishaw	73,700	22	13	12	3	9	18	12.7	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	5	..	3	1	3	..	12	..	..	..	..	..
8. Kirkcaldy	52,900	15	9	25	11	5	19	18.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	6	1	1	..	10	..	..	..	..	..
9. Coatbridge	55,000	31	5	16	6	6	16	15.2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	2	5	2	2	..	11	..	..	..	..	..
10. Dunfermline	49,500	14	15	19	2	1	18	19.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	3	..	3	1	9	..	..	..	..	..
11. Clydebank	50,600	27	4	10	2	2	15	15.5	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	4	..	3	1	9	..	..	..	..	..
12. Ayr	45,100	12	5	17	7	2	12	13.9	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	..	3	1	5	..	..	..	..	..
13. Kilmarnock	48,300	12	7	13	5	3	11	11.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	..	3	1	5	50	27	39.1	0.25	4.5	
14. Perth	41,000	19	6	14	2	5	16	20.4	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	..	2	..	11	51	23	37.0	0.35	9.9	
15. Hamilton	42,900	26	6	2	..	5	7	8.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	6	3	..	..	..	..	..
16. Falkirk	38,000	11	7	18	6	..	12	16.5	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..
17. Airdrie	34,200	20	7	4	..	7	11	16.8	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	4	..	..	..	..	..
TOTALS FOR 17 Towns Week ended 28th Dec. 1963	2,593,500	925	413	818	145	97	770	15.5	15	25	7	42	9	9	..	6	1	129	32	160	27	65	30	487	51+	21+	38.2+	0.44+	8.3+			
21st Dec. 1963	2,593,500	982	293	730	126	74	678	13.6	15	21	..	36	2	7	1	10	3	131	50	140	38	55	30	428	44+	19+	34.0+	0.08+	14.8+			
29th Dec. 1962	2,596,403	897	477	716	132	68	652	13.1	17	29	4	40	5	6	1	2	1	109	24	131	35	42	27	412	41+	19+	32.3+	0.76+	6.4+			

* Numbers of Births, Stillbirths and Deaths (including death-rates) have been provisionally corrected by transfer to place of usual residence if in Scotland.

† Estimated population at 31st December 1961.
‡ Typhoid Fever (040), Scarlet Fever (050,051), Diphtheria (055), Whooping Cough (056), Meningococcal Infections (057), Measles (085) and Influenza (480-483).

** These figures represent the number of new claims made at Ministry of Pensions & National Insurance Offices in the towns named and include a number of claims made by insured persons resident in the landward area served by those offices.

† Weekly means.